# SSL M7.5 User Manual



September 2016

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# Declaration

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# Preface

# **About This Manual**

Chapter	Describe
Chapter 1 Knowing Your Sangfor Device	The product appearance, function features and performance parameters of SSL VPN M7.5EN, wiring and cautions before installation.
Chapter 2 Initial Login to Admin Console	How administrator logs in to SSL VPN M7.5EN administrator console for the first time and change initial administrator password.
Chapter 3 System and Network Settings	How administrator configures each function module. The settings include system and network related settings, global settings of SSL VPN, as well as other system objects such as schedule and administrator.
Chapter 4 SSL VPN	How administrator configures SSL VPN related setting, including users, resources, roles, user authentication methods, policy sets, remote servers, endpoint security.
Chapter 5 Firewall	How administrator configures firewall related settings.
Chapter 6 System Maintenance	Maintenance options of this SSL VPN hardware device.
Chapter 7 Scenarios	How administrator configures Sangfor device in different deployment mode, and how to configure the device according to different requirements.
Appendix A: End Users Accessing SSL VPN	How end users configure browser and log in to SSL VPN.
Appendix B: Sangfor Firmware Updater 6.0	How administrator uses Sangfor Firmware Updater 6.0 to update the current Sangfor device.

SSL VPN M7.5EN user manual includes the following chapters:

# **Document Conventions**

# **Graphic Interface Conventions**

This manual uses the following typographical conventions for special terms and instructions:		
Convention	Meaning	Example

Convention	Meaning	Example
boldface	Page title, parameter, menu/submenu, button, key press, link, other highlighted keyword or item	Page/tab name example:         Navigate to System > Administrator to enter the Administrator Management page.         Parameter example:         IP Address: Specifies the IP address that you want to reserve for certain computer         Menus/submenus example:         The basic (SSL VPN related) settings are under System > SSL VPN Options > General.         Button example:         Click the Save button to save the settings.         Key press example:         Press Enter key to enter the administrator console of the Sangfor device.         Link example:         Once the certificate signing request is generated, click the Download link to download the request.         Highlighted keyword/item example:         The user name and password are Admin by default.
italics	Directory, URL	Enter the following address in the IE address bar: http://10.254.254.254:1000
>	Multilevel menu and submenu	Navigate to <b>System</b> > <b>Network Interface</b> to configure the network interfaces.
	Prompt	The browser may pop up the prompt "Install ActiveX control".

# **Symbol Conventions**

This manual also adopts the following symbols to indicate the parts which need special attention to be paid during the operation:

Convention	Meaning	Description
Δ	Caution	Indicates actions that could cause setting error, loss of data or damage to the device
	Warning	Indicates actions that could cause injury to human body
Ý	Note	Indicates helpful suggestion or supplementary information

# **CLI Conventions**

Command syntax on Command Line Interface (CLI) applies the following conventions:

- Content in brackets ([]) is optional
- Content in {} is necessary
- If there is more than one option, use vertical bar (|) to separate each option, for example,
   ip wccp 60 redirect { in | out }
- CLI command appears in bold, for example:

configure terminal

• Variables appear in italic, for example:

interface *e0/1* 

# **Technical Support**

For technical support, please contact us through the following:

- Website: <u>http://www.sangfor.com</u>
- MSN, Email: <u>Tech.support@sangfor.com.hk</u>
- Skype: sangfor.tech.support
- **Tel:** + 60 12711 7129(7511)

## Acknowledgments

Thanks for using our product and user manual. If you have any suggestion about our product or user manual, please provide feedback to us through phone call or email. Your suggestion will be much appreciated.

# **Chapter 1 Knowing Your Sangfor Device**

This chapter introduces the Sangfor device and the way of connecting Sangfor device. After proper hardware installation, you can configure and debug the system.

## **Operating Environment**

- Voltage input: 110V/230V (AC, alternating current)
- Temperature: 0-45°C
- Humidity: 5%-90%

To ensure endurance and stability of the Sangfor device, please ensure the following:

- The power supply is well grounded
- Dustproof measures are taken
- Working environment is well ventilated
- Indoor temperature is kept stable

This product conforms to the requirements on environment protection. The placement, usage and discard of the product should comply with the relevant national laws and regulations of the country where it is applied.

### **Product Appearance**



Above is the front panel of a SSL VPN hardware device (M5100). The interfaces from left to right are described in the table followed:

Interface	Description
CONSOLE	Network interface used for high availability (HA) feature or used by device supplier to debug system.
USB	Standard USB port, connecting to peripheral device
ETH0	LAN interface, connecting to the LAN network segment; orange LED on the left

	side indicates link status, while green LED on the right side indicates data flow.
ETH1	DMZ interface, connecting to the DMZ network segment; orange LED on the left side indicates link status, while green LED on right side indicates data flow.
ETH2	WAN1 interface, connecting to the first Internet line; orange LED on the left side indicates link status, while green LED on the right side indicates data flow.
ETH3	WAN2 interface, connecting to the second Internet line; orange LED on the left side indicates link status, while green LED on the right side indicates data flow.
POWER	Power LED
ALARM	Alarm LED



The picture above (M5100) is just for reference. The actual product you purchased and received may vary.

# **Connecting Sangfor Device**

- 1. Deploy the Sangfor device in your network. Sangfor device can be deployed in either **Single-arm** mode or **Gateway** mode. For details, please refer to the Device Deployment section in Chapter 3.
- 2. Plug the power cable into the power interface on the rear panel of the device. Attach and turn on power supply, and then watch the LEDs on the front panel of the Sangfor device.

When the device starts up, **ALARM** LED will turn on and keep on for 1 to 2 minutes, then turn off; **POWER** LED (in green) will turn on; **ETH2/3** and **ETH0** connection status LEDs (in orange) will also turn on.

After successful bootup, **POWER** LED (in green), **ETH2/3** and **ETH0** connection status LEDs (in orange) will stay on. If data are being transferred through a port, the data flow LED (in green, beside connection status LED) will blink.



If **ALARM** LED stays on always, please switch off the power supply and reboot the device. If **ALARM** LED still keeps on after reboot, please contact SANGFOR Customer Service. If the corresponding LED indicates normal working status, turn off and unplug the power supply, and perform the following steps.

- 3. Use RJ-45 straight-through Ethernet cable to connect the LAN interface (ETH0) to the internal network (LAN).
- 4. Use RJ-45 Ethernet crossover cable to connect the **WAN** interface (**ETH2**) to the external network, (i.e., router, optical fiber transceiver or ADSL Modem for external network).



Multi-line function allows multiple Internet lines to be connected to Sangfor device. When deploy multiple lines, please connect the second Internet line to WAN2 interface (ETH3) and the third Internet line to WAN3 interface (ETH4), and so on.

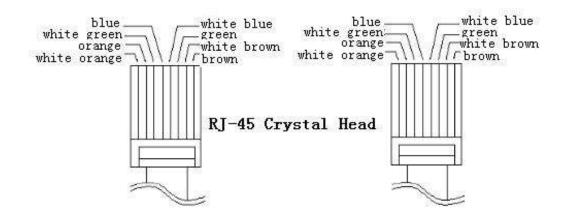
 If you want the Sangfor device to provide secure protection for DMZ (Demilitarized Zone), use RJ-45 Ethernet cable to connect ETH1 interface to the devices such as Web server, SNMP Server that provides services to external networks.

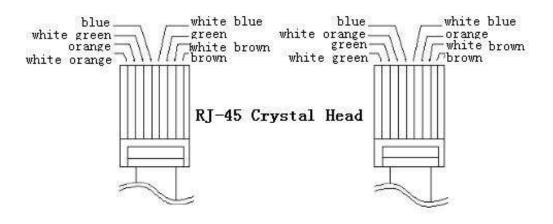


- Use crossover cable to connect WAN interface (ETH2/3) to the external network.
- Use straight-through cable to connect LAN interface (ETH0) to the internal network.
- For direct access to administrator Web console, use crossover cable to connect LAN (ETH0) interface to the computer.

In case session cannot be established but the corresponding LED indicates normal working status, please check whether the right type of cables are being used. The differences between straight-through cable and crossover cable are shown in the figures below:

#### 1. Wire Sequence of Straight-through Cable





#### 2. Wire Sequence of Crossover Cable

# **Chapter 2** Initial Login to Admin Console

SANGFOR SSL VPN system provides Web-based administration through HTTPS port 4430. The initial URL for administrator console access is <u>https://10.254.254.254.254.4430</u>.

Before logging in to administrator console of SSL VPN, please ensure the following:

- Deploy a computer in the subnet where the Sangfor device resides.
- Connect the PC's network interface card (NIC) and the Sangfor device's ETH0 interface to a same layer-2 switch, or connect the PC's NIC to Sangfor device's ETH0 interface directly with a network cable.
- Ensure any IE browser is installed on the PC. Non-IE browsers Opera, Firefox, Safari and Chrome are not supported.

### Logging in to Admin Console

- 1. Turn on the PC and Sangfor device.
- 2. Add an IP address on the PC, an IP address that resides in the network segment **10.254.254.X** (for instance, 10.254.254.100) with subnet mask **255.255.255.0**, as shown below:

	automatically if your network supports ad to ask your network administrator for
O <u>O</u> btain an IP address autom	atically
Subject the following IP address	£
IP address:	10 . 254 . 254 . 100
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:	(3) 41 42
Obtain DNS server address	automatically
• Use the following DNS serv	er addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:	9 4 5
	Adyanced
	OK Cance

 Open the IE browser and enter the SSL VPN address and HTTPS port (<u>https://10.254.254.254.254.4430</u>) into the address bar. Press Enter key to visit the login page to SSL VPN administrator Web console, as shown below:

		③ 中文   English
Global Service Centre: +60 12711 7129 (7511) Malaysia: 1700 817 071	SSL VPN	
SSLVPN Rapid, Secure	Username	
& Simple	1	
https://www.youtube.com/SangforTechnologies	Password	
SSL Follow us on Facebook	Log In	
about Sangfor events. products, etc. https://www.facebook.com/Sangfor		
	Version	
© 2004-2015 SANGFOR All Rights Reserved		1997 (Barris

You also can scan the QR code on above page to follow SANGFOR.

- 4. Enter the administrator username and password and click the **Log In** button. The default administrator username and password are admin (case-sensitive). You can also choose page language at the upper right corner of the login page as per your need.
- 5. For version information of the software package, click on Version below the textboxes.

### **Modifying Administrator Password**

We strongly recommend you to change the administrator password after initial login, so as to prevent others from logging in to the administrator Web console and using default Admin credentials to make unauthorized changes on the administrator account and initial configurations.

To modify default administrator password, perform the following steps:

1. Navigate to **System** > **Administrator** to enter the **Administrator Management** page. The default administrator account (super administrator) is as seen in the figure below:

Type Description Status
er Admin 🛛 Administrator 🚽 🛷
ar Admin Administrator

2. Click the account name Admin to enter the Add/Edit Administrator page (as shown

#### below):

Basic Attribut	IFSY as a second of the second s	Fields marked * are required
	1	-ï.
Name:	Admin	*
Description	Administrator	
Туре:	Admin Guest	
Password	******	*
Confirm:	•••••	*
Added To:	1	22
	🖌 Enable administrator	
Login IP Addre	255	
Login IP Addre		
	n an any ID address	
Allow logi	n on any IP address	
Allow logi	n on any IP address n on the IP addresses below	
Allow logi     Allow logi     Allow logi		

3. Modify the password and click the **Save** button on the above page.



- Password of the account Admin should not be shared with anyone.
- If the Sangfor device is to be maintained by several administrators, create multiple administrator accounts for segregation of duty.

# **Chapter 3 System and Network Settings**

After logging in to the administrator console, status of this SSL VPN and some function modules are seen at the right side of the page, and a tree of configuration modules are seen at the left side of the page.

There are five configuration modules in all:

- **Status:** Shows the running status of the Sangfor device and the related modules.
- System: Configures the related licenses of the device, network settings and other global settings such as schedule, administrator, SSL VPN options, etc.
- SSL VPN: Configures the SSL VPN related settings, such as SSL VPN account, resources, roles, policy sets, remote servers and endpoint security rules and policies.

Ac	Iministrator Console
*	Status
	System
	SSL VPN
	Firewall
	Maintenance

- Firewall: Configures the internal firewall rule or policy of the Sangfor device.
- **Maintenance:** Shows the logs, backups. It also enables administrator to restore configuration, restart service, reboot or shut down device.

### **Viewing Status**

#### **Viewing SSL VPN Status**

There are six panels showing status of SSL VPN, including System Status, External Interface Status, Throughput, Trends of Concurrent Users, Concurrent Sessions and Byte Cache.

Status Onlin	e Users 🛛 Alar	m Logs Re	emote Application						
ofresh 10 second	is 🕶 🥵 Refraak	n 🧠 Select Par	nel <del>-</del>					System Time	: 2011-10-23 11:09
System Statu	s			×	External Int	erface Status			3
100 ,	CPU Usage -	0%	Online Users	0 [View]	Name	IP Address	Outbound	inbound	Internet
80 60 40 20	11:05	11:08	Locked Users	D <u>(View]</u> for Approval: D <u>(Approve</u> )	Line 1(//AN1)	_		_	Disconnected
Throughput -	Line #1 (Rea	ltime)		@ ×	Trends of Co	oncurrent Users (F	Realtime)		۵
Kbps 0.05 ,					-	Max Licensed Use	ars:1000,Peak:4 (20	11-10-23 04:13	)
0.04					*				
0.01					0				
11:05 — Inbound:0		6 11 — Outbour	/07 11:08 nd:0.0 Kbps	11:09	- Concurre		11:07	11:08	11:09
Concurrent S	essions (Real	time)		@ X	Byte Cache -	Inbound & Outbo	und Speed (Realt	ime)	0
80					Kbps 0.05	В	yte coche is disabler	1	
60 40					0.04 0.03 0.02			-	

Each panel is selective and display criteria are configurable. To show or hide certain panel, click **Select Panel** and then select or clear the checkbox next to the panel name, as shown below:

Refresh 10 seconds 🗙 😤 Refresh	🥞 Select Panel 👻			
System Status	V System Status	(X)	External Inte	erface Status
CPU Usage - 2	<ul> <li>External Interface Status</li> <li>Network Throughput</li> <li>Concurrent Users Trends</li> <li>Concurrent Sessions</li> <li>Byte Cache Status</li> </ul>	:0 [View] :0 [View] : for Approval: 0 [ <u>Approve</u> ]	Name Line 1(WAN1)	IP Address
0 11/10	11:12 SSL VF	N:Running Stop		

The other contents on the **Status** page are described as follows:

- Auto Refresh: Specifies the time interval for refreshing the status automatically, or click Refresh to refresh the page manually and immediately.
- System Status: This panel shows the CPU utilization of the SSL VPN system, number of online users and locked users as well as status of SSL VPN service. View is a link to the Online User page or Hardware ID page.

- **Stop Service:** Click this button to stop the SSL VPN service.
- **External Interface Status:** This panel shows the status of the external interfaces and Internet, including information of the outbound and inbound speed, Internet connection.
- **Throughput:** This panel shows the overall outbound and inbound speed in graph.

Click the **Settings** icon [6] (at the upper right of the panel) to specify display criteria, such

as time period (realtime, last 24 hours or last 7 days), Internet line and the unit of traffic speed, as shown below:

Time Period:	Realtime	~
ine :	Line #1	~
Init:	Kbps	~

Trends of Concurrent Users: This panel shows the number of users that are using SSL VPN concurrently during certain period of time, as shown below:

1	Max Licensed I	Jsers:1000,Peai	<:4 (2011-10-2	3 04:13)
0	11:25	11:26	11:27	11:28

Click the **Settings** icon (at the upper right of the panel) to specify time period (realtime, last 24 hours or last 7 days), as shown below:

Concurrent Sessions: This panel shows the concurrent sessions initiated by users currently
or during certain period of time, as shown below:

80				
60				
40				
20		 	 	 
0	 	:28	 	

Click the **Settings** icon (at the upper right of the panel) to specify time period (realtime, last 24 hours or last 7 days).

• **Byte Cache:** This panel shows the byte cache status and optimization effect brought by byte caching, as shown below:

Kbps			Byte cache	e is disable	d		
0.05			1			1	
0.04					-		
0.03							
0.02							
0.01							
0						North Street	
	11:	31	11:32	1	1:33	11:34	

Click the **Settings** icon (at the upper right of the panel) to specify display criteria, such as time period (realtime, last 24 hours or last 7 days) and direction of traffic speed (inbound&outbound, outbound or inbound), as shown below:

Time Period:	Realtime	Y
Direction:	Inbound & Outbound	~
Jnit:	Kbps	~

#### **Viewing Online Users**

Navigate to Status > SSL VPN > Online User to view information of the online users, such as number of users connecting to the SSL VPN, the time when these online users connected, the mount of received/sent bytes, as well as the outbound and inbound speed. Administrator can disconnect or disable any of these online users.

The **Online Users** page is as shown below:

Refresh Disable	d 💌 🤣 Refresh	J 🔊 🛙	isconnect 🔹 🖂 Ser	nd Msg 🔻 🗹 Unfold	All Locked:0[Vi	ew] [View Cluster	Online Users] S	earch 🔎
Search	P 🗄   E		Username 🔺	Outbound Bps	Inbound Bps	Outbound Bytes	Inbound Bytes	Logged In
	nous group		🗌 🚨 Anonymou:	s OBps	0Bps	0B	08	2011-11-04 09:26
🗄 🚰 Configi		4	<			aut:		] [
		~	4 4   Page 1	of 1   🕨 🕅   🔏				1

The following are the contents included on **Online Users** page:

- Auto Refresh: Specifies the time interval for refreshing this page, or click Refresh to refresh the page manually and immediately.
- Disconnect: Click it and select an option to disconnect, or disconnect and disable the

selected user(s), as shown below:

Refresh Disabled 😽 🧐 Refresh	Disconnect 👻 🖓 Send Msg	9 ▼ 🗹 Unfold All Locked:0[View]
Search 🤌 🖼   🗉	Disconnect Disconnect&Disable	Description Outbound
Anonymous group Cefault group Default group LDAP_Export		

If **Disconnect** is selected, the selected user will be forced to disconnect from the SSL VPN.

If **Disconnect&Disable** is selected and **Apply** button is clicked (on the pop-up bar at the top of the page), the selected user will be forced to disconnect with SSL VPN after are clicked and be prohibited from logging in again until it is unlocked.

• Send Msg: Click it to write and send a message to the selected or all SSL VPN user(s), as shown below:

🕞 Send Msg 👻 🔽 Unfold	I All
To selected user	ps
To all users	

After receiver is selected, write the message, as shown below:

Send Msg	×
To:	
All users	
Contents (max 250 charac	ters):
Dear user,	
	N25 mers sharastars allowed
	235 more characters allowed
	OK Cancel

Click the **OK** button and the online end user(s) will see the system broadcasting prompt, as shown below:

st	×
Prev	Next

### **Viewing Alarm Logs**

Navigate to Status > SSL VPN > Alarm Logs to view the alarm-related logs on the Sangfor device, as shown below:

Status	Online Users	n Logs Remote Application
🐾 Refr	esh 🕴 🤤 Delete 🕴 🌌 Selec	t 👻 🧠 Alarm-Triggering Event   🖓 Email Alarm
	Time	Description
	2011-10-23 03:22:58	Connecting remote server (IP=200.200.67.244, port=7170) timed out
	2011-10-23 03:22:58	Connecting remote server (IP=200.200.67.244, port=7170) timed out

The following are the contents included on Alarm Logs page:

- **Delete:** Click it and the selected alarm log(s) will be removed from the log list.
- Select: Click it and three options appear, namely, Current page, All pages and Deselect.

If **Current page** option is selected, all the logs displayed on this page will be selected.

If **All pages** option is selected, all the logs (including those on all other pages that are not displayed) will be selected.

If **Deselect** is selected, all the selected logs will be deselected, as shown in the figure below:

S	tatus	Online Users	Remote Application		
3	Refre	esh   🥥 Delete	🧭 Select 🔹		Alarm-Triggering Event
		Time	Currer	nt pag	je i
		2011-10-23 03:	All pag	es	remote server
		2011-10-23 03:	Desele	ct	remote server

• Alarm-Triggering Event: Click it to enter the Alarm-Triggering Event page to specify the event(s) that can trigger email alarm.

Alarm-Triggering Event X
- Select
Line failure
Insufficient SSL VPN user licenses
Long-lasting high CPU utilization (over 90%)
Insufficient memory (free space below 10%)
Clustered node status changes
Byte cache disk runs out
Connecting to WebAgent fails
Admin tries brute-force login
User tries brute-force login
Remote application anomaly
Certificate is about to expire
CF card/disk related
OK Cancel

The following are the contents included on the Alarm-Triggering Event page:

- Line failure: Indicates that there is something wrong with Internet line.
- **Insufficient SSL VPN user licenses:** Indicates the number of concurrent users that are connecting to SSL VPN reaches the maximum number of licenses.
- Long-lasting high CPU utilization (over 90%): Indicates that the CPU utilization is too high (above 90%) during 120 seconds. Once it reaches the threshold, the system will send an email to the specified email address to notify the administrator of that, and do so when the CPU utilization of the system returns to normal.
- Insufficient memory (free space below 10%): Once system memory keeps insufficient (below 10%) for 4 minutes, the system will send an email to the specified email address to notify the administrator of that, and do so when the system memory returns to normal.
- Clustered node status changes: Once any node of the cluster changes status, the system will send an email to the specified email address to notify the administrator of that.
- Byte cache disk runs out: When the byte cache runs out of the assigned disk space, the system will email an alarm event to the specified email address to notify the administrator of that.
- **Connecting to WebAgent fails:** If the WebAgent is inaccessible, the system will email an alarm event to the specified email address to notify the administrator of that.

- Admin tries brute-force login: If an administrator successively fails to log in to the SSL VPN administrator console too many times, the system will email an alarm event to the specified email address to notify the administrator of that.
- User tries brute-force login: If a VPN user successively fails to log in to SSL VPN too many times, the system will email an alarm event to the specified email address to notify the administrator of that.
- **Remote application anomaly:** Indicates that the system will generate remote application related alarm once error arises from remote application, and will email an alarm event to the specified email address to notify the administrator of that.
- Certificate is about to expire: Indicates that system will generate related alarm once certificate is about to expire, and will email an alarm event to the specified email address to notify the administrator of that.
- **CF card/disk related:** Indicates that the system will generate CF card/disk related alarm once error arises from CF card/disk, and will email an alarm event to the specified email address to notify the administrator of that.
- Email Alarm: Click it to enter Email Alarm page. Select the checkbox next to Enable Email Alarm and configure email recipient and subject. An email notification will be sent to the email address once alarm is triggered by any of the specified alarm-triggering event(s).

Email Alarm							
Once any alarm-triggeri send an alarm email to t Use comma to separate	ne designated addres	s automatically.					
🗹 Enable Email Alarm							
Го:							
Subject:							
Send Test Ema	I SMTP						
	1	K Cancel					

Click Send Test Email, and system will send a test email to specified email address automatically.

Click SMTP, and you will be redirected to Status > SSL VPN > SMTP page. For more, refer to Configuring SMTP Server section in Chapter 3.

#### **Viewing Remote Application**

Navigate to **Status** > **SSL VPN** > **Remote Application** to view the information and status of the remote application servers that provide services to users over SSL VPN, as shown below:

View Servers	Y Refresh	Disabled 💌 🤹	Refresh	End Session	Licensed I	Remote App Users: 0/10	0 🔀 Onine Users Trends	Search	3
Name	Server IP	Туре	CPU	Mem Usage	I/O 🔺	Sessions to App	Sessions to Server(used/max)	Status	Trends
ym2003	200.200.67.244	App Server	1		5		- /Unlimited	Offline	777
FileShare	200.200.67.244	Storage Server	12	12	2	2	-	Offline	22

The above page shows information of the remote servers, including name, address, sessions and status of the remote application server, maximum number of concurrent sessions.

The following are the contents included on **Remote Application** page:

• View: Indicates the object showing up on this page. Options are Servers and Applications, as shown below:

View	Servers	~	Refresh	Disabled 👻 🤣	Refresh	End Session I	Licensed F	Remote App Users: 0/1
Name				Туре	CPU	Mem Usage	I/O 🔺	Sessions to App
😼 vr	Applicati	ons	7.244	App Server	5	51	5	3
🕞 Fil	leShare	200.200.	67.244	Storage Server		7		1

 Servers: Mainly offers the information of the involved servers that are providing services to VPN users. They are the servers configured in SSL VPN > Remote Servers. The page is as shown below:

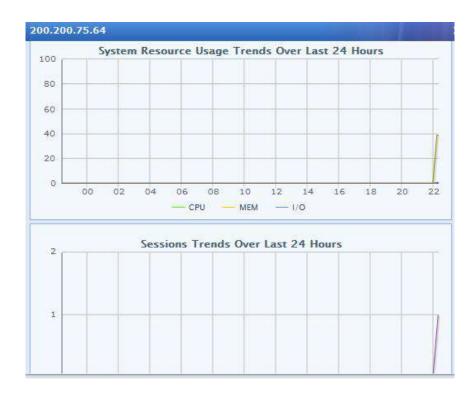
Status	)nline User	s Alarn	n Logs	Rem	ote Applica	tion				
View Servers	ι	× Refres	h Disabl	ed	~	R	efresh 🛛 🧕 End	Session Licensed Remo	te App U	sers: 0/10
Server Name	Server	IP Ty	/pe	CPU	Mem U	I/O	Sessions t	Sessions to Server(	Status	Trends
200.200	200.20	0 App :	Server	50	1753	33	875	- /Unlimited	Offline	857
200.200	200.20	0 App :	Server	72	172	15 A	870	- /Unlimited	User	
200.200	200.20	0 App :	Server	1 %	39 %	0 %	<u>0</u>	1 /Unlimited	Online	View
P 200.200	200.20	0 Stora	ige	1 %	39 %	0 %	(4)	22	Online	View

To view users that are currently connecting to a server, click on server name and the user detailed information of the user is seen, as shown in the figure below:

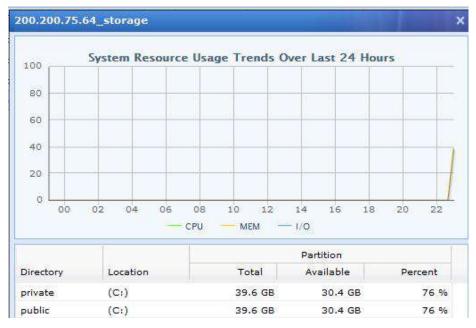
Statu	us Online Use	rs	Alarm	Logs	Rem	ote Applicati	on			
View	Servers	~	Refresh	Disabled	~	🔧 Refresh	End Session	»»	Search	Q
🗾 vi	m2003 (200.200.67	.244)	Session	ns: 0 Max	Conc	urrent Sessior	ns:Unlimited		😽 Back to S	erver List
Us	ername +				Lo	igin time		Des	cription	

**End Session:** Select a desired user and then click it, and the session(s) established between the selected user and that server will be ended.

To view resource usage of a app server, click View in Trends column, as shown below:



To view system resource usage of storage server over the last 24 hours, click **View** in **Trends** column, as shown below:



 Applications: Mainly offers the information of the involved services that are being accessed by SSL VPN users and presents the use of these services since they have been invoked by the requested resource. They are the application programs configured in SSL VPN > Remote Servers, as shown below:

View	Applications	*	Refresh	Disabled	Y	🗇 Refresh   🏭 End Session 🚿	Search	Q
Application Program 🔺						Sessions	Operation	1
🏥 R	тх					0	View User	
W P	indows Media P	layer				0	View User	

To view the users accessing an application, click the application name or **View User**, information of the users involved are as shown in the figure below:

View	Applications	~	Refresh	Disabled	~	🤣 Refresh	End Session >	>	Search	P
RT	X Sessions:0								🐻 Back to	App List
Us	ername 🔺			Login tim	е		Server Connected		Description	

**End Session:** Select a desired user and then click it, and the session(s) established between the selected user and that application will be ended.

## **System Settings**

System settings refer to the settings under **System** module, including **System**, **Network**, **Schedule**, **Administrator** and **SSL VPN Options**.

### **Configuring System Related Settings**

Navigate to System > System and the seven pages are seen, namely, Licensing, Date/Time, Console Options, External Report Center, Device Certificate, SMTP, Syslog and SNMP, as shown below:

		cal support for unauthorized (	
License of Device		Symbol: 🖋 🧳	Activated 🧭 Not Activate
License Key:	SJ4FXCQAA4WYQ9AP	~	Modify
Cross-ISP Access Optimi	ization: PPZIWVH73JDIVDMA	1	Modify
Lines:	2		
SSL VPN Users:	2000		
Gateway ID:	9701B3B1		
Upgrade License:	EK3ABWDXMECCFC5R	Expiry Date: expired	Modify

### **Configuring License of Device and Function Modules**

Navigate to **System** > **System** > **Licensing** to activate the license or modify the license key related to this device and each function module.

Under License of Device are the license of this Sangfor device and other authorization you have bought from SANGFOR. Under License of Each Module are licenses that are optional for Sangfor device. Once license of a function module is activated and that feature is enabled, the corresponding module will work.

The following are the contents included on Licensing page:

 Cross-ISP Access Optimization: Cross-ISP access optimization function is an optional function offered by SANGFOR SSL VPN, which helps to facilitate and optimize the data transmission among links provided by different Internet Service Operators (ISP, in China, for example, there are China Telecom, China Netcom, etc). Click Activate to enter license key for Cross-ISP access optimization feature, as shown below:

Licensing: Cross-ISP /	ccess Op	timizatior	License	
License Key:				-
License key:				

- Upgrade License: The license is used to update the current SANGFOR SSL VPN system with Sangfor Firmware Updater 6.0 (for more details, refer to Appendix B: Sangfor Firmware Updater 6.0). Every upgrade license has an expiry date, which means prior to this date you can update this device to keep the software version up-to-date.
- License Key: Indicates the license of this Sangfor device. The device license determines some other authorization, more specifically, the maximum number of Internet lines and maximum number of connecting VPN users.
- Lines: Indicates the maximum number of Internet lines that this Sangfor device can be connected to.
- SSL VPN Users: Indicates the maximum number of SSL VPN users that are allowed to access the SSL VPN concurrently.
- SSO: With this license, Single Sign-On (SSO) feature can apply to users' access to the SSL VPN.
- SMS Authentication: With this license, SMS authentication could be enabled to add variety to the authentication methods applying to users' secure access to the SSL VPN. This type of authentication requires the connecting users to enter SMS password that has been sent to their mobile phones.
- **Byte Cache:** Byte cache is an additional but optional network optimization function offered by the SANGFOR SSL VPN. With byte cache being enabled, time for data transmission and bandwidth consumption will be dramatically reduced.
- **One-Way Acceleration:** This license allows you to enable one-way acceleration to optimize transmission rate in high-latency network.
- Cluster: This license allows you to enable cluster to couple some scattered Sangfor devices. It is known that cluster can achieve unified management and greatly improve the performance, availability, reliability of the "network" of Sangfor devices.
- **Remote Application:** With this license, applications launched by remote server can be accessed remotely through SSL VPN by end users from any location, as if they are running on the end user's local computer.
- Max Remote App Users: Indicates the maximum number of users that can access the remote application resources.
- Application Wrapping License: This license allows you to wrap application before it is published to users.

- EMM License: With this license activated, enterprise mobility management (EMM) is enabled.
- Activate: Click this button and then enter the corresponding license key to activate the license.
- **Modify:** Click this button and enter the new license key (or value) to modify the license key (or number of mobile Sangfor VPN users).

### **Modifying System Date and Time**

1. Navigate to **System > Date/Time** to enter **Date/Time** page, as shown below:

Date:	2014-11-17	7 3					
Time:	23:26:54	*					
	Syncw	ith Local PC					
Time Sv	nc with NT	P Server					
time by		- Server				 	
Sy	nchronize I	time with NTP serv	er				
regula	rly		in the second	(2000)			
1802533	P Server:	time.nist.gov	*	Update Now			
NT							
		in the second states a			at 2012-01-01 00:00:		

- 2. Configure the following:
  - Date: Specifies the date. To select date, click the icon .
  - **Time:** Specifies the time. Enter the time into this field and set it as the current time of this Sangfor device. Date format should be **hh: mm: ss**.
  - Sync with Local PC: Click this button to synchronize the date and time of the Sangfor device with your computer.
  - Synchronize time with NTP server regularly: Select it to specify NTP server.
  - Update Now: Click on it to synchronize time of Sangfor device with NTP server.
- 3. Click the Save button to save the settings, or click the Cancel button not to save the changes.



Modifying system date or time requires all services to restart.

### **Configuring Console Options**

 Navigate to System > System > Console Options to enter Console Options page, as shown below:

ensing Date/Tir	ne Console Op	tions External Repo	rt Center	Device Certificate	SMTP	Syslog	SNMP
Console Setting	i					arked * ar	e require
Device Name:	Sangfor SSL VPN						
HTTPS Port:	4430	*					
HTTP Port:	1000	*					
Timeout: 140	0	*(5-1440 minutes)	)				
Remote Mainter	ance						
• Enabled	O Disabled						
	(maximum)						
Save	Cancel						

- 2. Configure the following:
  - **Device Name:** Specifies the name of the Sangfor device, which helps to distinguish it from other clustered nodes if this device joins cluster.
  - **HTTPS Port:** Specifies the HTTPS port used for logging in to this Sangfor device. The default is 4430.
  - **HTTP Port:** Specifies the HTTP port used for logging in to this Sangfor device. The default is 1000.
  - **Timeout:** Specifies the period of time before administrator is forced to log out of the administrator console if no operation is performed.
  - **Remote Maintenance:** Indicates whether to enable or disable administrator to manage this Sangfor device via the WAN interface.
- 3. Click the **Save** button to save the settings on this page; otherwise, click the **Cancel** button.

### **Configuring External Report Center**

Logs generated by Sangfor device can be sent to external report center, such as system logs, user logs, operation logs, alarm logs, etc. Navigate to **System** > **System** > **External Report Center** to enter the **External Report Center** page, as shown below:

Send logs to	external report center	- 	
Server IP:	0.0.0.0	*	
Port:	9501	*	
Sync Password:		*	
Confirm:	•••••	*	
	Test Connectivity		

The following are the contents included on this page:

- Send logs to external report Center: If it is selected, logs will be sent to external report center.
- Server IP: Specifies the IP address of external report center server.
- **Port:** Specifies a port used to communicate with external report center server. Default is 9501.
- Sync Password, Confirm: Specifies and confirms sync password for device synchronizing with external report center server. It must be the same as that configured on external report center server.
- **Test Connectivity:** Click it to test the connectivity between the device and external report center server.

Click Save to save the changes; otherwise, click Cancel button.

#### **Generating Certificate for Sangfor Device**

Device certificate is intended for establishing sessions between the Sangfor device and client. Sangfor device supports RSA and SM2 encryption protocol standards. To view current certificate of or to generate certificate for the Sangfor device, navigate to **System** > **System** > **Device Certificate**, as shown in the figure below:



The following are the contents included on the **Device Certificate** page:

- View: Click it to view the detailed information of the current certificate.
- Download: Click it to download the current device certificate.
- **Update:** Click it to import a new certificate to take the place of the current one.
- Certificate/USB Key Based Authentication: Click it to configure Certificate/USB key based authentication (for more details, refer to the Certificate/USB Key Based Authentication section in Chapter 4).
- Create a CSR for device: Click this button to generate a certificate signing request (CSR) which should be sent to the external CA to generate the device certificate, and configure the required fields, as shown below:

	be 2-letter abbrevia	tion (e.g., China-CN, U.S	5.A
us)			
Country:		*	
State:	1	*	
City		*	
Company:		*	
Department:	te	*	
Issued To:	<u></u>	*	
	- <u>11</u> (0)		
E-mail:			
Encoding:	UTF-8	*	

Then click the **OK** button.

Once the certificate signing request is generated, click the Download link to download the request.

- Update: Click it to import the new external-CA-issued device certificate into the Sangfor device to replace the old one.
- Process Pending Request: Click it enter the following page: .

	nded.			м <sup>с</sup> .;
100 C		ke to do with Ig request an		
(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	move pendi	70.000.000.000.000		

If you select Process pending request and install certificate and click Next, you need to select a certificate you want to install, as show below:

Upload an	d install a new c	ertificate		
Certificate File:			Browse	
	File extension	a acrt or acer		

Click Browse to select a certificate from you local PC, and click Finish to save the settings.



The certificate you want to import must be .crt or .cer.

#### **Configuring SMTP Server**

1. Navigate to **System** > **SMTP** to enter the **SMTP** page, as shown below:

Licensing	Date/Time	Console Options	External Report Center	Device Certificate	SMTP	Syslog	SNMP
SMTP					Fields m	arked * ai	e required
SMT	P Server IP:		*				
Port			*				
Auth	entication:	Authentication req	uired				
User	name:						
Pass	word:						
Send	der Address:		*				
Ema	il Language: (	) English 💿 Chi	nese				
		Send Test Email					
	Save	Cancel					
		Send Test Email					

- 2. Configure the following:
  - SMTP Server IP: Specifies the IP address of the SMTP server.
  - **Port:** Specifies the port number used by this SMTP server to provide email delivery related services.

- Authentication: Select Authentication required and then configure Username and **Password**, if this SMTP server requires identity verification.
- Sender Address: Specifies email address of sender.
- Email Language: Specifies language of email sent by server.
- Send Test Email: Click this button to send an email to the specified recipient (configured under Status > Alarm Logs > Email Alarm) to check whether this SMTP server works normally.
- 3. Click **Save** to save the settings on this page; otherwise, click **Cancel**.

#### **Configuring Syslog Server**

1. Navigate to System > Syslog to enter the Syslog page, as shown below:

Licensing	Date/Time	Console Options	External Report Center	Device Certificate	SMTP	Syslog	SNMP
Syslo	,			Fie	elds marke	ed * are re	equired
E	nabled						
3	Syslog Server:		*				
	Port:	514	*				
	Output specifie ✓ Admin logs	ed type of logs to sys	log server				
. (ce	<del></del>		the selected level are to b	e outputted)			
	Lowest Seve	rity: 4 - Warning	~				
E	✔ User logs						
	🖌 Login/lo	gout					
	Resourc	e access (massive lo	ogs will be outputted. Not r	ecommended)			
	Save	Cancel					

- 2. Configure the following contents on Syslog page:
  - **Enabled**: Select it to enable logs to be sent to Syslog server.
  - Syslog Server: Specifies IP address of Syslog server.
  - **Port:** Specifies the port number used by the device to communicate with Syslog server.
  - Admin logs: Select it to allow the admin logs to be outputted to Syslog server.
  - System Logs: If it is selected, system logs of and above the specified level will be outputted.
  - Lowest Severity: Specifies the severity level of system logs.
  - User logs: If it is selected, user logs can be sent to Syslog server.

- Login/logout: Select it and system will generate logs when user logs in or log out of device, and the logs can be sent to syslog server.
- **Resource access:** If it is selected, massive logs will be outputted. It is not recommended.
- 3. Click Save to save the changes; otherwise, click Cancel.

### **Configuring SNMP**

SNMP(Simple Network Management Protocol) is used to communicate with SNMP management software or SNMP server in customer network.

SNMP V1/V2						 Fields m	arked * are	requ
🖌 Enable SNMP V	/1/V2							
Read Commu	nity:	public		*				
Accept SNMP P	ackets Fror	m: 🖲 Any	IP addres	55				
			cified IP a	address or rai	nge			
		One	IP or IP ran	ge per row.				
		-				~		
						~		
SNMP V3						 -		
SNMP V3	13					~		
	v3	ser	*			<u> </u>		
✓ Enable SNMP \ Username: Context	-	ser	*			 ~		
✓ Enable SNMP \ Username: Context Name:	noAuthU:	ser				~		
✓ Enable SNMP V Username: Context Name: Authenticatio	noAuthUs noAuth	ser	*	- Privacy -		<u> </u>		
Enable SNMP V Username: Context Name: Authenticatio Protocol:	noAuthU:	ser		Protocol				
✓ Enable SNMP V Username: Context Name: Authenticatio	noAuthUs noAuth	ser	*		d;	 ~	]	

# **Network Settings**

#### **Device Deployment**

Sangfor device can work in two modes, **Single-Arm** mode and **Gateway** mode. Deployment mode is configured in **System** > **Network** > **Deployment**.

If Single-arm mode is selected, the Deployment page is as shown in the figure below:

Mode: OS	Single-Arm	) Gateway			
The device conne	ects to Internet via	front-end device.			
Internal Interfaces					
LAN:			DMZ:		
IP Address:	200.200.75.240	*	IP Address:	10.254.253.195	*
Netmask:	255.255.252.0	*	Netmask:	255.255.255.0	*
Default Gateway:	200.200.75.254	*			+ D
Preferred DNS:	202.96.134.133	*			
Alternate DNS:		1			
	Multi-IP				
Link Status					
1	1 669	******	******		
Link Status	WURT				

The following are the contents included on the **Deployment** page when **Single-arm** is selected:

- (LAN) IP Address: Configures the IP address of the internal interface, LAN. This IP address must be identical as the physical LAN interface IP of the Sangfor device.
- Netmask: Configures the netmask of the LAN interface IP.
- **Default Gateway:** Configures the default gateway of the LAN interface.
- (DMZ) IP Address: Configures the IP address of the internal interface, DMZ.
- Netmask: Configures the netmask of the DMZ interface IP.
- Link Status: Indicates the connection status of internal and external interfaces of the Sangfor device, whether the network cables are plugged in.
- **Preferred DNS:** Configures the primary DNS server.
- Alternate DNS: Configures the secondary DNS server.

If Gateway mode is selected, the Deployment page is as shown in the figure below:

Mode:	) Single-Arm	Gateway			
WAN and LAN i	interfaces need to	be configured.			
nternal Interface	25				
LAN:			DMZ:		
IP Address:	200.200.75.240	*	IP Address:	10.254.253.195	*
Netmask:	255.255.252.0	*	Netmask:	255.255.255.0	*
external Interface	Multi-IP	ses)			
External Interface		res) IP Address	Netmask	Default Gateway	Status
	es (WAN Interfac		Netmask	Default Gateway	Status Disabled
Line	es (WAN Interfac	IP Address		and the second s	
Line Line 1	es (WAN Interfac Type 	IP Address	-22	922	Disabled

The following are the contents included on the **Deployment** page when **Gateway** is selected:

- (LAN) IP Address: Configures the IP address of the internal interface, LAN. This IP address must be identical as the physical LAN interface IP of the Sangfor device.
- Netmask: Configures the netmask of the LAN interface IP.
- (DMZ) IP Address: Configures the IP address of the internal interface, DMZ.
- Netmask: Configures the netmask of the DMZ interface IP.
- Link Status: Indicates the connection status of internal and external interfaces of the Sangfor device, whether the network cables are plugged in.
- External Interfaces: External interfaces are WAN interfaces of the Sangfor device. To set a WAN interface, click on the name and the attributes of the corresponding Internet line appears, as shown in the figure below:

Enable this I	line			
ine Type: (	Ethernet	PPPoE		
Ethernet Se	ttings			
Obtain IP	and DNS server us	ing DHCP		
A				
Use the IP	address and DNS	server below		
IP Address:	0.0.0.0	Preferred	0.0.0	-
Netmask:	0.0.0.0	DNS:		
	1	Alternate DNS:	0.0.0	
Default Gateway:	0.0.0	MTU:	1500	
FIRST PARTY		MIO.	1500	
Multi-IP				
Advanced				

The following are the contents included on the Edit Line page, when line type is Ethernet:

- Enable this line: Select this option and this line will be enabled.
- Line Type: Options are Ethernet or PPPoE.

If line type **Ethernet** is selected, the fields under **Ethernet Settings** should be configured, so that the Internet line would be assigned IP address and DNS server.

IP address and DNS server could be assigned automatically or configured manually. The former is achieved by selecting the option **Obtain IP and DNS server using DHCP**, and the latter means that administrator needs to select the option **Use the IP and DNS server below** and configure the IP address, default gateway and DNS servers.

 Multi-IP: This button is only available for Ethernet type of Internet line, which means multiple IP addresses can be set on WAN interface. Click this button and the following dialog pops up, as shown below:

Multi-IP	-	×
🔇 Add 📔 🤤 Delete		
IP Address	Netma	ask
	Save	Cancel

To add a new IP address entry, click Add.

To remove an IP address from the list, select the desired entry and click Delete.



In gateway mode, LAN, DMZ, and WAN interfaces cannot be configured on the same subnet.

If line type **PPPoE** is selected, the fields under **PPPoE** Settings should be configured, as shown in the figure below:

Edit Line				×
✓ Enable this Line Type:	line O Ethernet  O PPPoE			
- PPPoE Set	tings			
Username:				
Password:				
MTU:	1492			
Status:	Automatically connect	Connect	Options	
Advanced	View Logs			
	10			
			Save	Cancel

- Username, Password: Configure the ADSL account to get dialup access.
- Automatically connect: Select the checkbox next to this option if Sangfor device automatically dials up when Internet connection is dropped.

The changes apply after settings are saved (click the **Save** button) and services restart. Once the changes have applied, go to this page again to and click the **Connect** button to dial up immediately.

For detailed information of dialup, click Details.

• **Options:** Click this button to enter the **PPPoE Properties** page and configure the parameters for dialup, such as handshake time, timeout, and max tries. Defaults are recommended to be adopted.

## **Setting Multiline Options**

If the Sangfor device needs more than one lines to connect to its WAN interfaces (including the case that Sangfor device is deployed in **Single-arm** mode), multiline policies should be enabled and configured, more exactly, all the internet lines should be configured.

1. Navigate to **System** > **Network** > **Multiline Options** to configure the multiline options.

The Multiline Options page is as shown below, when deployment mode is Single-arm:

		ALL CONTRACTOR OF A LODGE	(22) Section 10, 202 (2020) Section 10, 2020 (2020)	net, enable this function to improve SSL VP
			ct-in stability. Once it logging in to SSL VPI	is enabled, system will automatically detec 4.
	Alexandre States and a	1999 - 1997 - T		ne on the front-end device, and add the DM orts (HTTP and HTTPS ports) of the SSL VPN
			-	
🔘 Add 🛛 🖨 De	lete 📝 Edit		Lines Of Front-End	Device
IP/Domai		ITP port	HTTPS port	Priority
		I I P DOR	HILPS DOL	Priority

The Multiline Options page is as shown below, when deployment mode is Gateway:

Allo	w Sangfor VPN to I	Jse M <mark>ultiple Lines</mark>				
0	) Add 🤤 Delete 📓	Edit 🔘 Move Up 🔘 Nov	e Down 😤 Refresh			
	Line Alias	IP Address	Netmask	Default Gateway	Connection Mode	Status
	Telecom	202.96.137.75	255.255.255.0	202.96.137.1	Directly connect Inte	Not activated
	Unicom	50.120.30.64	255.255.255.0	50.120.10.1	Directly connect Inte	Not activated

Allow SSL VPN to	o Use Multiple Lines					
PPTP/L2TP Conr	nection:					
SSL VPN use	ers connect in directly	(local device owns pub	lic IP).			
CCL UDN USS	re connect in via from	t and douise (least dou	ico ouros no public TD	addroop)		
SSL VPN use	rs connect in via fron	t-end device (local dev	ice owns no public IP	address)		
🔘 SSL VPN use	rs connect in via fron		ice owns no public IP			
		Lines Providi	ng Direct Connectio	n	Priority	Advan
Line Alias	Line Type	Lines Providi	ng Direct Connectio	Default Gateway	Priority	Advan
		Lines Providi	ng Direct Connectio	n	Priority High	Advan Setting

#### 2. Configure Multiline Policy of Sangfor VPN.

 Allow Sangfor VPN to Use Multiple Lines: Select this option to enable the multiline policy of Sangfor VPN, the configured Internet lines will be available for users' access to Sangfor VPN.

To add a line, click Add. The following figure shows the Add Line for Sangfor VPN page while the deployment mode is Gateway:

Line Attributes		
ine Alias:	Unnamed	40
P Address:		42
letmask:		*
efault Gateway:		8
Connection Mode:	Directly connect Internet	~
Use static Interr	net IP address	
P Address:	0.0.0.0	

Name the line, enter the IP address and gateway and specify whether or not this line uses a static IP address. If the line is to use a static Internet IP address, configure IP Address field.

- Enable extranet connection detection: Select this option and configure Interval, and connection status of this line will be detected periodically.
- 3. Configure Multiline Policy of SSL VPN.
  - Allow SSL VPN to Use Multiple Lines: Select this option to enable the multiline policy of SSL VPN, if the SSL VPN is to use multiple lines. Then add the lines into the line list, as shown below:

Allow SSL VPN t	o Use Multiple Lines					
PPTP/L2TP Con	nection:					
I SSL VPN use	ers connect in <mark>d</mark> irectly	(local device owns pub	lic IP).			
CCL UDN USS	we connect in uis from	t and davies (local davi	ice europe pe public TR	address)		
SSL VPN use	ers connect in via fron	it-end device (local dev	ice owns no public IP	address)		
SSL VPN use	ers connect in via fron		ice owns no public IP ng Direct Connecti			
SSL VPN use Line Alias	ers connect in via fron				Priority	Advan
-		Lines Providi	ng Direct Connecti	on	Priority High	Advan Settings

Once multiline policy of SSL VPN is enabled, the line selection policy will help the system automatically detect the lines and choose the optimal one to let the user connect in faster when it accesses the SSL VPN, improving the data transfer and stability of SSL VPN connections.

• SSL VPN users connect in directly(local device owns public IP): If Sangfor device is

deployed in gateway mode, and owns public IP, then VPN user can connect it directly.

- SSL VPN users connect in via front-end device(local device owns no public IP address): If Sangfor device is deployed on Intranet and does not own public IP, then VPN users connect in via front-end device.
- If the Sangfor device is deployed in gateway mode and SSL VPN users connect in via

front-end device(local device owns no public IP address) option is selected, and needs

to use multiple Internet lines, map front-end network device's public addresses to the

Sangfor device and launch the ports, simply by configuring port mapping rules under

Lines Of Front-End Device. To do that, click Add to enter the Edit Line for SSL VPN page, as shown below

Configure lines a	nd mappings of the front-end	device	
Line IP/Domain:			*
Priority:	High. 🗸		
ITTP port:	80		*
	Line is mapped from it to SSL	VPN HTTP port	
ITTPS port:	443		*
	Line is mapped from it to SSL	VPN HTTPS port	

Configure the fields included on the Add Line for SSL VPN page:

- Line IP/Domain: Specifies the IP address or domain name of the Internet line.
- Priority: Specifies the priority of this line. The higher the priority is, this line is more likely to be used.
- HTTP Port: Specifies the HTTP port of the front-end device that is to be mapped

to the Sangfor device.

- **HTTPS Port:** Specifies the HTTPS port of the front-end device that is to be mapped to the Sangfor device.
- Click **Settings** to specify line priority and select whether to eliminate security certificate alert, as shown below:

Eliminate		Certificate al	ert		
Domain:					
configuring	line dom the dom	ain name. Th	t when user o ne 'Issued To' nich user acce	field of dev	
23	wns the o		ued by legal ( name which is		

If Eliminate security certificate alert is selected, you need to specify domain name of

the line, browser will not prompt certificate security alert any more when user visits SSL VPN login page.



If the login policy selected is Users use different login pages (under System > SSL VPN Options > Logging in > Login Policy), multiline policy of SSL VPN is disabled by default and unavailable, which means SSL VPN cannot use multiple lines.

4. Configure the **Line Selection Policy** which will apply to the Internet access data sent from/to computers in the local area network and handled by the Sangfor device.

This is available when Sangfor device is deployed in Gateway mode, as shown below:

ne Selection	Policy
) Select the	line that owns the largest remaining inbound bandwidth
) Select the	line that owns the largest remaining outbound bandwidth
) Evenly as	sign the sessions to each line
Prefer the	first available line(network interface) in the list
Prefer the	
	first available line(network interface) in the list acts the valid line firstly enabled. In case of line fault or unavailability, it automatically switches to

The following are the four line selection methods:

- Select the line that owns the largest remaining inbound bandwidth: Indicates that the system will automatically select the line that owns the largest remaining inbound bandwidth, to make full use of the remaining bandwidth.
- Select the line that owns the largest remaining outbound bandwidth: Indicates that the system will automatically select the line that owns the largest remaining outbound bandwidth, to make full use of the remaining bandwidth.
- Evenly assign the sessions to each line: Indicates that the system will evenly assign the sessions to each line automatically, without considering the remaining bandwidth.
- Prefer the first available line(network interface) in the list: Indicates that the system will select the valid line that has been firstly enabled. In case that line fault or unavailability appears, it automatically switches to the next available line.
- 5. Click the **Save** button and that **Apply** button to save and apply the settings.



For more detail about configuring multiple lines, refer to Device Deployment in Chapter 7.

#### **Configuring Route**

Route can route data of the Sangfor device itself, and route the data (either VPN data or VPN irrelevant data) to the Sangfor device, which then will forward the data to destination. To add a new route, perform the steps below:

1. Navigate to System > Network > Routes to enter Routes page, as shown below:

) Add 🔹 🥥 De	Multiline Opt		Hosts DHCP Local Subnets
Dst IP	j)	Netmask 🔹	Gateway

2. Click Add > Routes or Multiple routes to add a single route or a batch of routes, as shown below:

3. Enter the destination subnet, network mask and gateway. The following two figures show the two cases of adding a single route and a batch of routes.

st IP:		*
etmask:		*
ateway:		*
	Save and Add Save	Cance
Add Multiple Route	s - Enter Route Info	X
		1
One entry per row. F Fields are separated	Format: DestinationIP Netmask Gateway by space(s).	
		1000

Next

Cancel

## **Configuring Host Mapping Rule (HOSTS)**

HOSTS file is the built-in host file (more specifically, the mapping information of the IP addresses and domain name/hostnames) on the Sangfor device. This file works when SSL VPN users need to access Web resources using domain name or host name, generally in the situation that the internal network (where the Sangfor device resides) is using MS Active Directory.

To add a new Host entry or a batch of Host entries:

1. Navigate to **System > Network > Hosts** to enter **Hosts** page, as shown below:

Deployment	Multiline Options	Routes	Hosts	DHCP	Local Su	ibnets		
🔘 Add 👻 🥥 Di	elete 📝 Edit						<u>What is H</u>	IOSTS file?
IP Address		Host N	ame			Comment		
127.0.0.1		localho	st					
200.200.0.2	20	bbs						
200.200.0.2	21	mail						

2. Click Add > Host entry or Multiple host entries, as shown below:

Deployment	Multiline Options	Routes Hosts	DHCP	Local Subnets	
🗿 Add 👻 🥥 D	elete 📝 Edit			Ar and an	What is HOSTS file?
Host entry	y	Host Name		Comment	
Multiple h	ost entries	localhost			
200.200.0.2	20	bbs			
200.200.0.2	21	mail			

If Host entry is selected, the page pops up as follows. Specify the fields on this page.

Please enter the c	prrect host mapping (HOST) information	
IP Address:	at at a second s	20 20 20
Comment	Save and Add Save	Cancel

The following are the contents included on the Add Host Entry page:

- IP Address: Indicates the IP address of the server providing resources.
- Host Name: Indicates the host name of the server providing resources.
- **Comment:** Description to this host mapping rule.

If **Multiple host entries** is selected, the pop-up page is as shown below. Enter the IP address and domain into the text box in the format as required.



#### **Configuring IP Assignment Options (DHCP)**

Navigate to **System** > **Network** > **DHCP** > **Options** to view **Status** of DHCP service and configure the **Options**. **Status** tab shows the running status of the DHCP service, the IP addresses that are assigned through each network interface, the related hostname, MAC address, and lease time left; while **Options** tab contains the DHCP related settings, as shown below:

ease:	ss Assignment	oled ninute(s)		
Interface		Gateway	DNS	WINS
LAN	192.168.0.2-192		1.1.1.1 2.2.2.2	WING
DMZ				
Reserved	I IP Address			
🗿 Add 🥥 🛛	elete Interface	IP Address	MAC Address	Host Name

The following are the contents included on **Options** tab:

- **DHCP Service:** Click **Enabled** or **Disabled** to enable or disable the DHCP service.
- Lease: Indicates the DHCP IP address lease, the life cycle that an assigned IP address will be used by the corresponding user.
- **IP Address Assignment:** Configure the IP address range that can be assigned to the SSL VPN users by each interface.

To view and assign IP address to a network interface, perform the steps below:

- 1. Click on the name of a network interface to enter the IP Address Assignment page;
- 2. Configure the IP range, gateway and DNS server address, as shown below:

Gateway:	192.168.0.1		
DNS #1:	1.1.1.1	WINS #1:	
DNS #2:	2.2.2.2	WINS #2:	
IP Range:	192.168.0.2-192	168.0.3	~
	network segment	v. Each IP range should cont . Start IP cannot be greater 8.0.2-192.168.0.253	ain only one than end IP.

3. Click the **OK** button to save the settings.



- In case that some LAN computers are using static private IP addresses, the IP addresses range configured above should not cover any of those static IP addresses, otherwise, IP address conflict will occur after those IP addresses are assigned to VPN users automatically.
- Generally, the IP address range configured above should not cover the first and the last IP address of a network segment, for these two IP addresses are network address and broadcast address of a network segment. The correct input is like 192.168.1.1 -192.168.1.254.
- **Reserved IP Address:** The address is reserved IP address (range) for specific host. To reserve IP address for a user, click **Add** to enter the **Reserve New IP Address** page, as shown below:

Interface:	LAN	~		
IP Address:		910 - E.V.	Obtain Host Name/MAC	
Reserve IP add	dress for th	e host below		
MAC Address	•			
Host Name:				

The fields on this page are described as follows:

• Interface: Specifies the network interface of this DHCP rule.

- **IP Address:** Specifies the IP address that to be reserved for certain computer. The reserved IP address will not be assigned to VPN users.
- **Obtain Host Name/MAC:** Click this button to obtain the MAC address and host name of the host for which this IP address is reserved.
- MAC Address: Specifies MAC address of the host which the IP address is reserved for.
- Host Name: Specifies the name of the host which the IP address is reserved for.

### **Configuring Local Subnet**

Local subnets are subnets thought in the LAN where this Sangfor device resides. Configuring local subnet is intended for the case that the VPN users want to communicate with the other subnets of the headquarters (HQ) network.

Assume that the HQ has two subnets (192.200.200.x and 192.200.254.x); the subnet 192.200.200.x is a network segment that is directly connected to the Sangfor device, while the subnet 192.200.254.x is indirectly connected to the Sangfor device. To add a local subnet entry,

1. Navigate to System > Network > Local Subnets to enter Local Subnets page, as shown below:

2. Click Add > Subnet or Multiple subnets, as shown below:

Deployment	Multiline Options	Routes	Hosts	DHCP	Local Subnets
🕐 Add 👻 🤤 D	elete 📝 Edit	94 <u>0 - 9</u> 4			÷
Subnet					Netmask
Multiple st	ubnets				255.255.255.0

If **Subnet** is selected, the **Add Subnet** page appears. Configure the subnet, as shown below:

rect local subnet information.
254.0
255.0
0

Since the subnet 192.200.254.x indirectly connects to the Sangfor device (which resides in a different network segment), enter the IP address and netmask into the corresponding fields and then click the **Save** button.

If **Multiple subnets** is selected, one subnet or multiple subnets can be added at one step. The **Add Multiple Subnet – Edit Subnet Info** page is as shown in the figure below:

One entry per row. Format: IPa	ddrass Natmask	1	
Fields are seperated by space(s		<b>`</b>	
192.200.254.0 255.255.255.0	24		
		Next	Cancel



- The local subnets are deemed as network segments of VPN by the Sangfor device and the client software, which means all the data sent from (or to) these network segments through the Sangfor device or software will be encapsulated into and transmitted through the VPN tunnels. For this reason, if you want to allow the VPN users to access certain subnet, add the related subnet into the list on the Local Subnets page and then go to the Routes page to configure a corresponding route.
- When adding subnet, you can add the network segment overlapping with that in which the LAN interface of Sangfor device resides. When corresponding policy is distributed, the overlapped network segment will be discarded, in order to ensure normal communication.

# Schedules

A schedule is a combination of time segments, which can be referenced by SSL VPN account settings, firewall filter rules, user privilege settings and endpoint security rules. The date and time are based on the system time of the Sangfor device.

To create a schedule, for example, named **Office hours** that consists of time segments 8: 00-12: 00 and 14: 00-18: 00, from Monday to Friday:

1. Navigate to **System** > **Schedule**, as shown in the figure below:

>> Schedule		
😳 Add 🤤 Delete 🛃 Edit		
Name	Description	
All week	All week	
[4 4   Page 1 of 1 ▶ ▶] 2 Show 25	/page	1-1 of 1

2. Click **Add** to add a new schedule, as shown below:

																		Field	s mar	ked v	with *	are re	equi	red
Name Descr									_	st														
hedule														*******										
ise click i	and dr	ag ovi	er the	grids	to se	lect tir	ne se	gment	(s).										Sele	cted [	Uns	electe	ed 🗍	Clear
																								3 2
00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	88	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	2	
00 Mon	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	68	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	2	
and a little	01	02	03	04	05	06	67	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
Mon	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		
Mon Tue	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	2	
Mon Tue Wed	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	10	19	20	21	22		
Mon Tue Wed Thu	01	02	03	04	05	06	07		09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	10	19	20	21	22		

- 3. Enter the name into the **Name** field (in this scenario, it is **Office hours**). Description is optional.
- 4. Click and drag over the grids to select the desired time segment (8: 00-12: 00, from Monday to Friday). A prompt dialog will display the exact time segment selected, as shown below:

Attributes																	
Name		0	ffice ho	urs						*							
Descri	ption:	0	Office hours														
Schedule	chedule ase click and drag over the grids to select time segment(s).											a pa pa pa	aaaa			un na	
lease click a	and dra	ag ove	er the	grids	to sel	ect tin	ne seg	Iment	(s).								
lease click a		ag ove	o3	grids 04	to sel	ect tin 06	ne seg 07	iment	(s).	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
										10	11	12	13	14	15	16	i.
00										10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
00 Mon										10	11	12	13	14	15	16	i I
00 Mon Tue										10	11	12	13	14	15		5
Mon Tue Wed										10	11	12		14	15	16	
00 Mon Tue Wed Thu										10					15		

5. Click the **Select** button to select the time segment, as shown below:

ase click ar	nd dra	ig ove	r the	grids	to sel	ect tin	ne seg	gment	:(s).											Sele	cted
00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	1	5	16	17	18	19	2
Mon																					
Tue																					
Wed																					
Thu																					
Fri																					
20123																					

6. Go on to select the other time segment (14: 00-18: 00, from Monday to Friday) in the same way, as shown below:

ase click :	and o	drag	g ove	r the	grids	to sel	ect tir	ne se	gment	:(s).										Sel
00	0	1	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	1
Mon																		Ц		
Tue										Max	in the De		00 - 1	0.00				×		
Wed											elect	1 14:	00 - 1	0:00						
Thu										-	elect	9					1000			
Fri																		-		
Sat																				
Sun		1		- E																

7. Click the **Select** button to select the time segment, as shown below:

ase click	c an	d dra	g ove	r the	grids	to sel	ect tin	ne seg	gmeni	t(s).										Selec	ted
(	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
Mon																					
Tue		T	ΠΠ				ΠΠ														
Wed																					
Thu																					
Fri																					Π
Sat		11	ΠT																		T
Sun																					T

8. Click **Save** to save the settings on this page. The newly-created schedule will show in the schedule list, as shown below:

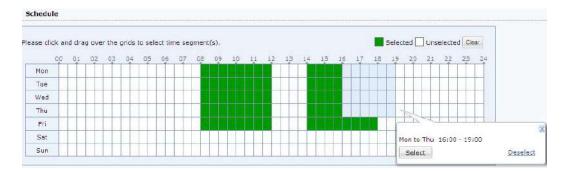
>> Schedule	
🕜 Add 🤤 Delete 🛃 Edit	
Name Name	Description
All week	All week
Office hours	Office hours

To deselect and remove a time segment from the schedule, perform the steps below:

1. Click on and drag over the green grids (selected time segments) to select the time segment that you want to deselect. A prompt dialog will display the exact time segment selected, as shown below:

ise cli	ck an	id dra	g ove	r the	grids	to sele	ect tin	ne seg	gment	t(s).										Sele	cte
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
Mon																					
Tue				ľ																	1
Wed																					1
Thu				ľ																	1
Fri																					1
Sat				ľ								Ċ									-
Sun				h h									Mon to	E-1 0	120	11.00				t	×

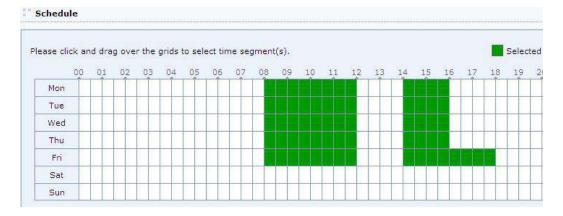
- 2. Click **Deselect** to deselect the time segment that has turned to light blue (while green grid indicates that the time segments are selected, and white grid indicates that the time segments are unselected).
- 3. In case that the selected time segment (in green) and the desired time segment (in light blue) lap, as shown below:



• To select this part, click the **Select** button, and the grids in light blue (including the overlapped part) will turn to green, being selected, as shown below:

ase cli	ck an	d dra	g ove	r the	grids	to sel	ect tin	ne sei	gment	:(s).										Selec	ted
	00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2
Mon																					
Tue																					
Wed						11								1							1
Thu																					
Fri																					
Sat																					T
Sun		n n				1			11				1						1	1	T

• Or click **Deselect**, the grids in light blue (including the overlapped part) will turn to white, being removed, as shown below:



# Administrator

Through administrator management feature, super administrator of the Sangfor device can create administrators for others to maintain the SSL VPN server.

An administrator can be put into certain group and so be granted with restricted administrative privileges. The **Administrator** page is shown in the figure below:

🔇 Add 🔹 🤤	Delete 📓 Edit 📝 Se	lect +	Unfold All	View Active Admi	nistrators Searc	h by Name 🔹	Search	Q
Search	P 5 6		Name	Туре	Description	Status		
1			admin 🌡	Super Admin	Administrator	1		
		ST(S)	Part Sectors			1		

The following are some contents included on Administrator page:

- **Unfold All:** Select the checkbox next to it and the subgroups and individual administrators of the selected administrator group (in the left pane) will be seen on the right pane.
- Edit, Delete: To edit or delete an administrator or administrator group, select that administrator or administrator group and click Edit or Delete.
- View Active Administrators: Click this link to view the administrators that are accessing the administrator Web console currently.

## Adding Administrator Group

1. Click Add > Admin group to enter Add/Edit Administrator Group page, as shown below:

🔾 Add 👻 🤤 Delete	🛃 Edit 🛛 🖉 S	elect 🔹 🔲 Unfold All View Active	Administrators Se	arch by Name 👻
Admin	5   E	Name	Туре	Description
Admin group		🔲 🧟 Admin	Super Admin	Administrato
	-0	🔲 🧸 tester	Admin	test

2. Configure **Basic Attributes** and **Administrative Privileges and Realms** of the administrator group, as shown below:

Name:	
and the second sec	
Description:	
Added To: /	>>
🗸 Enable adm	inistrator group
	d Realms
	d Realms Realms Search
Administrative Privileges	Realms
Administrative Privileges R	Realms
Administrative Privileges R	Search
Administrative Privileges R Status System	Realms

The following are the information of administrator group:

- Name: Specifies the username of the administrator group.
- **Description:** Descriptive information of the administrator group.
- Added To: Specifies the administrator group to which this administrator group will be added. This group determines the administrative privileges and realms of this administrator group.
- Administrative Privileges: Specifies the configuration modules that the administrator in this group could maintain. Select the checkbox next to each module name and the administrators in this administrator group will be authorized to configure that module.
- **Realms:** Specifies the administrative realms (users, resources and roles) for the administrators in this administrator group, as shown below:

Administrative Privileges	Realms		
Users		Search	<u></u>
Resources		∍ □ 👌 🚬	onymous grou fault group

3. Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

#### **Adding Administrator**

- 1. Click Add > Admin to enter Add/Edit Administrator page, as shown below:
- 2. Configure Basic Attributes and Login IP Address of the administrator, as shown below:

asic Attribu			Fields marked * are required
Name:	1	*	
Description:			
Туре:	Admin Ouest		
Password:		*	
Confirm:		*	
Added To:	[/	>>	
	Carable administrator		
ogin IP Addı			
Allow log	in on any IP address		
🔿 Allow log	in on the IP addresses below		
Add	😂 Delete 📓 Edit		
2000	irt IP		End IP
Sta			

The following are the information of administrator:

- **Name:** Specifies the username of the administrator account that can used to log in to the administrator console of SSL VPN.
- **Description:** Descriptive information of the administrator account.
- **Type:** Specifies the account type. Options are **Admin** and **Guest**. Administrators of **Admin** type have the specified administrative privileges to configure some modules through the administrator console; while the administrators of **Guest** type only have read-only privilege to view the configurations of modules that are specified for that administrator group.
- **Password**, **Confirm:** Respectively specifies and confirms password of the account that is used by administrator to log in to SSL VPN administrator console.
- Added To: Specifies the administrator group to which this administrator account will be added. This group determines the administrative privileges and realms of this

administrator.

- Login IP Address: Specifies the IP address on which this account can be used by the administrator to log in to the SSL VPN administrator console.
- 3. Click the **Save** button to save the settings.



The administrator password is valid if it matches all the following:

- It must contain at least 8 characters.
- It cannot contain username of administrator.
- It must contain any two of the following: upper-case letters, lower-case letters, digits, special characters.



The administrative privilege of an administrator group will never be higher than its parent administrator group. That is to say, administrators' privilege of maintaining SSL VPN users, resources and roles is authorized by the parent group and will not be more or higher than that.

# **SSL VPN Options**

## **General Settings**

The basic (SSL VPN related) settings under **System** > **SSL VPN Options** > **General** are global settings, including user login options, client options, virtual IP address pool, Single Sign-On (SSO) and resource options.

## **Configuring User Login Options**

1. Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Login, as shown in the figure below:

n	Client Optio	ns    Virtual IP Pool    Local DNS    SSO    Resource Options
Log	gin Port	
	HTTPS Port:	443 Edit
	✓ НТТР	
	Port:	80
pp	TP/L2TP Conr	lection Options
	PPTP/ Connec	
		Permit PPTP incoming connection
		Permit L2TP incoming (standard IPSec VPN will be unavailable. Shared key can not contain guotation mark)
		connection
		L2TP Shared Secret:
	visit L3VPN re	/L2TP feature enabled, user can use the built-in PPTP VPN/L2TP VPN of iPhone, iPad or Android esources necting using PPTP/L2TP can choose to be authenticated against MS Active Directory(AD) server.
		nentication: specifies an Active Directory(AD) server against which connecting users are
	authenticated	d by the SSL VPN server.
		in, only after being joined to domain where the Active Directory server resides in, could connectin
		henticated against the domain server. iec VPN connection will be closed automatically the moment L2TP connection is set up, however,
		service will still be available.
End	cryption Prote	scol
	enenere e	
S	SL/TLS Algorit	hm: 💌 RSA
		○ SM2
		SSL 3.0 VTLS 1.0 VTLS 1.1 VTLS 1.2
		- 35L 3,0 W 1L3 1,0 W 1L3 1,1 W 1L3 1,2

		ify PWD 🥵 Refresh	
WebAgent			Status
fense Against Man-in-the-M	iddle Attack		
fense Against Man-in-the-M			

- 2. Configure the following fields under Login Port.
  - Login Port: Specifies the HTTPS and HTTP port on which the SSL VPN service is being listened.
  - **HTTPS Port:** Specifies the HTTPS listening port. It is TCP 443 by default. Enter the port(s) into the field (ports should be separated by comma) or click the **Configure** button.
  - **HTTP Port:** Select this option and enter the HTTP listening port. It is TCP 80 by default.
- 3. Configure the following fields under Login PPTP/L2TP Connection Options.
  - Prohibit PPTP/L2TP incoming connection: If it is selected, PPTP/L2TP connection will be denied.
  - **Permit PPTP incoming connection:** Select it to allow PPTP incoming connection, and

user can access L3VPN resources on mobile phone via VPN.

- **Permit L2TP incoming connection:** Select it to allow L2TP incoming connection. If it is selected, you need to specify L2TP shared secret.
- L2TP Shared Secret: Specifies L2TP shared secret, then user can access L3VPN resources on mobile phone via built-in L2TP VPN.

For users accessing VPN though PPTP/L2TP, they can be authenticated on MS Active Directory. To do that, you need to configure as follows:

a. Click LDAP Authentication to enter Add/Edit LDAP Server page, and configure LDAP server to make Sangfor device connect to this server.

b. Click **AD domain** to enter the **Client-side Domain SSO** page, enable SSO and configure required fields on that page.



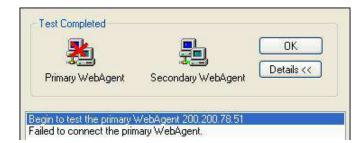
- Do not modify the ports unless it is absolutely necessary. Once the port is altered, the new port number should be entered to the end of the URL address when endpoint user enters the address to connect SSL VPN.
- If the checkbox next to HTTP Port is selected, user can use HTTP protocol to communicate with the SSL VPN. Access to SSL VPN is achieved by redirecting HTTP to HTTPS, for instance, *http://202.96.137.75* is redirected to *https://202.96.137.75*. If HTTP Port is selected and configured, user can only use HTTPS protocol, in which case, he/she needs to visit <u>https://202.96.137.75</u>.
- If Permit L2TP incoming connection is selected, user will be denied to connect to VPN through standard IPSec VPN, while users will be allowed to connect to VPN through Sangfor IPSec VPN.
- 4. Select encryption protocol for encrypting data. Options are RSA, SM2, SSL3.0, SSL1.0, SSL1.1, SSL1.2, as shown below:

Encryption Protocol	
SSL/TLS Algorithm:	• RSA
	○ SM2
	SSL 3.0 V TLS 1.0 V TLS 1.1 V TLS 1.2

- 5. Configure WebAgent Settings. Select Enable WebAgent for dynamic IP support to enable this feature, and the Sangfor device will be able to get an IP using WebAgent dynamic addressing if it is not using a static Internet IP address. To add a Webagent entry:
  - a. Click Add to enter the Add WebAgent page, as shown below:

Add Wel	Agent	>
Address:	200.200.78.51	
		 Cancel

- b. Enter the WebAgent address into the Address field and click the OK button.
- c. To check connectivity of a WebAgent, select a WebAgent and click **Test**. If the address is correct, the Sangfor device can connect to this WebAgent; otherwise, connecting will fail, as shown in the figure below:



Before test begins, certain ActiveX control may need be installed (as shown below).



Click the **Check ActiveX Status** button to check whether ActiveX control has been installed. If not, click the **Install** button and follow the instructions to install the ActiveX control.

- d. To remove or edit a WebAgent entry, select the desired entry and click Delete or Edit.
- e. To modify password of a WebAgent select the desire entry and click **Modify PWD**. Modifying password can prevent unauthorized user from using and updating a false IP address into the WebAgent page,
- f. To refresh the status of the WebAgent, click **Refresh**.
- 6. Configure Defense Against Man-in-the-Middle Attack option.



Select **Enable defense against man-in-the-middle attack** option and the user will be required to enter the word verification code and be forced to install the related controls. This feature protects the transmitted data from being altered or intercepted by unauthorized user.

7. Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

#### **Configuring Client Related Options**

Client related options are settings related to the SSL VPN Client software and end users' access to SSL VPN at the endpoint.

1. Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Client Options to Client Options page, as shown in the figure below:

Login Client Options Vi	rtual IP Pool	Local DNS	SSO	Resource Options		
L' Client Options						
Enable system tray						
Password can be re	membered					
🕑 Allow automatic log	in					
Allow being online always	(once discon watched by		l attemp	t to reconnect again	and again; suitable f	or endpoint
Show host address	for TCP/L3VPN	l resource				
Display resources the second secon	ie moment us	er logs in usir	ng SSL V	PN Client		
Floating toolbar of Web	o resource					
Do not show up						
Show up						
For Linux						
To enable users to Download Address	access TCP an	d L3VPN reso	ources us	sing Firefox browser,	specify JRE download	i address. <u>JRE</u>
Client Customization						
Client on Windows PC						
Client on Mobile Device	2					

- 2. Configure the contents under **Client Options**:
  - Enable system try: System tray is a taskbar status area showing status of and configure SSL VPN on the client end. Select this option and the browser window can minimize to a system tray when **Resource** page is closed.



Put the cursor on the **System Tray** icon and the brief information of SSL VPN connection status is seen, as shown in the figure below:



Password can be remembered: Select the checkbox next to this option and the SSL VPN Client will remember the SSL VPN login account (username and password) user entered if user selects the option Remember me when he/she uses SSL VPN Client program to connect SSL VPN, as shown in the figure below:

t Connect	
ificate USB-KEY	
https://200.200.75.240	
Remember me 🕅 Auto login	
	ificate USB-KEY https://200.200.75.240

 Allow automatic login: Select this option to allow connecting users to use automatic login feature when they connect to SSL VPN. This option depends on Password can be remembered option, which means that if you select this option, and Password can be remembered option will be selected together.

EasyConne	asy Connect
Account Cer Address:	tificate USB-KEY https://200.200.75.240
Username: Password:	Remember me Auto login
	Anonymous Log In Log In Back

- Allow being online always: If selected, client will try reconnecting to VPN again and again after disconnected from VPN. It is used for the unattended endpoint.
- Show host address for TCP/L3VPN resource: If selected, host address for TCP/L3VPN resource will be displayed on Resources page; otherwise, only resource name will be displayed after user logs in to SSL VPN.
- Display resources the moment user logs in using SSL VPN client: If selected, associated resources list will be displayed after user logs in using SSL VPN client successfully.

- **Do not show up:** If selected, floating toolbar of Web resource will not show up.
- Show up: If selected, floating toolbar of Web resource will show up.
- JRE Download Address: Click this link and specify JRE download address. Connecting users must download and install JRE installation package before accessing TCP and L3VPN resources with Firefox browser on Linux. The JRE Download Address page is as shown in the figure below:



3. Customize shortcut icon of VPN client on Windows PC or mobile phone:

ient on Windows PC	×
hortcut Icon:	
	*
To add an icon from local device, click Uplo	(ICO file within 512KB; extension be .ICO)

• Client on Windows PC: Click it to enter the following page:

Shortcut icon will be created automatically after user logs in to SSL VPN. If you want to change shortcut icon of system tray, click **Upload** to upload a new icon from local PC to take place of the old one. And you can edit the name of shortcut icon in **Shortcut Name** field.

• Client on Mobile Device: It is used for the user logs in SSL VPN using EasyConnect on mobile device, such as mobile phone, tablet, etc. Click it to enter the following page:

Client on Mobile Device					×
Logo:	5	•			
A COMPANY AND A	( CON	INECT			
PNG file within 1	Upload New M8, better be 520°	Restore Default *260 image without b	ackground color	e	
			F	inish	Cancel

Click **Upload New** to upload a new icon file from local device, or click **Restore Default** to use default logo of VPN client on mobile device.

#### **Configuring Virtual IP Pool**

Virtual IP addresses are assigned to users who are to access L3VPN, Web and TCP applications over SSL VPN.

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Virtual IP Pool and the Virtual IP Pool page appears, as shown in the figure below:

Login	Client Options	Virtual IP Pool	Local DNS	SSO	Resource Options				
	When a ucer start	r to access resour	ces over SSL	VDN it a	will be accorded a witched ID address. This ID address could be	a the			
2	When a user starts to access resources over SSL VPN, it will be assigned a virtual IP address. This IP address could b virtual IP address specified in User Attribute or an IP address dynamically allocated from the virtual IP pool.								
	🕼 Add 🥥 Delete 📓 Edit 😿 Select 🗸								
Ī	IP Range		Assig	ned To	Description				
)	2.0,1,1 - 2,0,1	.254	Any g	iroup	Default IP pool				

The following are the contents included on the Virtual IP Pool page:

- **IP Range:** Range of IP addresses included in the virtual IP pool. The IP addresses should be rarely used IP address, such as 2.0.1.1 2.0.1.254.
- Assigned To: Indicates the user group whose users will be assigned IP addresses from this IP address pool.
- **Description:** Description of the IP address pool.
- Select: Click it and then click All or Deselect to select all the IP address pools or deselect all the selected ones.
- Delete, Edit: Select the desired IP range and click it to delete or edit the IP pool.

• Add: Click it to create a IP address pool and enter Virtual IP Pool page, as shown below:

1. IP range mu	ist not contain any interf	aca ID address		
승규는 이상 승규와 집중을 가지?	ist not conflict with IP of		in LAN	
	IP addresses (such as 2			
and the second second second second	lo not enter commonly-u	100-2012-00		
192.168.xxx		seu ir auuresses	(such as	
192.100.00				
Start IP:			*	
End IP:				
End IP:		10 	*	
Assigned To:	Any group/	>>		
Description:				
Description.				3

When configuration is completed, apply the settings by clicking the **Apply** button that appears after any change is made.

The IP ranges should not cover IP address of any network interface of the Sangfor device, or conflict with IP address of any running machine in the local area network.

## **Configuring Local DNS Server**

In an enterprise network, local DNS server works well if some internal resources are only accessible to users who request resources by domain names, for local DNS server can provide domain name resolving services when users request resources by domain name.

That is the same with such kind of resource access over SSL VPN. If this type of resources exists in local area network, local DNS servers could provide domain name resolving services to the connecting users.

1. Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Local DNS to enter the Local DNS page, as shown in the figure below:

	names into th by local DNS This feature o these local do	e list under Local Dor server(s). nly applies to TCP ap	main Name of Resour	configure local DNS server (residing in LAN) and add the domain rce, so that requests for resolving these domain names will be handled As to Web application, you should ensure that the device can resolve NS server in System > Network > Deployment or configure HOST in
1180	Primary DNS:	0.0.0.0		
3	Alternate DNS:	0.0.0.0		
		Client PC uses th	e above DNS servers	s
	list on user's l	PC, so that the DNS r ings on user's PCs w	equests from user's i	ically enable L3VPN and add the local DNS servers into the DNS serve PC will be handled by the local DNS server. On user's exit from SSL feature enabled, you do not need to add the local domain names of
	resources (be	10 W ).		

- 2. Configure the following under Local DNS:
  - **Primary DNS:** This is the primary local DNS server that is preferred to solve domain names.
  - Alternate DNS: This is the secondary local DNS server that is used to solve domain names when the primary DNS is unavailable.



If there is only one local DNS server, enter the server address into the **Primary DNS** field.

3. Configure Client PC uses the above DNS servers option.

With this option selected, address of primary and secondary local DNS servers will be distributed to the network adapter of the SSL VPN client end. The reason to prefer using the local DNS servers is to avoid such conflict when the domain controller also works as a local DNS server but the local DNS server needs to be authenticated by the domain controller after the user connects to SSL VPN.

If this option is not selected and many application resources are using domain name as their addresses, administrator needs to add the address (in form of domain name) of resource into the list followed after specifying the local DNS servers. Later on, once a user accesses any of these resources by domain name, the local DNS server will resolve the requested domain name first, according to the local DNS server and domain names configured on this tab.

4. Configure Local Domain Name of Resource. This table is available when Client PC uses the above DNS servers option is not selected.

😳 Add 🤤 Delete 📓 Edit 🐼 Select 👻	
Domain Name	Description
www.sina.com	

To select all or deselect the selected the entries, click Select > All or Deselect.

To delete or edit the domain name, select a domain name and click Delete or Edit.

To add an entry, click Add and add enter the domain name of a resource, as shown below:

Description: -Wildcards * and ? are supported. * indicates any string; ? indicates any character Example: *.com indicates any domain name ending with .com. - b?s.dnsever.com indicates that the second character of that domain name can b any character., e.g.:bbs.dnsever.com	Domain:	1		
Example: *.com indicates any domain name ending with .com. • b?s.dnsever.com indicates that the second character of that domain name can b	Description:			



Make sure that the address is in form of IP address when configuring the address of the resource (refer to the Resource section in Chapter 4).

5. Click the Save button and Apply button to save and apply the settings.

Once the local DNS server is configured and domain name of resources are added, the configuration will work and provide DNS service to the connecting users who request for the resource by domain name.



Beyond local DNS, the internal HOSTS file will also help to resolve the matching domain name and return the resolving result to user (refer to the Configuring Host Mapping Rule (HOSTS) section in Chapter 3).



- If address of some resources are domain names and there is a specific DNS server in the local area network providing domain name resolving services, the domain name of that resource is recommended to be added to the list. That will have the requests of DNS handled preferentially by the local DNS server. In other cases, do not add any domain name into the list.
- Domain supports wildcards \* and ?. \* indicates any character string, while ? indicates any character. For example, \*.com stands for any domain name ending with .com.
   b?s.SANGFOR.com indicates that the second character of that domain name can be any character, such as bbs.SANGFOR.com.
- Maximum 100 entries support.

## **Configuring SSO Options**

SSO (Single Sign-On) is a one-off authentication method. It means that once a user successfully logs in to the SSL VPN and is authorized the right to access certain resource, system or application software, that user does not need to enter the required usernames and passwords ever after when accessing that resource, system or application software over the SSL VPN. That is because the system will automatically fill in the usernames and passwords for that user every time.

1. Navigate to **System** > **SSL VPN Options** > **General** > **SSO** and the **SSO** page appears, as shown below:

Login	Client Optic	ons Vir	tual IP Pool	Local DNS	SSO	Resource Option	s
	50						
	SSO: ④ Enab I Allow pload SSO Co	user to	O Disab modify SSO ( tion File				
		Upload	archived SS	10	Browse File name	: ssoconfig.sso	Download SSO Assistant Download SSO Config File
w "E	eb SSO Optio		Basic SS0	NTLM SSO			

- 2. Configure the fields under SSO and Upload SSO Configuration File.
  - **SSO:** To enable user to access the corporate resources over SSL VPN without entering username/password, select the option **Enabled**; or else, select **Disabled** to disable SSO.

- Download SSO Assistant: Click this link to download the SSO Assistant program. This
  assistant will help the administrator to record the SSO file if user uses the login method
  Auto fill in form (specified on the SSO tab when creating the resource) to access the
  SSL VPN resources.
- Download SSL Config File: Click this link to download the configuration file of SSO. This file should be downloaded after the SSO page has been configured. The SSO information of a user can be recorded into the downloaded configuration file, with the help of SSO Assistant.
- Upload: It is used to upload the SSO configuration file into the Sangfor device. Browse and upload the configuration file (containing the recorded SSO information) to the device.
- Allow user to modify SSO user account: To allow user to modify the SSO user account (username and password) after successful access to SSL VPN, select this option.

Then connecting users can modify the SSO user account by performing the steps below:

a. Log in to the SSL VPN and enter the **Resource** page, as shown below:



b. Click **Settings** to enter **Personal Setup** page and select **SSO Options** in the left pane. The right pane shows the SSO resources and user accounts, as shown below:

Welcome test11	SSO Options	
user Account	Edit	
SSO Options	Resource Name	SSO User Account
	test_sso_res	test11
Login Options	Apple	test11

c. Click Edit to edit the SSO user account, as shown below:

SO User Acco	ount	[Close]
*The 1 selecte	d resources are accessible to th	e account below:
Username:	test11	
Password:		
Confirm:		
	Save Cancel	

- d. Enter the new username and password into Username, Password and Confirm fields.
- e. Click **Save** to save the changes.



- Only one type of users can configure **SSO** page on the **Resource** page, that is, the private users who have associated with the resources that have applied SSO.
- To change SSO user account, you need to select **Same with VPN Username** and **Same with VPN Password** in **Input Value** field when recording the SSO file with SSO Assistant.
- 3. Configure Web SSO Options.

Web SSO Encryption	Basic SSO NTLM SSO		
Enable Basic SSO			
🔇 Add 🤤 Delete 📓	Edit 💿 View Association		
Label	Туре	Username	Passwor

There are three tabs under Web SSO Options, namely, Web SSO Encryption, Basic SSO and NTLM SSO.

- Web SSO Encryption: Configures the options applied to some B/S applications. To add security to SSO to internal resources, the transmitted data (username or password) is better encrypted first when they are submitted from the client side and then be decrypted by the server using the corresponding algorithm. To achieve that, configure the correct JavaScript function on this tab.
- Basic SSO: Configures the Basic SSO policy. The policies could be referenced as SSO policy when administrator configures SSO options of a Web resource and chooses
   Basic SSO as the Login Method. Click Add to add a basic SSO policy, as shown below:

Add Bas	ic SSO Policy		×
Label:			i.
Туре:	Use SSL VPN account	~	
	Use SSL VPN account		
	Use SSO user account Use custom user account	Ç	5

 NTLM SSO: Configures the NTLM SSO policy. The policies could be referenced as SSO policy when administrator configures SSO options of a Web resource and chooses NTLM SSO as the Login Method. Click Add to add a NTLM SSO policy, as shown below:

Label:	1	
Domain:		
Туре:	Use SSL VPN account	*
	NTLM V1 support	
	NTLM V2 support	

4. Click the Save button and Apply button to save and apply the settings.

### **Configuring Resource Options**

Resource options include access mode for each application (Web, TCP and L3VPNs) and allow administrator to customize access-denied prompt page to inform user of the access failure.

## Web App Resource Options

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Resource Options > Web App to configure the parameters related to Web resource access and object rewritten rule, as shown in the figure below:

Veb App TCP App L3VPN Others	
Web Resource Access Settings	
Access Mode: 💽 Take device IP addr	ess as source
O Take virtual IP addre	ess as source
Rewrite Web Objects	
While a Web resource is accessed b	y user over SSL VPN, URLs of some resources in the webpage should be rewritten, such a applet, video players, etc., or else, they will be inaccessible to user. You can configure the s of those types of resources.
While a Web resource is accessed b the resources cited by Flash, Java, A	pplet, video players, etc., or else, they will be inaccessible to user. You can configure the s of those types of resources.

The following are the contents included on the **Resource Options** page:

 Access Mode: This determines the source IP address that connecting users will use to access the server resources. The source IP address could be the interface IP address of the Sangfor device or an assigned virtual IP address (to configure virtual IP address, refer to the Configuring Virtual IP section in Chapter 3).

To have the connecting users take the IP address of the Sangfor device as the source address to visit the server resources, select **Take device IP address as source**.

To have the connecting users take the assigned virtual IP address as the source to visit the server resources, select **Take virtual IP address as source** (to configure virtual IP address, refer to the Configuring Virtual IP section in Chapter 3).

Add Rule: Add a rule and some paths of resources being cited by controls (Flash, Java, Applet, video players) of the Web application will be rewritten so that these resources can be accessed. Click Add Rule and the Add Rule page appears, as shown below:

HTML Tag: Object			
(Specify HTML	tag. If you are to use new A	ActiveXObject to create object,	select Object)
Object Identifier:	*		
and the second sec	iveXObject; url for flash; cl	ass name for applet. * equals a	ny characters)
Description:			
Tag Param( <o< td=""><td>oject&gt;,<applet>,<embed/>)</applet></td><td>Object Property</td><td></td></o<>	oject>, <applet>,<embed/>)</applet>	Object Property	
			0
Object Method		QueryString( <embed/> )	
	0		0
	9		© ©

The following are the contents included on Add Rule page:

- HTML Tag: Specifies the HTML tag used for rewriting webpage objects. Options are Object, Applet and Embed.
- **Object Identifier:** Specifies the identifier (name) of this rule.
- **Description:** Brief description of this rule.
- **Tag Param:** Specifies the parameters in the codes that should be rewritten to revise the webpage.
- Object Property: Specifies the object properties in the codes that should be rewritten to revise the webpage.
- **Object Method:** Specifies the object method in the codes that should be rewritten to revise the webpage.
- **QueryString(<Embed>):** Specifies the Querystrings in the codes that should be rewritten to revise the webpage.
- Delete, Edit: Select a rule and click Delete or Edit to remove or modify an entry.
- Select: Click Select > All or Deselect to select all rules or deselect the selected rules.
- Save: Click this button to save the settings.

#### **TCP App Resource Options**

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Option > System > Resource Options > TCP App to configure the parameters related to TCP resource access and smart recursion feature, as shown below:

Web Resource Access Settings	
Access Mode: ) Take device IP addr	
-	
O Take virtual IP addr	as as source
Rewrite Web Objects	
Terrora and terrora	user over SSLVPN_URLs of some resources in the webnade should be rewritten.
While a Web resource is accessed by	user over SSL VPN, URLs of some resources in the webpage should be rewritten, Java, Applet, video players, etc., or else, they will be inaccessible to user. You car
While a Web resource is accessed by such as the resources cited by Flash	
While a Web resource is accessed by such as the resources cited by Flash	Java, Applet, video players, etc., or else, they will be inaccessible to user. You car
While a Web resource is accessed by such as the resources cited by Flash	Java, Applet, video players, etc., or else, they will be inaccessible to user. You car IRL addresses of those types of resources.
While a Web resource is accessed by such as the resources cited by Flash configure the rules below to rewrite b	Java, Applet, video players, etc., or else, they will be inaccessible to user. You car IRL addresses of those types of resources.

The following are the contents included on **TCP App** tab:

 Access Mode: Specifies the source IP address that connecting users will use to access the server resources, whether it is the interface IP address of the Sangfor device or an assigned virtual IP address (to configure virtual IP address, refer to the Configuring Virtual IP section in Chapter 3).

To have the connecting users take the IP address of the Sangfor device as the source address to visit the server resources, select **Take device IP address as source**.

To have the connecting users take the assigned virtual IP address as the source address to visit the server resources, select **Take virtual IP address as source** (to configure virtual IP address, refer to the Configuring Virtual IP section in Chapter 3).

- Max Sessions Per User: Specifies a maximum of sessions that one user can establish to access TCP resources concurrently.
- Enable: Select this option to enable smart recursion feature for access to TCP resources.



Please note that, to have smart recursion feature take effect, **Enabled** option should be selected, and option **Apply smart recursion** on **Others** tab should also be selected when editing the TCP resource.

Applicable Address: The addresses to which the smart recursion feature will apply. If The addresses below is selected, smart recursion will apply to all the URL addresses in the list; if Other addresses rather than the ones below is selected, smart recursion will apply to all

other URL addresses except those in the list.

av	s feature is applied to access to TCP applications. If it is enabled, all the TCP resource hyperlinks on a Webpage will be iilable to the user if the address of a requested resource matches any of the addresses below, and you do not need to I those hyperlinks to the TCP resource address list. Use wildcards * and ? if necessary. Maximum 128 entries are
	ported.
No "?"	The resources whose addresses are translated (masqueraded) will NOT match the addresses that contain "*" and
Appli	cable Addresses: 🔿 The addresses below ) Other addresses rather than the ones below
_	Add 🥥 Delete 📓 Edit 🐷 Select 👻
0	
	Address

To add a URL address, click Add. The Add Address page is as shown below:

Add Address		×
Address:		
	ок	Cancel

To remove or modify the rule, select a rule and click Delete or Edit.

To select all rules or deselect the selected rules, click **Select** > **All** or **Deselect**.

• **Save:** Click this button to save the settings.

#### **Background Knowledge: What is Smart Recursion?**

It is common that on the homepage of some websites there are many links. If a user wants to visit those link and therefore access the corresponding servers over the SSL VPN, the addresses of those servers must be available on **Resource** page; otherwise, those server resources will be inaccessible to the user.

However, it is an immense task and tedious work for the administrator to add all those addresses one by one in to the resource address list by hand when editing a resource, and most likely, some of the addresses may be left outside the list. Without a complete list of link resources, connecting user still cannot visit some resources.

Smart recursion functionality is intended for solving the aforementioned troubles. With the help smart recursion, administrator needs only to,

- 1. Navigate to **SSL VPN** > **Resources** page to add a TCP resource. Add the homepage address of a website to the **Address** field, and select the option **Apply smart recursion** on **Others** tab.
- 2. Navigate to the System > SSL VPN Options > General > Resource Options > TCP App,

Select **The addresses below** as the applicable addresses and add the URL addresses of the links to the list.

Without taking the links as TCP resources and adding their URL addresses to the resource address list, all the link resources on that homepage will be available for connecting users.

## **Scenario 4: Configuring and Applying Smart Recursion**

#### **Background**:

The homepage of a library website is *www.library.com*. The website contains a great many links to other servers and databases.

#### **Purpose:**

Enable users to remotely and securely access the homepage of the library and the links to other servers and databases.

#### Analysis and Solution:

To meet the requirements, firstly create TCP resource (address of the resource is homepage of the library, *www.library.com*) and enable smart recursion, secondly configure smart recursion on **Resource Options** page.

Below is the configuration procedure:

- 1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources, and click Add > TCP app to add the TCP resource of library homepage.
- 2. Configure the required fields and add library homepage (*www.library.com*) into the textbox next to the **Address** field.
- 3. Click **Others** tab and select the option **Apply smart recursion**.
- 4. Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Resource Options > TCP App and select Enabled.
- 5. Specify the applicable addresses by selecting **The addresses below**.
- 6. Add the URL address of the library website into list (\*.library.\*). If the homepage library contains other URL links, add them into this list.
- 7. Click **Save** to save the settings and then click the **Apply** button on the next page.
- 8. Edit the user and associate this library resource with the user.



- Currently, smart recursion is applied only to TCP-supported HTTP and HTTPS.
- While user is visiting the resource that applies smart recursion, to access the links, he/she must click on the links on the "root" resource page; however, if the "root" resource page is

closed, it can still click the link on the links on the "links" page.

## **L3VPN Resource Options**

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Option > System > Resource Options > L3VPN to configure the parameters related to L3VPN resource, as shown in the figure below:

Login Client Options	Virtual IP Pool	Local DNS	SSO	Resource Options
Web App TCP App L	3VPN Others			
L3VPN Resource /				
Access Mode	💿 Take device IF	address as so	ource	
	🔿 Take virtual IP	address as so	ource	
Transfer Protocol	О ТСР		۲	Auto select
UDP Port	442	(1-65535	5)	
	Advanced			

The following are the contents included on L3VPN tab:

 Access Mode: Specifies the source IP address that connecting users will use to access the server resources, whether it is the interface IP address of the Sangfor device or an assigned virtual IP address (refer to the Configuring Virtual IP section in Chapter 3).

To have the connecting user take the IP address of the Sangfor device as the source address to visit the server resources, select **Take device IP address as source**.

To have the connecting user take the assigned IP address as the source address to visit the server resources, select **Take virtual IP address as source** (refer to the Configuring Virtual IP section in Chapter 3).

• Transfer Protocol: Specifies the transfer protocol used while L3VPN resource is accessed.

Select **TCP** and only TCP will be used to transfer data while user is using L3VPN resources; while **Auto select** makes it apt to start UDP to transfer data.

- UDP Port: Indicates the UDP port used for transferring data. It is 442 by default. Assume that the Sangfor device is in **Single-arm** mode, this port should be mapped from the front-end firewall to the Sangfor device.
- Advanced: Click this button and optional advanced options appears, Max Concurrent Users and IP of Local Virtual NIC. The latter specifies the server-end IP address range to which the virtual NIC is applied.

IP of Local Virtual Adapter:	1.1.1.1	- 1.1.1.254
P of Virtual Adapter for PPTP:	1.2.2.2	
P of Virtual Adapter for L2TP:	1.3.2.2	
Max Concurrent Users:	400	(1-40000)

Changing advanced options may severely affect the performance of the system, therefore, it is recommended to adopt the defaults.

## **Other Resource Options**

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Option > System > Resource Options > Others tab. This tab configures access-denied prompt page that will appear in front of the users when they visit an unauthorized URL address (resource), as shown in the figure below:

ogin	Client Options Virtual IP Pool Local DNS SSO Resource Options
/eb Ap	pp TCP App L3VPN Others
Pr	rompt Page - When Unauthorized URL is Accessed (Web app only)
1	nan kana sebena menana menana kana menana menana menana menana kana menana kata menana menana menana menana me F
	Customize a page to inform user of the denied access. If the uploaded file is zip file, it should be within 1M
3	and contain the file 'warrent_forbidden.tml'.
	Page File: Upload
	pour pour pour pour pour pour pour pour
p,	rompt Page - When Unauthorized URL is Accessed (TCP app and L3VPN only)
	Tompt rage which ondation zea over is Accessed (Ter app and EST it only)
	Sorry, you do not have permission to access this page!

The following are the contents included on **Others** tab:

- Page File: For users accessing unauthorized URL of Web application resource, upload a
  prompt page through Page File field. When any user accesses authorized URL, he/she will
  be notified that access is denied.
- For the users accessing unauthorized URL address of TCP or L3VPN resource, enter the words into the textbox to inform user that access is denied because they are visiting unauthorized page.



The compressed file should be in format of .zip, smaller than 1M and contain the file warrant\_forbidden.tml.



Unauthorized or authorized URL addresses are configured on URL Access Control tab while editing a Web/TCP/L3VPN resource (refer to the Resource section in Chapter 4).

## **Network Optimization Related Settings**

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > Network Optimization and four pages are seen, namely, Application Access, Data Transfer, Webpage Access and Web Cache, which configure the optimization options in terms of application access, data transfer, webpage access and Web cache.

## **Application Access Optimization**

1. Navigate to System > SSL Options > Network Optimization > Application Access to enter Application Access page, as shown in the figure below:

Enabled	Objabled	
	×	
Image Qua	litor Medium 🗸	
✓ HQ text display		
most env applicatio	impression can help to speed up access. It is recommended to select Medium image quality in ironment. When more accurate image is required, such as X-ray image, select Highest. As to th ins many images to transfer, it will improve user experience a lot with lower image quality. If yo nprove access speed and save bandwidth, deselect the option HQ text display.	
**		
Image Cac	hing	
() Enabled	Disabled	
	is option to make webpage scroll more smoothly, which will help to improve the experience of Office and PDF documents. If the CPU usage of remote server keeps high for long, disable this	
option		
Dynamic Ir	nage Filter	
O Enabled	Adaptive adjustment     O Disabled	
	Adaptive adjustment     Disabled scenarios, such as Flash, video and animation, which are not critical as business transactions,	

- 2. The following contents are under Lossy Compression:
  - Enabled, Disabled: If enabled, image displayed in remote application will be compressed according to specified image quality so as to speed up transmission.
  - HQ text display: Select it to keep text displayed clearly when image quality is decreased.
- 3. Configure image caching: If Enabled is selected, image will be cached in order to make

image scroll more smoothly, but it will also increase CPU usage of remote server.

- 4. The following information are included under **Dynamic Image Filter**:
  - Enabled, Disabled: If enabled, dynamic image, like Flash animation, will be filtered so as to save bandwidth and speed up access.
  - Adaptive adjustment: Select it to make dynamic images filtered adaptively.
- 5. Click **Save** to save the changes; or click **Cancel** to give up.

### **Data Transfer Optimization**

 Navigate to System > SSL Options > Network Optimization > Data Transfer to enter Data Transfer page, as shown in the figure below:

Application Access	Data Transfer	Webpage Access	WEB Cache	
High-Speed Tea	insfer Protocol (HT	(D)		
ingli opeca ila		<u>.</u>		
Enabled	(for network of	high latency and pa	acket loss rate)	
Advanced				
Cone-Way Acce	leration			
	and up transmission	n with high latency	and high packat k	vec ratal
	eeu op dansmission	n with ingri ratericy.	and ingri packet k	as intel
Byte Caching				
Enabled (It :	educes reducedant	data to save bandv	width and transmis	sion time)
-			navn ana siaranna	and a contract
Service Sta	tus:	Stopped	1	
Service Upt	timei			
Traffic (bef	fore/after optimizat	tion) 08 / 08		
Memory (a	vailable/total)	736.97M	B / 1005.83MB	
Disk Space	(available/total)	18.04GB	/ 19.31GB	
<ul> <li>Compression 0</li> </ul>	ptions			
🖌 Enable com	pression for Web a	pplication		
Enable com	pression for TCP ap	plication		
	steasion for the ap	in the second		

- 2. Configure the following contents on **Data Transfer** page:
  - **High-Speed Transfer Protocol(HTP):** Enable it to speed up access in a wireless network or in poor network environment.

🗹 Enabled	(for network of high latency and packet loss rate
Advanced	
1 Andread and a second and a se	

- HTP is the short name of High-Speed Transfer Protocol, which can optimize data transfer over the involved networks.
- At the client end, after user logs in to SSL VPN, he/she needs to enable HTP on **Optimization** page.
- Advanced: Click this button to enter the HTP Advanced Settings page, as shown below:

UDP Packet Size (MTU): 1	400	(integer between 200 and 1480)
Port:	143	(1-65535, better lower than 1024)
Startup Mode:	Autor	natic OManual
Max Probing Packets: 100	(5	50-500)
Automatically enable HTP v	when an	y of the followings is satisfied
1. Packet loss rate is or ov	er 7%	
2. Packet loss rate is or ov	rer 1	%(integer between 1 and 100)
and latency is or over	100	ms (integer between 50 and 10000)

Startup Mode indicates the way that HTP is to start up, automatically or manually.

If **Manual** is selected, HTP needs to be started by hand. If **Automatic** is selected, HTP will start up automatically according the network state (good, wireless or poor) of the endpoint detected by SSL VPN client software when users connect to SSL VPN.

Network state detection is based on the two conditions: a). Packet loss rate is or over 7%; b). Packet loss rate is or over \_ % and latency is or over \_ ms. Either condition may trigger start up of HTP. Generally, defaults are recommended to be adopted.



- Enable HTP option only takes effect when users access TCP resources over SSL VPN via IE browser (other kinds of browsers are not supported).
- Applying HTP needs the support of UDP port 443. If the Sangfor device is deployed in

**Single-arm** mode, do remember to configure the front-end firewall to map this UDP port to the Sangfor device.

• **One-Way Acceleration:** Enable it to speed up TCP-based tunnel service.



To enable one-way acceleration feature, you need to activate corresponding license first; otherwise, **Enabled** option turns gray, and you cannot select it.

• **Enabled:** Select this option so that redundant data will be compressed and that data transmission time and bandwidth consumption could be minimized.

nabled(It reduces redundant data to	save bandwidth and transm
Service Status:	Stopped
Service Uptime:	
raffic (before/after optimization)	ов / ов
1emory (available/total)	736.97MB / 1005.83MB
Disk Space (available/total)	18.04GB / 19.31GB

Compression Options: Select Enable compression for Web application and/or Enable compression for TCP application according. The former mean data related to Web applications will be compressed, while the latter means data related to TCP applications will be compressed.

Compression Optio	ins
Enable compres	sion for Web application
✓ Enable compres	sion for TCP application
Advanced	

 Advanced: Click this button to specify the compression algorithm for TCP application access, LZO or GZIP/ZLIB, as shown in the figure below:

Advanced Settings (TCP	App)	×
Compression Algorithm: 📀	LZO	O GZIP/ZLIB
	ок	Cancel

### Webpage Access Optimization

This kind of optimization utilizes system resources of the Sangfor device to handle images and therefore reduce data stream from/to public networks. It is an ideal feature for the users who are using PDA (Personal Digital Assistant) to access SSL VPN or the user's computer is in poor network. This feature should not be enabled for users in good network environment.

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > Network Optimization > Webpage Access and the Webpage Access page is as shown in the figure below:

Vebpage Access Optimization	
Enabled	
If image is smaller than 10 KB or larger th	han 2048 KB (max 2048KB), do not optimize the access to it
Enable image display(access is faster if NO	T checked; JPG,PNG and GIF images supported)
Reduce image size(JPG,PNG and GIF in	nages supported)
Opnamically To certain size, 50	% of the original image
Adjust image quality: heavily blurred	Y
options Reduce image size and Adjust image o	the second
reduced)	juality are checked, 1PG images will only adopt the latter, size being not
reduced) Advanced  pplicable Addresses of Webpage Access Optim  Add the URL address of webpage into the UF selected, only the accesses to the listed add optimized (according to the settings configur Wildcards '?' and '*' are supported. Example	<b>ization</b> RL address list (max 255 entries supported). If the addresses below is Iresses will be optimized; otherwise, only the accesses to them will NOT be
Advanced Advanced Advanced Add the URL address of webpage Access Optim Add the URL address of webpage into the UF selected, only the accesses to the listed add optimized (according to the settings configur Wildcards '?' and '*' are supported. Example Note: The resources whose addresses have	RL address list (max 255 entries supported). If the addresses below is fresses will be optimized; otherwise, only the accesses to them will NOT be red above). e: *.baidu.com , bbs.*.com , ???.so*.com , www.163.com , 200.200.200.200 been translated (masqueraded) will NOT match the URL that contains '*' an
Advanced Advanced Advanced Add the URL address of Webpage Access Optime Add the URL address of webpage into the UF selected, only the accesses to the listed add optimized (according to the settings configur Wildcards '?' and '*' are supported. Example Note: The resources whose addresses have 1 '?'.	RL address list (max 255 entries supported). If the addresses below is fresses will be optimized; otherwise, only the accesses to them will NOT be red above). e: *.baidu.com , bbs.*.com , ???.so*.com , www.163.com , 200.200.200.200 been translated (masqueraded) will NOT match the URL that contains '*' ar

The following are the contents included on Webpage Access page:

- **Enabled:** It is a global switch for webpage access optimization. Select this option and webpage access optimization feature will be enabled.
- To optimized access to webpage, set the image size limit, that is, configure If images is smaller than \_ KB and or larger than \_ KB.
- Enable image display: Uncheck this option to disable image display and therefore enhance

the access speed.

- Enable image display only applies to the images with any of the following extensions: .jpg, .png and .gif.
- Enable image display achieves the opposite optimization effect, comparing with the effect that Adjust image quality achieves.
- Reduce image size: Select it and then select Dynamically or To certain size \_% of the original image to reduce the image size and data. This feature applies to the images with any of the following extensions: .jpg, .png and .gif.

**Dynamically** indicates that the system will dynamically adjust the image size in accordance with the original size.

To certain size, \_ % of the original image indicates that image will shrink based on the original image and the proportion configured.

- Adjust image quality: This option leads to quality deterioration of image (jpg image supported only), though it helps to reduce the image data. Four options are available, namely, Smartly blurred, Slightly blurred, Blurred and Heavily blurred. This feature applies to .jpg images only.
- Advanced: Click this button and the Webpage Access Optimization Advanced Settings page appears, as shown in the figure below:

Restrictions	
Restore D	Default
System mer	nory used by it must be below 25 MB(24-256MB)
If available r	memory is less than 52 MB, stop optimizing (minimum 201MB)
If system CP	20 usage is higher than 80 %, stop optimizing (0-99)
Network Env	ironment Support
	essing targets at wireless network and network poor in access speed but
feature.)	more system resources. PC user is not recommended to use this
PDA	PC client (configurable)
Web appl	ication TCP application

Restrictions: Indicates the thresholds determining when webpage access optimization functionality will start up. These thresholds could minimize the impact that webpage access optimization poses on the running and performance of other modules. The restrictions include those on system memory usage and CPU usage. Each threshold has a default. Select the option Restore Default if you want to.



In no case will any of the thresholds be disabled.

- Network Environment Support: This part specifies the types of services and client-end network environment (PDA, PC client, Web app access and/or TCP app access) that can support webpage access optimization.
- Applicable Address of Webpage Access Optimization: Configure the URL addresses to have the access to them optimized or not optimized.

only the accesses to the liste (according to the settings cor Wildcards '?' and '*' are supp	age into the URL address list (max 255 entries supported). If the addresses below is selecte d addresses will be optimized; otherwise, only the accesses to them will NOT be optimized figured above). orted. Example: *.baidu.com , bbs.*.com , ???.so*.com , www.163.com , 200.200.200.200. ddresses have been translated (masqueraded) will NOT match the URL that contains '*' and
Applicable Addresses: O The	
Address	Add Address X
<b>[</b> ]	Address:
www.example.com	

The following are contents under Applicable Address of Webpage Access Optimization:

- Applicable addresses: If The addresses below is selected, only the access to the added URL addresses will be optimized. If Other addresses rather than the ones below is selected, access to any other URL addresses (except the added addresses) will be optimized.
- Add: Click it to add address into the list.
- Select: Click it and then select All or Deselect to select all the addresses or deselect the selected address.
- **Delete**, **Edit:** Select an entry and click it to remove or modify the address.



The two types of applicable address are alternative.

Wildcards "?" and "\*", and a maximum of 255 entries are supported.

### Web Cache

Web Cache is a feature based on IE caching mechanism. The contents that can be cached by Internet Explorer are cacheable for the Web Cache. With the Web Cache optimization function caching images, .js scripts, css (compression is not applied to transferring webpage data), response time of user's access request for the Webpage will be reduced.

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Network Optimization > Web Cache and the Web Cache page is as shown in the figure below:

pplication Access	Data Transfer Webpage Access WEB Cache
Web Caching	
✓ Enabled	
application Wildcard "	ng is intended for optimizing and speeding up the access to Web resources. And now it only supports TCP " indicates any character(s) and "?" indicates one character. Maximum 1024 entries supported. resources whose addresses have been translated (masqueraded) will NOT match the URL that contains '*' ar
Applicable A	ddresses:      The addresses below      Other addresses rather than the ones below
Address	
www.exa	imple.com

The following are the contents included on the **Web Cache** page:

- Enabled: Select it to enable Web Cache.
- Applicable Addresses: If The addresses below is selected, only the access to the added URL addresses will be optimized. If Other addresses rather than the ones is selected, access to any other URL addresses (except the added ones) will be optimized.
- Add: Click it to enter the Add Address page to add an entry, as shown below:

Add Address		×
Address:		
	OK	Cancel

- Select: Click it and then select All or Deselect to select all the addresses or deselect the selected address.
- Delete, Edit: Select an entry and click it to remove or modify the address.

## User Logging in

This section covers configuration on three pages, Login Policy, Login Page and Icon.

## **Configuring Login Policy**

Login policy is a kind of policy that not only sets the login page for connecting users at the client end but also specifies the default login method.

All users i	use a same login page		
Logir	Page: Template 1	V [View Thumbnails]	
🔘 Users use	different login pages (ye	ou need to customize and assign login page to specific	: user or gro
	HINGS HTTPS Port Mu	Itiline Policy	

If All users use a same login page is selected, configure the following:

- All users use a same login page: A global setting indicates that all the users will use the specified login page.
- Login Page: Specifies the login page that users use to log in to SSL VPN. It could be a built-in page or a custom login page.
- View Thumbnails: Click to view thumbnails of the built-in page template, as shown below:

		and and a stand
ault Template <u>[Zoom In] [Sel</u>	ect] Template 1 <u>[Zoom In] [Select]</u> Template 2	[Zoom In] [Select]

If **Users use different login pages** is selected, a user/group can only use the designated login page to access SSL VPN. Please do the following:

1. Click the **Yes** button to confirm choosing **Users use different login pages** as the policy selected. As shown in the following prompt, the HTTP login port and multiline policy of SSL VPN will be disabled.

Confirm	n			
?	Choosing it as login po you want to continue?	licy will disable HT	P login port and multiline po	licy of SSL VPN. Do
		Yes	No	

2. Click the **Configure** button on the **Login Policy** page to customize login pages and assign them to specific users/groups. If change is not saved, the following prompt will pop up:

Confirm	n			×
2			you want to save the cl	
		Yes	No	

3. Click the Yes button to save the change and enter the next page, as shown below:

/* Built-in template 1 The ones tied to no login policy Default login polic

4. Click Add and enter the Add Login Policy page to add a login policy, as shown below:

URL:			
Description:			
Applied To:			>>
Login Page:	Default Template	~	

- 5. Configure the following fields on the **Add Login Policy** page:
  - URL: Specifies the URL address of the homepage of SSL VPN. URL may contain https.

By default, it contains https.

- **Description:** Brief description of the user or group.
- Applied To: Specifies the users or groups that are associated with this login policy. Click this field and Users and Groups page appears, as shown below:

Users and Groups			×
Search 👂 🔄 🗉	Select 🕶	Search	P
⊕ 🗹 🐴 /	Name 🔺	Туре	
	🗹 🍰 Default group	Group	^
	🗹 🍰 L1	Group	
	DAP_Export	Group	
	🗹 🤷 Users	Group	
	🕈 🗹 🍰 bxtest	Group	
	🗹 🍰 cml	Group	
	🗹 🍰 qmx-group	Group	
	🗹 🍓 ssl	Group	
		/ 25 /page	~
		OK Can	icel

Select the desired users or groups to associate them with this login policy and click **OK**.

• Login Page: Specifies the login page that the specified users or groups will use to log in to SSL VPN. It could be a built-in page or a custom login page.



If Users use different login pages is the login policy, HTTPS port and multiline policy will be disabled. You can click the HTTPS Port and Multiline Policy links to enter the Login page to view HTTPS port settings and Multiline Options page to view the multiline settings respectively.

### **Configuring Login Page**

1. Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > Login Policy > Login Page. The Login Page is as shown in the figure below:

🔘 Add 🔻 🥥 Delete	🛃 Edit			
Page Name	Туре	Description	Operation	
LDAP	Built-in template		Download	

Click Add > By using built-in template to use built-in template as template or select By uploading custom page to upload a custom page as template to configure login page.

Basic Attributes			Fields marked * are requ
Name:		*	
Description:			
Template File:	Default Template	Y [View Th	umbnails]
User-Defined Att	ributes		
Page Title:			
Current Logo:	SAN	IGFOR	
New Logo:		Browse	
Background Color:	IMB.	, .gir, .jpg or .bmp, 1ma	age's pixel height cannot exceed 48 and size within
	ge: (HTML supported) n	nax 1024 characters)	
			^
h <mark>ers</mark>			
Preferred Login M	lethod: Any	*	
		Client Component	🖌 Download Repair Tool 🖌 Help Center
Available Links:			

If **By using built-in template** is selected, the contents are as shown in the figure below:

The following are the contents included in the above page:

- **Name:** Indicates the name of this login page.
- **Description:** Indicates the brief description of this login page.
- **Template File:** Specifies the system template based on which the login policy will be configured. To view the thumbnail of the built-in page template, click **View Thumbnails**.
- **Page Title:** Specifies the caption of the login page.
- **Current Logo:** Indicates the logo currently showing on the login page.
- New Logo: Upload a new logo to replace the current logo.
- Background Color: Indicates the background color of the login page.

- **Bulletin Message:** Enter the message into the textbox. This bulletin message will be seen on the portal after users log in to the SSL VPN. Maximum 1024 characters are allowed and HTML is supported. To preview the bulletin message, click **Preview**.
- Preferred Login Method: Specifies the default login method. Options are Any, Use password, Use certificate and Use USB key.

Preferred Login Method:	Апу	Y
	Any	-
Available Links:	Use password	
	Use certificate	
	Use USB key	

Available Links: Indicates the links displayed on login page. It include Download Client Component, Download Repair Tool and Help Center.



If Anonymous Login is enabled on SSL VPN > Authentication >Anonymous Login Options page, Preferred Login Method option becomes unavailable.

Jpload Custom Pag	Field	ds marked * are required
Name:	* Sample Files:	
Description:		le files may help you custon and modify any of the files a
Page File:	Browse * per your needs and Page File.	l then upload it via the field
	file extension: .zip. System will automatically decompress the file, so do use the right directory	<u>.1</u>
	efformation in the solution of the formation of the solution o	plate
Page Title:	structure to compress it. To customize a page, efer to the instructions (right).	12
393 (B)	structure to compress it. To customize a page, Built-in tem efer to the instructions (right).	12
325	efer to the instructions (right).	: <u>2</u> plate : <u>3</u>

If By uploading custom page is selected, the contents are as shown in the figure below:

Preferred Login Method:	Any		
Available Links:	✓ Download Client Component	✓ Download Repair Tool	Help Cent

The following are the contents included in the above page:

- Name: Indicates the name of this login page.
- **Description:** Indicates the brief description of this login page.
- **Page File:** Upload a page file though this field. The file extension must be .zip. At the right side of the page, there are instructions on how to upload a page file and three sample page files available.
- **Page Title:** Specifies the caption of the login page.
- Bulletin Message: Enter the message into the textbox. This bulletin message will be seen on the portal after users log in to the SSL VPN. Maximum 1024 characters are allowed and HTML is supported. To preview the bulletin message, click Preview.
- Preferred Login Method: Specifies the default login method. Options are Any, Use password, Use certificate and Use USB Key.

Preferred Login Method:	Any	~
	Any	
Available Links:	Use password	
	Use certificate	
	Use USB key	

- Available Links: Indicates the links displayed on login page. Options are Download Client Component, Download Repair Tool and Help Center
- 3. Click the **Save** button to save the settings on this page.

## **Uploading Icon to Device**

Recalling from the above section on configuring the login page, we know that when defining a login page, there is a field requiring logo. Except that configuration, images or icons are also needed in some other places. Such kinds of images used by Sangfor device could be uploaded to and managed on Sangfor device.

1. Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > Login Policy> Icon to enter the Icon page, as

shown in the figure below:

Login Policy	Login Page						
		Office			5	SANGPOR	10
		GANGFOR	2	ICO			

2. Click **Add** to enter **Upload Icon** page, as shown in the figure below:

oad Ic	on			
Path:			Browse	
	Select .jpg /.jpeg /.gif /.pr	ng /.ico file or .z	ip file.	
	Size of each icon file cann	ot exceed 1M a	nd zip file withir	n 8M.
	Zip file will be decompress	ed automaticall	y when being u	ploaded. D(

3. Browse an image file and click the **OK** button.

## Clustering

Cluster enables multiple independent servers (nodes) to work as single system and be managed as a single system. A node (in fact, a Sangfor device) in a cluster may be a real server being managed by one node master, or the dispatcher (a real server by nature).

While an Internet user accesses SSL VPN, the dispatcher will do scheduling and assign this session to a reasonable (most idle) real server to have this real server provide services to this user. In this way, the cluster can achieve the goal of enhancing system capacity and performance, and providing users with the best and most reliable services.

## Terminology

**Cluster:** A cluster is a multi-processor system that is loosely coupled with a group of independent computers. It can achieve the goal of coordinating the communication and data synchronization among the scattered computers.

Dispatcher: It works as the load-balancing device of a cluster. Dispatcher itself is a real server.

Real server: A single Sangfor device that works as real server in a cluster.

Node: A general name for dispatcher and real server.

**Cluster IP address:** The IP address that the cluster communicates with the networks outside the cluster. This IP address is also used by user to access the SSL VPN if cluster is enabled.

**Cluster key:** It is the key intended for communication among the clustered nodes, which helps to encrypt the relevant data.

Weight: Performance metric of a cluster node. 0 indicates that node is not reachable.

**Dynamical Weighted Least-Connection Scheduling:** Or DWLC in short, is the weight reported by each server of the processing ability. It is playing such a role that the number of established sessions to a server could be in certain proportion with the weight while new session is about to assigned to clustered nodes.

## **Main Features of Cluster**

- High performance
  - A new connection will be scheduled to an optimal node based on Dynamical Weighted Least-Connection Scheduling.
  - The consequent connections initiated by a same IP address will not be assigned to a different node, unless that IP address disconnects with the SSL VPN.

• Once the dispatcher receives a request, it assigns that request to a real server so that the real server will respond to the user.

#### High availability

- If a node gets into fault, this node will be removed from the available node list by the dispatcher when heartbeat detecting (a signal sent from LAN interface) timed out. The removal of this node from the available node list will only pose impact on the users that are being served by that node.
- When a new node joins in the cluster, the dispatcher will add it to the available node list.
- Once the dispatcher gets into fault, another node will be elected as the new dispatcher after two heartbeats in accordance with the priority (the higher priority a node has, the more likely it will be elected as dispatcher; if two nodes are of the same priority, the one that is higher in performance will take the place). Reelection of dispatcher will only pose impact on the users that are being served by the bad dispatcher.

#### Consistency of services

- If a new node joins in the cluster, it will download all the configurations and data from the dispatcher to keep consistent with it.
- Administrator is allowed to make configuration changes after it logs in the console of the dispatcher. Logging in to any other node, the administrator has the privilege to configure basic settings related to cluster, but can only view other SSL VPN configurations.
- Changes on any user or user information (such as password, hardware ID and mobile number) will be synchronized to all the other nodes in the cluster.
- Changes on database of any node will trigger data checking which is based on that of the dispatcher. If database of a node is found inconsistent with that of the dispatcher, all the nodes will download the configurations and database from the dispatcher and then restart the related services.

Some configurations and data will not be synchronized among the clustered nodes, but take effect on an individual node if operation is performed. These configurations and state information include network settings, logs, license, SSL VPN running status, restart device, configuration backup and restore, DHCP status, etc.

- No data checking will be performed if there is no change made on database; however, if database of any node changes, database of any other node will be checked.
- System time of the cluster group is synchronized from the dispatcher, keeping consistent with each other.
- System monitoring
  - On the dispatcher, administrator can view the resource utilization of each clustered node, or restart SSL VPN service, all services or devices.
  - Cluster online user list is also available on the dispatcher, including the information of which node each user is being served and the operation of disconnect the connecting user.

#### Hot plug of dispatcher

- Single node: A node can be elected as dispatcher in an interval of two heartbeats.
- **Dispatcher re-election:** If the dispatcher gets into fault, another node that has the highest priority will be elected as the new dispatcher in an interval of two heartbeats.
- **Dispatcher re-election mechanism:** If a newly-joining node is configured with the highest priority (the only one in a cluster that has such highest priority), then this node will first become a real server of this cluster group, and in an interval of two heartbeats, become the dispatcher, while the original dispatcher will be degraded and become a real server.
- Hot plug of node
  - Node joining cluster: During the interval of the first heartbeat, the newly-joining node will download data from the dispatcher, decompress the data and replace the original ones, restart the services and check data. After the above series of operations, it will become a real server officially.
  - Node getting into fault: During the interval of two heartbeats, the bad node will be removed from the available node list by the dispatcher.
- Reliability

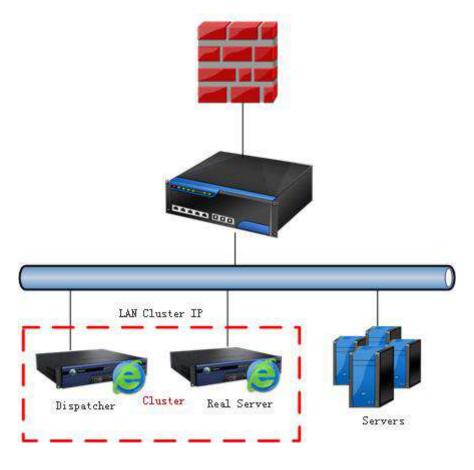
With cluster being enabled, user can use any service provided by SSL VPN as long as at least one clustered Sangfor device keeps running. If user is using a static cluster IP address to access the services but that node gets into fault, the online users related to that node will be disconnected and required to re-login.

## **Deploying Clustered Sangfor Devices**

## **Deploying Clustered Device in Single-Arm Mode**

For clustered nodes deployed in **Single-arm** mode, the configurations of internal and external interfaces are the same as those on an individual Single-arm Sangfor device (please refer to the Device Deployment section in Chapter 3). One additional configuration is **Cluster IP Address** of **LAN** interface (under **System** > **SSL VPN Options** > **Clustering** > **Cluster Deployment**).

Typical network topology of cluster in **Single-arm** mode is as shown in the figure below:



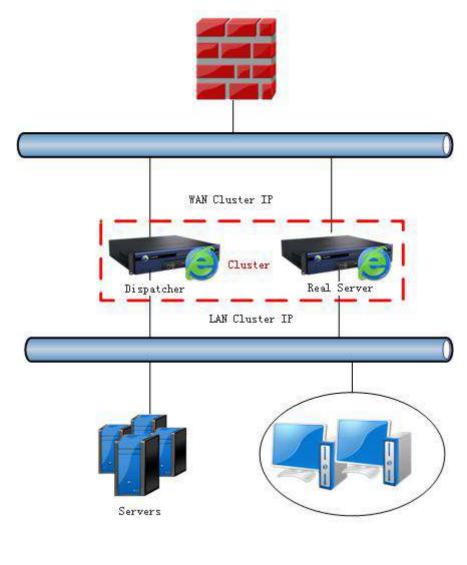
Δ

- LAN Cluster IP address on every clustered device should be identical.
- LAN interface IP address (configured in System > Network > Deployment) and the LAN Cluster IP (configured in System > SSL VPN Options > Clustering > Cluster Deployment) must be of a same network segment.

## **Deploying Clustered Device in Gateway Mode**

For clustered nodes deployed in **Gateway** mode, the configurations of internal and external interfaces are the same as those on an individual Gateway-mode Sangfor device (please refer to the Device Deployment section in Chapter 3). One additional configuration is **Cluster IP Address** of **LAN** interface and **WAN** interface (under **System** > **SSL VPN Options** > **Clustering** > **Deployment**).

Typical network topology of cluster in **Gateway** mode is as shown in the figure below:



# Δ

- LAN Cluster IP address on every clustered device should be identical; so is the WAN Cluster IP address.
- WAN interface IP address on every clustered device should be of a same network segment; whereas WAN Cluster IP address and WAN Interface IP address configured on a Sangfor device must NOT be a same network segment.

• Cluster will not work if the Sangfor device works as gateway and dials up to Internet.

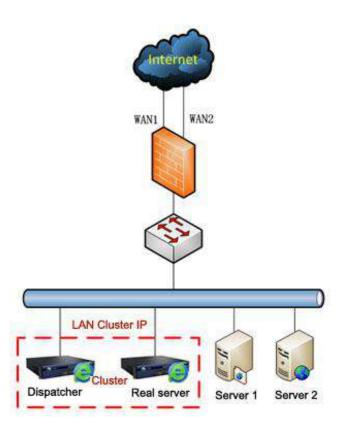
## **Deploying Clustered Device with Multiple Lines**

For clustered nodes deployed with multiple lines, the configurations of internal and external interfaces are the same as those on an individual Sangfor device that has multiple lines (please refer to the Device Deployment section in Chapter 3). One additional configuration is Cluster IP Address of LAN interface and WAN interface (under System > SSL VPN Options > Clustering > Deployment).

LAN Cluster IP address on every clustered device should be identical; so is the WAN Cluster IP address. As a Sangfor device has more than one line, the WAN Cluster IP addresses on every clustered device must be consistent.

## Single-Arm Sangfor Device with Multiple Lines

Typical network topology of cluster of Single-arm devices is as shown in the figure below:

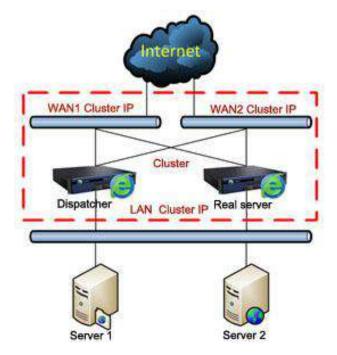




The cluster IP addresses configured on each clustered node (Sangfor device) should be consistent.

#### Gateway-mode Sangfor Device with Multiple Lines

Typical network topology of cluster of **Gateway-mode** devices is as shown in the figure below:



### **Configuring Newly-Joining Clustered Device**

Recalling from the above section, we know that cluster IP address for a newly-joining cluster needs to be configured. This section introduces how to configure the cluster IP address and other cluster related options for a device joining cluster.

1. Go to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Clustering > Cluster Deployment, as shown in the figure below:

Cluster: Cluster Key:	Enabled	O Disabled	aracters, contail	ning digit	and letter)	
Dispatcher:	O Elected by	/ priority level - Prior	ity Specifie	4	253	
Cluster IP Addr		e preferred (only on	e device in a clu	ster grou	) can select	this o

- 2. Configure the following basic settings of the cluster:
  - Cluster: It is a global switch to enable or disable the cluster functionality of the SSL VPN system. Select Enabled to enable cluster functionality and proceed to configure the related options.
  - Cluster Key: Specifies the secret key to be used by the cluster. This field configured on every clustered node should be identical. If not the same, the secret key configured on the dispatcher will be taken as the ultimate key.
  - Dispatcher: Specifies the way that dispatcher of the cluster is to be elected or specified. Select Local device preferred to specify this Sangfor device as the dispatcher; or select Elected by priority level to have the dispatcher be elected in accordance with the priority level that may be high, medium, low or user-defined value.

**High** means that the node is more likely to be elected as the dispatcher; **medium** indicates that the node is less likely to be elected as the dispatcher, while **low** indicates that node is least likely to be elected as the dispatcher.

The value of priority level, however, will be compared with those values configured on other clustered nodes. Opposed to what is indicated by the concept **High** or **Low**, the lower the value, the higher priority that node has, and the more likely it will be elected as the dispatcher. The node will be elected as the dispatcher that has the highest priority (with the lowest value).



For the option **This device preferred**, only one Sangfor device in a cluster group can use this option.

3. Specify the cluster IP address of LAN interface, DMZ interface and WAN interface.

Any Sangfor device that joins in a cluster should be configured with the same cluster IP

addresses as those on other clustered nodes.

LAN Cluster IP: Cluster IP address of LAN interface, being launched to external networks.

DMZ Cluster IP: Cluster IP address of DMZ interface, being launched to external networks.

WAN1 Cluster IP: Cluster IP address of WAN1 interface, being launched to external networks.

Netmask: Indicates the network mask of the corresponding cluster IP address.

WAN1 Interface Gateway: Specifies the gateway of the WAN1 interface.



Cluster IP address is a group of IP addresses of a cluster formed by more than one Sangfor devices, and will be launched to the external networks. These IP addresses configured on each clustered node must be consistent.

4. Click **Save** to save the settings.

#### **Viewing Clustered Node Status**

Clustered node information includes IP address of clustered node, node type (dispatcher or real server), CPU utilization of node, number of licenses each node can grant, connecting users of each node, as well as total licenses and total online users.

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > Clustering > Node Status and the Node Status page appears, as shown in the figure below:

Refresh   Dispa	tcher: Total L	icenses: 0 Total Online	e Users: 0 <u>View</u>			
ode IP 🔻	Туре	SSL VPN Status	CPU Usage	Licenses	Online Users	Operatio
	iype	SSL VPN Status	CPU Usage	Licenses	Online Users	Operatio
·						

To enter the administrator console of a clustered node, click the Login to Node link.

#### **Viewing Cluster Online Users**

Cluster online users information includes the number of users connecting to SSL VPN, username, IP address of user's host, IP address of the node that is providing services to connecting user and the time when the user connects in.

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > Clustering > Cluster Online User and the Cluster

**Online User** page appears, as shown in the figure below:

The following are the contents included on **Cluster Online User** page:

- View: Select an option to view a specific type of clustered nodes to show. It is All nodes by default.
- Refresh: Click it to refresh the status information on the Cluster Online User page.
- Disconnect: Click it to disconnect the selected user from the SSL VPN. .
- View Locked Users: Click it to view the locked users. Administrator can unlock them when viewing the locked users.
- Search: To search for a specific user, enter the keyword into Search field and then click the

magnifier icon **P** or press **Enter** key.

#### **Distributed Nodes**

### **Distributed Deployment**

With distributed deployment enabled and configured properly, the Sangfor devices scattered over the Internet could keep load-balanced.

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > Distributed Nodes to enter the Distributed Deployment page, as shown in the figure below:

Basic Settings			Fields marked * are require
Distributed Deployment:	18 - C	) <b>Disabled</b> it only when <u>WebAgent</u> is enabled)	
Shared Key:	SSLVPN	* (6 characters, containing d	ligit an <mark>d lette</mark> r)
Node Name:		Check Validity *	
Node Type:	Master node	🔘 Slave node	
Description:		(maximum 127	characters)
Sharing of Virtual IP Addr		IP pool	(NOT fit for dynamic virtual IP assignment)
) Each node uses	a separate virtu	ual IP pool	assignmenty
(Each node is assig	gned a virtual IP	pool and can only use the assigned	Set Virtual IP Pool

The following are the contents included on **Distributed Deployment** page:

- **Distributed Deployment:** A global switch intended for enabling or disabling distributed deployment of SSL VPN system. To enable the distributed deployment, select **Enabled**.
- Shared Key: Specifies shared key, no more than 6 characters. It is used for distributed deployment.
- Node Name: Specifies the name of the node (Sangfor device). After entering node name, click the Check Validity button to check on the WebAgent whether this name is valid.
- Node Type: Specifies the type of node. Master node indicates that the current node is a master node, while Slave Node indicates that the current node is a slave node.
- **Description:** Enter brief description for the node.
- All nodes share a same virtual IP pool: Indicates that all nodes share the settings of a virtual IP pool. This option is applicable to the case that administrator specifies a virtual IP address to the user when creating the user account. Users use their own specified virtual IP address to log in to distributed node. Please note that this option is not suitable for dynamic virtual IP assignment, because assignment of virtual IP addresses to connecting users of

different nodes may cause IP address conflict.

- Each node uses a separate virtual IP pool: Indicates that each node is assigned a different virtual IP range and its connecting users use those IP addresses in that pool only. The user who logs in to a distributed node will use an IP address assigned from its specific IP address pool, which can eliminate the possibility that the IP addresses assigned to users of different nodes conflict.
- Set Virtual IP Pool: Click this link to enter the Virtual IP Pool page and configure the virtual IP pools. Virtual IP addresses are to be used by the users while they are accessing the distributed nodes (please refer to the Configuring Virtual IP section in Chapter 3).
- Save: Click it to save the settings.



- Distributed deployment requires that WebAgent is enabled and configured properly.
- If Users user different login page option is enable on System > SSL VPN Options > Login
   Policy page, distributed deployment cannot be enabled.

### Viewing Status of Distributed Nodes

Status of distributed nodes include real-time status of the master node and slave nodes, such as name, IP address, type, description, status, number of licenses and online users of each distributed node.

Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > Distributed Nodes > Node Status and the Node Status page is seen, as shown in the figure below:

To enter the administrator console of a node, click the Login to Node link in the column Operation.

# Chapter 4 SSL VPN

SSL VPN covers configurations of Users, Resources, Roles, Authentication, Policy Sets, Remote Servers and Endpoint Security.

SSL VPN options are crucial, because they are the core of the entire SSL VPN system, in particular those in Users, Resources and Roles. The relationships among the three factors are: role is the joint where the user (group) and resource are associated; user in certain group can acquire the right to access certain resource as per the privileges and realms granted to that user group.

## SSL VPN Users

Users and groups are managed in a hierarchic structure. The users with similar attributes could be classified into a group which is further included in another higher-level user group. This kind of management is similar to and compatible with the interior organization structure of an enterprise, facilitating management of VPN users.

Navigate to **SSL VPN** > **Users** to enter **Local Users** page, as shown below:

Search Ref	Group: / Path: / Members: Immediate subgro ded):2 <u>View/Edit Attribute</u> :		groups:1, i	mmediate users	1, total users(s	subgroups in
	Name *	Туре	Descri	Public/Private	Status	
	🔲 🍰 Default Group	Group	Syste	Public	1	
	T A testi	User		Private	1	

In the left pane, there is a tree of user groups. Click on a group name, and the subgroups and direct users of that group will be seen in the right pane, with group information (**Group**, **Location**, number of **members**) displaying above right pane.

To search for a group, enter keyword of the group name into the **Search** field in the left pane and click the magnifier icon. The group will be highlighted in bold if found.

To see all direct and indirect users of the selected group, click Unfold All.

To delete the selected user or group, click **Delete**.

To choose the desired entries, click **Select** > **Current page** or **All pages**.

To deselect entries, click **Select** > **Deselect**.

To edit the attributes of a user or group, select the user or group and click Edit to enter the Edit User or Edit User Group page.

## **Adding User Group**

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users page. Click Add > User Group to enter Add User Group page, as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attributes			Fields mark	ed * are requ
Name:			*	
Description:				
Added To:	I.		>>	
Max Concurrent Users:	0	(0 ind	icates no limit)	
	Enabled	() Disabled		
	<u> </u>	nt group's attribute	s	
	✓ Inherit au	uthentication setting	gs.	
	🗸 Inherit po	olicy set		
	🖌 Inherit as	ssigned roles		
Authentication Settings				
Group O Public gro	up 🛞 Private	e group		
Primary Authentication			Secondary Authentication	
V Local password			Hardware ID	
Certificate/USB ke	y.		SMS password	
External LDAP/RAI	NUS	~	Dynamic token	~
	-			
Require: 🖲 Both	💮 Either	D:		
Enforce its users/subg	roups to inheril	t the authentication	settings	
Policy Set				
Policy Set: Default pol	cy set	23		
102 St 50 St 50				
Enforce its users/subg	roups to inheri	t the policy set		
Assigned Roles				
		» 👩		
Roles:		· · · ·	Create + Associate	

- 2. Configure **Basic Attributes** of the user group. The following are basic attributes:
  - Name: Enter a name for this user group. This field is required.
  - **Description:** Enter brief description for this user group.
  - Added To: Select the user group to which this user group is added. / indicates root group.

- Max Concurrent Users: Indicates the maximum number of users in this group that can concurrently access SSL VPN.
- **Status:** Indicates whether this user group is enabled or not. Select **Enabled** to enable this group; otherwise, select **Disabled**.
- Inherit parent group's attributes: Select the checkbox next to it and this user group will inherit the attributes of its parent group, such as the roles, authentication settings and the policy set.
  - Inherit authentication settings: Select the checkbox next to it and this user group will inherit the authentication settings of its parent group.
  - **Inherit policy set:** Select the checkbox next to it and this user group will inherit the policy set of its parent group.
  - **Inherit assigned roles:** Select the checkbox next to it and the current user group will inherit the assigned roles of its parent group.

#### 3. Configure Authentication Settings.

- **Group Type:** Specifies the type of this user group, **Public group** or **Private group**.
  - **Public group:** Indicates that any user account in this group can be used by multiple users to log in to the SSL VPN concurrently.
  - **Private group:** Indicates that none of the user accounts in this group can be used by multiple users to log in to the SSL VPN concurrently. If a second user uses a user account to connect SSL VPN, the previous user will be forced to log out.
- **Primary Authentication:** Indicates the authentication method(s) that is (are) firstly applied to verify user when he or she logs in to the SSL VPN. If any secondary authentication method is selected, primary authentication will be followed by secondary authentication when the users log in to the SSL VPN.

At least one primary authentication method should be selected, Local password, Certificate/USB key or External LDAP/RADIUS. However, two of them can form a combination.

- Local password: If this option is selected, the connecting users need to pass local password based authentication, using the SSL VPN account in this user group.
- **Certificate/USB key:** If this option is selected, all the user accounts in this group must own digital certificate or USB key (ordinary or driver-free USB key).
- External LDAP/RADIUS: If this option is selected, an external authentication server (LDAP or RADIUS server) should be specified, which means, the account user used to connect the SSL VPN must exist on the selected external authentication server (to configure external authentication server, refer to the LDAP Authentication section and RADIUS Authentication section in Chapter 4).
- **Require:** It helps to achieve combination of two primary authentication methods. Options are **Both** and **Either**.

**Both** means that the selected primary authentication methods (if two authentication methods are selected), and the user has to pass both the selected primary authentications.

**Either** means that the selected primary authentication methods (if two authentication methods are selected), and the user has to pass either of the selected primary authentications.



- The available authentication servers are predefined. If there is no authentication server available in the drop-down list, navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication > Authentication Options page and configure the LDAP server or RADIUS server accordingly.
- Local password and External LDAP/RADIUS are alternative.
- Secondary Authentication: Secondary authentication is optional and supplementary authentication methods. Select any or all of them to require the connecting users to submit the corresponding credentials after he or she has passed the primary authentication(s), adding security to SSL VPN access.
  - Hardware ID: This is the unique identifier of a client-end computer. Each computer is composed of some hardware components, such as NIC, hard disk, etc., which are unquestionably identified by their own features that cannot be forged. SSL VPN client software can extract the features of some hardware components of the terminal and generate the hardware ID consequently.

This hardware ID should be submitted to the Sangfor device and bind to the corresponding user account. Once administrator approves the submitted hardware ID, the user will be able to pass hardware ID based authentication when accessing SSL VPN through specified terminal(s). This authentication method helps to eliminate potential unauthorized access.

As mentioned above that multiple users could use a same user account (public user account) to access SSL VPN concurrently, it is reasonable that a user account may bind to more than one hardware IDs. That also means, an end user can use one account to log in to SSL VPN through different endpoints, as long as the user account is binding to the hardware IDs submitted by the user from those endpoints.

**SMS password:** Implementation of this authentication requires that user's mobile number is available. Administrator configures the mobile number while adding or editing user account(for more, refer to Adding User section in chapter 4). If this option is selected, connecting user must enter the received SMS password after he or she passes the primary authentication and is going through SMS authentication, as shown in the figure below:

SHS THE REAL	To log in, you should go through SMS authentication			
	SMS Password:	Submit		
	If message is not receiv	ed for long, click get again		

If the user fails to receive any text message containing SMS password, he or she can click **get again** to get a new SMS password.

SI15	To log in, you sl	nould go through SMS authentication.
	SMS password ha	s been sent to your mobile phone.
	SMS Password:	Submit

If message is not received for long, click get again

# Δ

- By default, SMS authentication will not be enabled if mobile number is not configured. SMS authentication comes into use only after, a). mobile number has been configured; b). **SMS password** has been selected; c). the required options on **SMS Authentication** page have been configured properly.
- Each user account supports only one mobile number. By default, the mobile number starts with China's international code 86. If necessary, change this number to the international code of your own country (refer to the instructions on SMS Authentication page to configure SMS message delivery module).
- Dynamic token: If this option is selected, a RADIUS authentication server must be specified, which means, the account that user is using to connect SSL VPN must exist on the selected RADIUS authentication server (to configure RADIUS server, refer to the RADIUS Authentication section in Chapter 4).
- Enforce its users/subgroups to inherit the authentication settings: If this option is selected, the subgroups and users included in this group will inherit the authentication settings configured above. However, its subgroups and sub-users could still use the other unselected authentication methods or use a different external authentication server, in addition to the inherited ones.

#### The combinations of authentication methods are as follows:

- a. Local password + SMS password/Hardware ID/Dynamic token
- b. Certificate/USB key + SMS password/ Hardware ID/Dynamic token
- c. External LDAP/RADIUS + SMS password/Hardware ID/Dynamic token
- d. Local password + Certificate/USB key + SMS password/Hardware ID /Dynamic token

- e. External LDAP/RADIUS + Certificate/USB key + SMS password/Hardware ID /Dynamic token
- 4. Associate policy set with user. A policy set is a collection of various access policies, which should be associated with user or group to control access to and use of SSL VPN (for details, refer to the Adding Policy Set section in Chapter 4).

Click on **Policy Set** field to enter **Policy Set** page and select a policy set, as shown below:

Po	licy Set				×
	Edit		Sea	rch	P
	Name	Descrip	tion		
	Default policy set	System	protected,	unable to be	
	Security				
	System tray				
	A Page 1 of 1 🕨 🕅	<b>O a</b>			
14	a Page i ori v vi	Show 25	5 /page		

To edit a policy set, select a policy and click Edit.

To confirm the selection, click the **OK** button and the selected policy set will be filled in **Policy Set** field.

If the desired policy set is not found in the list, click **Create + Associate** to create a new policy set and associate it with the user group. The procedures of adding a policy set is the same as that in Adding Policy Set section.

**Enforce its users/subgroups to inherit the policy set:** If this option is selected, the subgroups and users in this user group will also use this policy.

- 5. Assign roles to user group. For the procedures of configuring role, refer to the Adding Role section in Chapter 4.
  - a. Click on **Roles** field to enter the **Assigned Roles** page, as shown below:

Assigned Roles		×
🔾 Add 🤤 Delete 📓 Edit		
Role Name	Description	

b. Click Add to enter the Select Role page, as shown below:

Select Role		×
	Search	2
Role Name	Description	
Network Co	System created security group due to role mapping.	
Remote De	System created security group due to role mapping	
🔲 test		
gmx_all_res		
Web-Service		
RemoteApp		
Role2		
🗹 Rolei		
gmx-role		
🔲 testUser		
14 4 Page 1	of 1 🕨 📲 🧬 Show 25 /page	
	OK Cance	

c. Select the checkbox next to the desired roles and click the **OK** button. The roles are added in to the **Assigned Roles** page, as shown below:

Assigned Roles	×	
🔇 Add 🤤 Delete 📓 Edit		
Role Name	Description	
Role1		
Role2		

- d. Click the **OK** button and name of the assigned role is filled in the **Roles** field.
- e. If the desired role is not found in the list, click **Create + Associate** to create a new role and associate with the user group. The procedures of creating a role is the same as that in Adding Role section).
- f. To remove a role from the list, select the role and click **Delete**.
- g. To edit a role, select the role and click **Edit**.



No user group can be added to **Default Group** or **Anonymous Group**.

## **Adding User**

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users page. Click Add and select User to enter the Add User page, as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attribute	5	01001001001001001001001001001	Fields marked * are requ	red
Name:	8	*	Certificate/USB Key: none	
Description:			Generate Certificate   Import Certificate   Create	JSB K
Password:			Virtual IP: Automatic O Specified 0.0.0.0	]
Confirm			Expiry Date: Never O Specified	1
Mobile Number:			Status: 🖲 Enabled 🛛 Disabled	
Added To:	T	>>	Offline Access: Offline access is not enabled in policy set	
	<ul> <li>Inherit authenticat</li> </ul>	tion settings		
Authentication	Contractor			
Authentication User Type: O	Public user  Private user		Secondary Authentication	
User Type: 🔘	Public user  Private user		Secondary Authentication	
User Type: ) Primary Auth	Public user  Private user			
User Type: Primary Auth Local pa: Certificat	Public user  Public user user		Hardware ID	
User Type: Primary Auth Local pa: Certificat	Public user user hentication ssword te/USB key		Hardware ID SMS password based	
User Type: Primary Auth Local pa: Certificat	Public user entication ssword te/USB key LDAP/RADIUS		Hardware ID SMS password based	
User Type: Primary Auth Local pa: Certificat External Require: Policy Set	Public user entication ssword te/USB key LDAP/RADIUS		Hardware ID SMS password based	

- 2. Configure **Basis Attributes** of user. The following are the basic attributes:
  - **Name:** Enter a name for this user. This field is required.
  - **Description:** Enter brief description for this user.
  - Added To: Select the user group to which this user is added.
  - **Password**, **Confirm:** Enter the password of this user account.
  - **Mobile Number:** Enter the mobile phone number of the user. If SMS authentication is applied to this user, mobile phone number must be specified so that user can get SMS password through text message.
  - Added To: Specifies to which user group this user is added.
  - Inherit parent group's attributes: If selected, the current user will inherit its parent group's policy set and authentication settings. If not selected, the authentication settings and policy set could be different from those of its parent group.
    - Inherit policy set: Indicates that the policy set of this user is the same with its

parent group.

- Inherit authentication settings: Indicates that the authentication settings of this user are the same with its parent group.
- 3. Create and generate digital certificate for this user.
  - a. To generate a certificate, local CA should be enabled on SSL VPN > Authentication > Certificate/USB Key Based Authentication page. If it is not enabled, click the Generate Certificate button and a prompt dialog will pop up, as shown below:

Genera	ating certificate failed.	×
j)	Please enable local CA in <u>Certificate and USB Key</u> .	

If local CA is enabled, click the **Generate Certificate** button to enter the **Generate Certificate** page, as shown below:

Country:	CN	Department:	section
State:	GD	Issued To:	89
City:	SZ	E-mail:	email@mail.com
Company:	company	Valid To:	2024-11-22
Certificate Password:			₩2

- b. Configure the fields on the above page. Since these fields are known by their name, we only introduce the following:
  - **Issued To:** Indicates the username of the SSL VPN account. This field is read-only.
  - Certificate Password: This password is required while user imports or installs the digital certificate on his or her computer. Please inform the corresponding user of this password after configuration is completed.
- c. Select the checkbox next to **Remember and take settings as defaults** and the settings in all the fields will be remembered (exclusive of **Certificate Password** and **Issued To**)

and be re-used when generating certificate for users next time.

d. Click the **Generate** button to start generating the certificate. When it completes, the following prompt appears:



e. Click the **Download Certificate** button and select a path to save the certificate to the computer. File extension of the certificate is .p12. Then certificate key will be shown in **Certificate/USK Key** field, as shown in the figure below:

Certificate/USB Key:	123456789ABCDEF2	[Local CA]	
	Generate Certificate	Import Certificate	Create USB Key

f. Import Certificate option is used to import user certificate for the user being authenticated with third-party digital certificate. Click Import Certificate to enter the Import Certificate page, as shown below:

port Certificate				
Certificate File:		CZ 20197-1445CS 24 141	Browse	
*.cer,*.crt,*.pfx,*.p1		te file from local	PC. File extension:	
Certificate	1			
Password:	j.	1		
Certificate Issued	dy	×		
By:				

Select certificate file from local PC and specify certificate password and certificate issuer. Click **OK** to save the settings. Then you will see the certificate key, as shown below:

Certificate/USB Ke	ey: E417FD8BC5FC01AB	[External CA]	
	Generate Certificate	Import Certificate	Create USB Key

Put the cursor on "External CA", you will see an editing icon **Section**. Click on it and you can change user binding field and the external CA to which the certificate belongs.

Certificate/USB Ke	y: E417FD8BC5FC01AB	[External CA] 📓	
	Generate Certificate	Import Certificate	Edit USB Key

- 4. Generate USB key for the current user. The USB key can be with driver or no driver-free.
  - a. Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication > Authentication Options and click the USB Key Driver link and USB Key Tool link to download and install USB key driver (file name is dkeydrv.cab) and USB key tool (file name is DKeyImport.exe) respectively, as shown in the figure below:

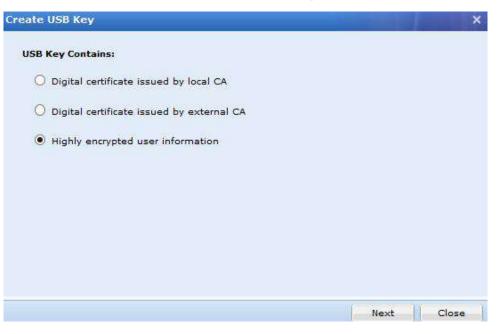


- b. Install the USB key driver as instructed.
- c. Run USB Key Tool and install the tool on the computer.



Installing USB Key Tool requires "administrator" privilege on the computer. Otherwise, installation will not be complete.

d. Click the Create USB Key to enter Create USB Key page, as shown below:



If **Digital certificate issued by local CA** is selected, the USB key should contain a digital certificate issued by the internal CA of the device (local CA) and user information, USB key PIN acting as password. Every time the user logs in to SSL VPN with USB key, he or she has to enter the PIN.

ountry:	CN	Department:	section
tate:	GD	Issued To:	8
ity:	SZ	E-mail:	email@mail.com
ompany:	company	Valid To:	2024-11-22
IN:		Confirm PIN:	
54	Remember and ta B key and click Crea	ike settings as defaults	

If **Digital certificate issued by external CA** is selected, the USB key should contain a digital certificate issued by the external CA and user information, USB key PIN acting as password. Every time the user logs in to SSL VPN with USB key, he or she has to enter the PIN.

Create USB Ke	v.			×
Import digital o	certificate issued b	y external CA.		
Certificate File :		Browse		
	File extension: .pl	fx or .p12		
Certificate Issued By:	External CA	~		
Certificate Password:	-			
PIN:				
Confirm PIN:				
Back			Create	ie )

Above are two of the solutions, using ordinary USB key, which records the digital certificate and writes it into the USB key. The other solution is to use driver-free USB key, which means that the connecting user can directly use the USB key without installing the USB key driver.

If **Highly encrypted user information** is selected, the USB key will store user's strictly-encrypted features (unique identifier) based on which the connecting user will be verified, as shown in the figure below:

	εγ		×
Highly encrypt	ed user informati	ion	
PIN:			
Confirm PIN:			
Plug in the US	B key and click C	Create.	
ring in the ot			
Plog in the Or			
Lend in the o			
ring in the di			

Enter and Confirm the PIN. Insert USB key into computer and click Create to create

USB key.

To create USB key containing **Highly encrypted user information**, you could go to **Certificate/USB Key Based Authentication** page and configure the USB key models whose plugging in or unplugging can lead to user login or logout (for more details, refer to the Configuring USB Key Model section in Chapter 4), as shown in the figure below:

Sup	norted	USB	Kev	Model

Third-party USB key supported. logout.	Client software can read the USB key when user logs i	n. Unplugging key leads to us
🔘 Add 🤤 Delete 📓 Edit		
Name	Model	Status
USB Key V2	Vid_096e*Pid_0302	1
USB Key V3	Vid_5448*Pid_0003	4
USB Key V3-2	Vid_5448*Pid_0001	4

5. Assign virtual IP address to user. Virtual IP address will be assigned to connecting user automatically or manually when he or she connects to the SSL VPN.

Select either **Automatic** or **Specified** to have the system assign an available virtual IP address to the connecting user randomly or specify a virtual IP address to the user.

If **Specified** is selected, click **Get Idle IP** to obtain an available IP address or fill in a virtual IP address into the textbox by hand. This IP address will be assigned to the user in due course. However, if the entered IP address is not included in the virtual IP pool (that has been assigned to its parent group) or is being used by another user, a prompt of IP conflict will appear, as shown below:



- Automatic virtual IP address assignment applies only to private user.
- By default, user inherits the attributes of its parent group, such as authentication options, policy set, etc. However, you could uncheck the option Inherit parent group's attributes and specify an authentication solution for a specific user.
- Configure valid time of the user account. Expiry Date indicates the date on which this user account will get invalid. If Never is selected, the user account will be valid always. If Specified is selected, select a date as expiry date.
- 7. Configure status of the user account. This user account will be enabled (valid) if **Enabled** is selected or disabled (invalid) if **Disabled** is selected.
- 8. Configure Authentication Settings. For details, please refer to the Adding User Group section in Chapter 4.
  - **Public user:** Indicates that multiple users can use the user account to access SSL VPN concurrently.
  - Private user: Indicates that only one user can use the user account to log in to the SSL VPN at a time. If a second user uses this user account to connect SSL VPN, the previous user will be forced to log out.
- 9. Associate user with policy set. For detailed guide, please refer to the Adding User Group section in Chapter 4.
- 10. Assign roles to user group. For detailed guide, please refer to the Adding User Group section in Chapter 4.
- 11. Click the Save button and the Apply button to save and apply the settings.

#### **Searching for Users**

At the upper right of **Local Users** page, there is a **Search** tool intended for searching for user or group, as shown below:



To search for user or group by username, description, virtual IP or mobile number, click and select **Search by xxx**, enter the keyword and click the magnifier icon or press **Enter** key.

To search for a specific user or category of users with specific criteria, click **Advanced Search**. The criteria for advanced search are as shown in the figure below:

Search By:	All	
Search Among:	All	~
Authentication:	All	*
Certificate (ssued By:	No limit.	~
Account Expi	res In: 3 days	
Inactive For	Over: 3 days	

Search criteria are type of keyword, keyword, type of users, authentication method, certificate issuer, expiry date and idleness of the user account.

To sort users by name or description, in ascending or descending order, click column header Name or Description.

To specified columns to display on this page, click the downwards arrow icon and select the desired **Column** item in the drop-down list, as shown in the figure below:

🖪 Columns	Name Name
	💟 Туре
	Description
	Valid To
	📄 Last Login
	Mobile number
	Virtual IP
	Public/Private
	Status

To filter users and view only one category of users, click column header Type, as shown below:

Name 🔺	Тур	Descriptio
🗖 🚨 ddd	All	
🔲 🚨 fast	Use	er Group
	Use	er
	Ext	ernal User
	Inte	ernal User
	Cer	rtificate User
	Dis	abled User
	Byt	e Cache User

## **Managing Hardware IDs**

Among the tools on Local Users page, there is an item Hardware ID. Click it to enter the Hardware ID page, as shown below:

Delete 📝 Select 🔹 🤘	Approve Import Ex	¢port ✔ Unfold All View All	¥ 49	Back Search by Userna	ame + Searc
earch 👂 🚱	🔲 Username 🔺	MAC Address	Host Name	Hardware ID	Status
<u>A</u> 1					
zhuyong_users					
Anonymous group					
Default Group					
🚰 Default Group					

The following are some optional operations on Hardware ID page:

- **Delete:** Click it to remove the selected user and/or group.
- Select: Click Select > All pages or Current page to select all the hardware IDs or only those showing on the present page; or click Select > Deselect to deselect users.
- **Approve:** Click it and the selected hardware ID(s) will be approved and the corresponding user will be able to pass hardware ID based authentication.
- View: Filter the hardware IDs. Choose certain type of hardware IDs to show on the page, All, The approved or Not approved hardware IDs.
- Search: Use the search tool on the upper right of the page, to search for hardware ID based on username or hostname.
- **Import:** Click it to import hardware IDs by hand, as shown below:

	ension: "dat, "txt. Id Example File	
File:	Select a .dat or .txt file	Browse
	Overwrite the user owning a	same name

For the file format and the way of maintaining the file that contains hardware IDs, click the **Download Example File** link to download a copy to the local computer and main the hardware ID as instructed.

**Overwrite the user owning a same name:** If it happens that any imported user owns the name of an existing user, selection of this option would have that user imported and overwrite the existing user, including hardware ID and other information.

Click the Browse button to select a file and then Upload button to upload it.

**Export:** Click it to export the desired hardware IDs and save them into the computer, as shown in the figure below:

Export:	🔘 All hardware IDs		
	Hardware IDs of	specified group	
	1	55	Subgroup included

a. Specify the hardware IDs that you want to export.

To export all the hardware IDs, select the option **All hardware IDs** and then click the **OK** button. All the hardware IDs will be written into a file that will then be saved on the computer.

To export the desired hardware IDs of a specific user group, select **Hardware IDs of specified group** and click the textbox to specify a user group, as shown below:

	×
P 🗄 🗉	
	22 2
	the second se

b. Click the **OK** button and the name of the selected user group is filled in the textbox, as shown in the figure below:

Export:	O All hardware IDs			
	Hardware IDs of specifie	ed group		
	/Default group/	>>	Subgro	oup included

- c. To also export the hardware IDs of the users that are included in the subgroups of the specified user group, select the checkbox next to **Subgroup included**. If this option is not selected, only the hardware IDs of the direct users in the selected group will be exported.
- d. Click the **OK** button to write the hardware IDs into a file and download the file into the computer.

## **Importing User to Device**

Ways of importing users fall into two types: one is **Import users from file** and the other is **Import users from LDAP server**, as shown in the figure below:

iearch 🚺	Group: /				
<u>A</u> 1	Path: /				
🔚 Default Grou	Members: Immediate suboro	oups:1, total sub	groups:1, immediate users:1, total users(	subaroups includ	led):2
	View/Edit Attributes			adagradpa mela	
	view Earc Attributes	2			
	Name +	Туре	Description	Public/Private	Status
	🗖 🦂 Default Group	Group	System protected, unable to be deleted	Public	1

#### **Importing Users from File**

1. On the Local Users page, select Import users from file to enter the Local Users - Import Users from File page, as shown in the figure below:

15.1	ocal Users - Import Users from File
	Select a specific way of importing
	Import Users from File (*.csv)
	O Import Users from Digital Certificate
	O Import User Group Tree From File (*.xml)

2. Select a way of importing.

If Import Users from File (\*.csv) is selected, the contents included are as follows:

Import Users from File (	(*.csv)
	n of Comma Separated Value. It is a plain text and can be edited in Excel spreadsheet. You nee sers first and then click the menu File -> Save As (select file type CSV) to save the file. <u>Download</u>
Select File:	Browse
✓ If the specified group	o does not exist, create it automatically
And an end of the second state of the	
If no location is speci	ified for user, import it to:
If no location is speci /Defsult Group/	ified for user, import it to:
	25
/Default Group/ In case user already exit	25
/Defsuit Group/ In case user already exis	sts in local device: and overwrite the existing user
/Defsuit Group/ In case user already exis	sts in local device:
/Defsuit Group/ In case user already exis	sts in local device: and overwrite the existing user

- Select File: Browse a CSV file that contains user information, such as username, path, description, password, mobile number, virtual IP address, etc., among which the username is required, and others are optional. For more details on how to maintain and edit the CSV file, click the Download Example File link to download a copy and refer to the instructions in it.
- If no location is specified for user, import it to: This specifies the user group to which these users will be added if the Added to Group column is not filled in for some users in the CSV file.
- If the specified group does not exist, create it automatically: This happens if the Added to Group of some users in the CSV file does not match any of the user groups existing on this Sangfor device.
- In case user already exists in local device: This means the imported user's name conflicts with an existing user's name. Select Go on importing and overwrite the existing user to overwrite the existing one, or select Skip importing the user that already exists not to overwrite the existing one.
- Next: Click it to import the users and add them into the specified user group.

If Import Users from Digital Certificate is selected, the contents included are as follows:

File extension: .cer,	crt, .p12, .pfx or .zip (size	within 20MB	).
Select File:	İ.	Browse	
Certificate Password:			
Added to Group:	/Default Group/		
Certificate Issued By:	Local CA	~	
Configure User			
Description:			
Password:			
Confirm:			
Mobile number:			

- Select File: Browse a certificate file with the .cer, .crt, .p12, or .pfx extension; or browse a ZIP file with certificates to import the user accounts of these certificate users.
- Certificate Password: If certificate owns a password, fill in the certificate password.
- Added to Group: This specifies the user group to which this certificate user is to be added.
- Custom attributes: If this option is selected, configure the following fields, namely, Description, Password, Confirm and Mobile Number. These certificate users will inherit the attributes specified here after they are imported into the specified user group on this Sangfor device; otherwise, these certificate users will inherit the attributes of its parent group (specified by Added to Group), with description, password and mobile number being null by default.

If Import Group Tree From File (\*.xml) is selected, the contents included are as follows:

Docal Users - Import 100 Import	rt Users from File		
Import User Gro	up Tree From File (*.)	cmi)	
Select File:		Browse	
	Select a .xml file.		
	Download Example F	<u>ile</u> (right-click on it and	click Save Target As)
Added to Group:		35	

- Select File: Browse the XML file that you have edited. For more details of how to
  maintain the file, click the Download Example File link to download a copy and refer
  to the instructions in it.
- Added to Group: This specifies the user group to which the group tree will be added.
- 3. Configure the corresponding options on the above pages.
- 4. Click the **Finish** button to import the users.

#### **Importing Users from LDAP Server**

1. On the Local Users page, select Import users from LDAP server, and the LDAP Server page appears, as shown in the figure below:

🕜 Add 🤤 Delete 🛃 Edit   🚳 Ir	nport Users				Back to Authentic	ation Options
Name	Description	Address	Port	User Base DN	Automatic Import	Status
67.245-ActiveDirectory		200.200.67.245	389	DC=sangforued,	No	1

2. Click Import Users to enter Import Users from LDAP Server page, as shown below:

Import Users from LDAP S	erver		
Import Users From LDA	P Server		
LDAP Server:	67.245-ActiveDirectory	,	
Users:	designer;ssl;translator		Browse
Added to Group:	/LDAP_Export	>>	
Solution:	Oopy user group tree	ee to	target group and import users
	O Add all users into ta	rget	group but ignore user group tree
If User Exists:	💿 Go on importing use	er to	overwrite the existing one
	O Skip this user, not o	overw	vriting the existing one
Automatic Import			
Enable automatic imp	ort		
Interval:	D Every 120 minu	utes (	(1-1440)
	O Every day, 💌 00.0	0	×

- 3. Configure the Import Users from LDAP Server page.
  - LDAP Server: This shows the name of the current LDAP server.
  - Users: Click it to enter the Users page and select the users that you want to export from the LDAP server and add into the list on Local Users page, as shown below:

Users	×
Import: 💽 Users recursively 🔿 Individual users 🖻	
🖻 🗔 🙆 sangforued	
🗉 🗖 🚰 Configuration	
- 🗌 🚔 Schema	
🗉 🗔 🚰 DomainDnsZones	
🛓 🔲 🚰 ForestDnsZones	

You could either import user recursively or import individual users. If **Importing user** recursively is selected, and the users and groups on the LDAP server will be added into this Sangfor device as a whole, without altering its OU structure. If **Importing individual users** is selected, the users to be imported are the selected users.

- Added To Group: This specifies the user group to which these users will be added after they are imported into this Sangfor device.
- Import: Indicates the solution of importing users. One is Copy user group tree to target group and import users and the other is Add all users into target group but ignore user group tree. The former option indicates that the organizational unit (OU) on the LDAP server together with the users will be synchronized to this Sangfor device, while the latter option means that only the users will be added to the specified group.
- If User Exists: This means name of LDAP user is the same as that of local user (on the Sangfor device). Select Go on importing user to overwrite the existing one to replace the existing user with the one that are being imported from the LDAP server, or select Skip this user, not overwriting the existing one to skip importing the user and go on importing the others without replacing the existing user with a new one.
- Automatic Import: This indicates whether the users will be automatically imported into this Sangfor device and added to the specified group in due course. If Enable automatic import is selected, configure interval to have the users in specified group imported into the Sangfor device periodically. What worth being mentioned is that the auto-importing result could be referred to in Maintenance > Logs.



The objects imported automatically include users and groups.

4. Click the **Save and Import Now** button to save the changes and import the users. When user import completes, the result will show up at the top of page.

## **Moving Users to Another Group**

1. On the Local Users page, select the desired user/group(s) and click Move (on the toolbar) to enter User Groups page, as shown below:



- 2. Select a user group to which the user/group(s) is added.
- 3. Click the **OK** button.

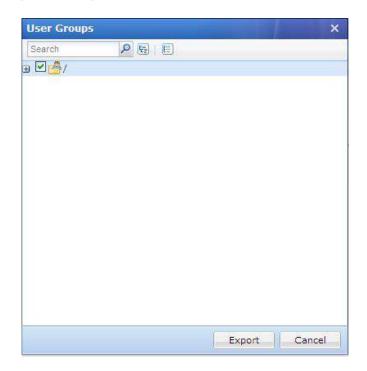
## **Exporting Users**

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users page and click More > Export to enter the Export User File page, as shown in the figure below:

cport Users	
Export the Group Tree Current Admin is in Charge:	Export
Export Specified Users/Groups:	Select
Note: 1. If you fail to open the file online, sa	ve the user file into the local PC and then open it in Excel or Notepa
	ve the user file into the local PC and then open it in Excel or Notepa iver-free USB Key, Binding Field of its certificate is null.

2. Select the objects that you want to export.

Two solutions are available, **Export the Group Tree Current Admin is in Charge** and **Export Specified Users/Groups.** If the former is selected, the organization structure in the current administrator's administrative realms will be exported. If the latter is selected, users on specified groups will be exported, as shown below:



3. Select the desired user group and then click the **Export** button. The selected user will be written into a CSV file and saved on the local computer.

The exported user information includes username, group path, password (encrypted by an algorithm developed by SANGFOR), mobile number, virtual IP address, description and the time user logged in last time, as shown below:

#Username	Added to Group	Password	Mobile Number	Virtual IP	Description	Last Login
hubin	/ssl	{ }	13666261525			Never logged in
webfs	1	{ }				Never logged in
hgfdhgfd	1	{ }	13666261525			Never logged in
lwq	1	{ }				Never logged in
aa	1	{ }				Never logged in
ZSW	1	{ 30ec222ccd	Ofdc1e6 }			Never logged in
gfd	1	{ }				Never logged in
jhfg	/cml/gfds	{ }				Never logged in
lala ▶ ► userli	/sst st	{ 197fba712	56ab35f3 }			Never logged in

## Associating Roles with User

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users page and click More > Associate with role to enter the Roles Associated With xxx page, as shown below:

🚯 Add \ominus Delete		
	Long comment	
Role Name	Description	

2. Click Add to enter the Roles page, as shown in the figure below.

Ro	les		×
		Search	P
	Role Name	Description	
	Network Configuratio	System created security group due to role mapping	
	Remote Desktop Users	System created security group due to role mapping	
	test		
	qmx_all_res		
	Web-Service		
	RemoteAppUser		
	Role2		
	Role1		
	qmx-role		
	testUser		
<		100 Contraction (100 Co	>
N		.≱∥	
		OK Cance	:I )

The roles on **Roles** page are all the roles predefined under SSL VPN > Roles > Role Management.

- 3. Select the checkboxes next to the roles that you want to associate with the selected user or group.
- 4. Click the **OK** button and then the **Submit** button to save the settings.

#### **Configuring SSO User Account**

SSO feature facilitates user to perform one-stop access to the resource that has enabled SSO. When the connecting user clicks on the resource name on the **Resource** page, he or she will directly visit that resource with the Sangfor device helping him or her submit the required credentials (username and password of the user account).

SSO user account should be configured if SSL VPN user account has associated with any resource that allows SSO.

To configure SSO user account for a user, perform the following steps:

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users, select a desired user and click More > Configure SSO user account to enter the SSO User Accounts page, as shown below:

SSO User Accounts			×
🛃 Edit 🛛 🐼 Select 👻	Instructions	Search	Q
Resource Name	SSO User Account	1	1
🔲 🍓 Apple	test11		
🔲 🍓 Facebook	test11		
🔲 🍓 ftp16	test11		
🔲 🍓 test_sso_res	test11		

2. Select the desired resource(s) to edit the SSO user account, as shown below:

SSO User Acc	ounts				×
Edit 📝 Selec	t 🕶		Instructions	Search	Q
Resource Na	me	SS	SO User Account		1
🔲 🎯 Apple		te	st11		
🗹 🍓 Facebool	¢	te	stll		
🔲 🍓 ftp16	Edit SSO	User Account	A DECEMBER OF	×	
🗌 🍓 test_sso		have been selec the SSO user acc			
	Username:	test11			
	Password:				
			K Cance	el 🔰	

3. Enter the username and password of the SSO user account into the corresponding fields, and

click the OK button. The newly created SSO user account is configured.

4. Click the **Close** button and the **Apply** button on the next page to save and apply the changes.

#### **Generating Multiple Certificates for Users**

To save time and trouble, generating certificates for a bunch of users is a good choice.

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users page and click More > Generate multiple certificates, as shown below:

Search 👂 🗄 🗉	Select 🔹	Search	P
9 🗹 🤷 /	Name *	Туре	
	🗹 🤔 Default group	Group	^
	🗹 🤷 L1	Group	
	DAP_Export	Group	
	🗹 🍰 Users	Group	
	* 🗹 🤔 bxtest	Group	
	🗹 🤷 cml	Group	
	🗹 🍐 qmx-group	Group	
	SSI	Group	~
5		Show 25 /page	

2. Select the desired users and click the **Next** button to create and generate multiple certificates, as shown below:

Country:	CN	Department:	section	
State:	GD	Issued To:	same as usemame	
City:	sz	E-mail:	none	
Company:	сотралу	Valid To:	2024-11-22	13
Certificate Password :	•			

Configure the fields on the page. The following are the contents:

- Configure the required fields, such as Country, State, City, Company, Department, Valid To and Certificate Password. E-Mail is not configurable. Issued To shows the username and is not configurable.
- Remember and take settings as defaults: If it is selected, the settings in all the fields will be remembered (exclusive of Certificate Password and Issued To), so that they could be reused when generating certificate for a bunch of similar users next time.
- 3. Click Generate to generate certificates for the specified users one by one, as shown below:

	e Certificates - Generating
Generating certi	ificate. DO NOT close the window.
This is the N	lo. 0 certificate generated, in all 3028

4. To save the certificate to the computer, click the **Download Certificate** button.

## **Configuring Multiple Users Assigned To CA**

If you want to assign multiple users to one third-party CA, perform the following steps:

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users page, and click More > Multiple Assigned To CA, as shown below:

Search 🤌 🚱 🕒	Select 👻	Search	1
	Name 🔺	Туре	
- 🗹 🚰 zhuyong_users - 🗌 📥 Anonymous group	🕅 🤷 zhuyong_users	Group	
🗉 🗖 🚰 Default Group	🔲 🍰 Anonymous group	Group	
	Default Group	Group	
		(Tradition Selector)	
Assigned to CA: External CA		Group	

- 2. Select the desired users and/or group, then specify the CA to which you want to assign these users.
- 3. Click **OK** to save the settings.

## **Creating Multiple USB Keys for Users**

To save time and trouble, creating USB keys for a bunch of users is a good choice.

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users page and click More > Generate multiple USB keys to enter the following page:

	The USB key purchased from the supplier is standard. Select the type as per your case.
1	JSB Key Model:
	USB key containing digital certificate
	Note: It needs a local CA-issued certificate to be written into USB key. To configure
	local CA, <u>click here</u>
	USB key containing user information
	Note: This type of USB key stores the encrypted user information that is the unique
	identifier of a user. When user logs in, the system verifies the user based on the
	information. If it refuses to work, <u>click here</u> to enable USB key.

2. Select USB key type (take **USB key containing digital certificate** for example) and click the **Next** button, the next step is as shown below:

iearch 🖉 🗄 🖪	Select *	Search 🖌
	Name *	Туре
Anonymous group	T 🙆 zhuyong_users	Group
🗌 🚰 Default Group	🔲 🍰 Anonymous group	Group
	Default Group	Group

3. Select the desired users and/or groups and click the **Next** button to proceed, as shown below:

USB Кеу Туре:	USB key containing dig	ital certificate		
Country:	CN	Department:	section	
State:	GD	Issued To:	Seme es username	
City:	sz	E-Mail:		
Company:	company	Expire On:	2016-10-21	3
Default PIN:		Confirm PIN:		

4. Configure the required fields. Click the **Create** button and the process is as shown below:

	write user info into the USB key, click "Create". To s e previous user, click "Previous".	kip this user, click "Skip". To process
<b>tt</b> Descri	iption: none	Total:7 This is the No. 4 user
PIN:	Create	

5. Every time when the process stops here, insert a physical USB key into the USB port of the computer, enter PIN and click the **Create** button to write information of the current user into the USB key.

To give up creating USB key for a user, click the Skip button to skip that user.

To rewrite information into the USB key of the previous user, click the **Previous** button.

To stop writing user information into and generating USB key, click the Finish button.

6. After creating USB key, give the USB key to the corresponding user and the user could use the USB key to log in to SSL VPN.

### Viewing Associated Resources of User

To see what resources are available to certain user or group, select that user or group and click **Associated Resource**. The resources available to the selected user or group are as shown below:

<b>Resources Available to "Default</b>	group"	×
Resource Name	Description	
leg bbs-qmx		~
0.3		
🝓 FileShare		
(a) ftp		
🝓 ftp16		
(a) share03		
C/S_Res		
<pre>(@ test_sso_res</pre>		
🤕 host	123456	
(a) fileshare		
🗟 fdsa	sadsd	
🛞 dsadsa	dsad	~
🕅 🔄 Page 1 of 2 🕨 🕅 🧶	Show 25 /page	1-25 of 50
		Close

## Resources

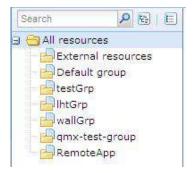
The resources we are talking about in this user manual are the resources that can be accessed by specified users over SSL VPN.

Resource type falls into **Web** application, **TCP** application, **L3VPN** and **Remote Application**. Navigate to **SSL VPN** > **Resources** page appears, as shown below:

🕽 Add 🔹 🥥 Delete 🛛 🛃 Edi	L 19	Select 🔹 😽 Move 🐧	lew All	*	>> Search b	y Name 🔸	pearon	
iearch 👂 😨		Name 🔺	Туре	Description	Address	Port	Status	
All resources		📑 hyq_test	Resou				1	
External resources		📙 zhuyong_rc	Resou				4	
hyq_test		📋 External resou	Resou	Visited via LD			1	
- 🚽 zhuyong_rc		🔒 Default group	Resou	System prote			1	
		All subnet L3V	VIPALL	All hosts in L	*	1 - 65	1	
		🗔 ie	REMO				1	
		I3vpn_0.20	HTTP		200.200	80	1	
	•	Ttp_0,17	HTTP		200,200	80	1	
		All subnet We	НТТР	All hosts in L	*		1	
		🔝 定制	HTTP		200.200	80	1	

A resource group could contain a number of resources entries. Similar to user management, resources could be grouped according to categories and associated user or group, etc. This kind of management is welcomed by majority of administrators because it makes resources more distinguishable.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources and click on the resource group, and the resources included in the group are displayed on the right pane. The resource group tree is as shown in the figure on the right.



**External resources** is a group protected by system and cannot be deleted; however, its attributes could be modified. All the resources contained in this resource group are the resources associated with LDAP users.

**Default group** is also a group protected by system and cannot be deleted, but its attributes could be modified.

## **Adding/Editing Resource Group**

1. Click Add > Resource Group to enter Edit Resource Group, as shown in the figure below:

>> Add Resource Group	
Basic Attributes	
Name	*
Description	
	✓ Enable resource group
View Resour	ces:
🔵 In icons	84*84
	If any remote app resource is contained in resource group,size of resource icon can only be 32*32.
) In text	Show description
Added To	/
Authorized Ad	nin Load Balancing Resources
Search	PEE

- 2. Configure **Basic Attributes** of the resource group. The following are the basic attributes:
  - Name, Description: Indicates the name and description of the resource group respectively. This name will be seen on Resource page after user logs in to the SSL VPN successfully.
  - View resource: Indicates the way resources are displayed on Resource page, in icon or in text. If In Icons is selected, define the icon size, 48\*48, 64\*64 or 128\*128, so that the resources will be displayed in icon as wanted. If In Text is selected, you may select Show description of the resource. To manage icons, refer to the Uploading Icon to Device section in Chapter 3.
  - Added To: Indicates the resource group to which this group is added. This also means that the administrative privilege over this resource group is moved from the creator (who created this resource group) to its high-level administrator, while the creator has no right to edit this resource group and the resources in it.



It is normal that the creator is unable to see the resource group and its resources on the administrator console, if the administrative privilege over a resource has been moved from the creator to its high-level administrator.

- 3. Specify **Authorized Admin** who will have the right to manage this resource group and the right to grant other administrators the right to manage this resource group.
- 4. Configure Load Balancing Resources feature when a resource group has multiple resources of the same type, but with different IP addresses. Sangfor device will distribute the resource, elected by corresponding weight, to client. The resources contained in Load Balancing Resources tab are attached with weight that ranges from 1 to 9 (by default, it is 5), as shown below:

Enable Resource Load Balancing		Instructions
🛃 Edit		
Resource Name	Weight(1-9,default is 5)	
Sangfor BBS	5	
google	5	
microsoft	5	
Apple	5	
Twitter	5	
🗍 ftp16	5	
share03	5	



- A resource could be included in only one resource group.
- Maximum 100 resource groups are supported.
- 5. Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

### **Background Knowledge: Load-Balanced Resource Access**

Assume that three resources named **Web1**, **Web2** and **Web3** are created based on three servers providing services, and are added into a new group **Website homepage**. The three resources have the same settings but different IP addresses; weights for load balancing are **5**, as shown below:

A	uthorized Admin Load Balancing Resources	
	Enable Resource Load Balancing	Instructions
	Edit	
	Resource Name	Weight(1-9,default is 5)
	Web 1	5
	Web 2	5
	Web 3	5

### Working Principle

The background actually ensures that a load-balancing resource has been generated already. Administrator can see that resource while editing a role to associate user with resources (under SSL VPN > Roles > Edit Role), as shown in the figure below:

Edit Role			
Select Resource	Туре		Description
Search 👂 🔂 🖻	M	Searc	:h
All resources	Resource Name *		Description
Website hompage	🕑 📰 [Website hompage_auto_	balancer_rc]	
	🕑 🍓 Web 1		
- WallGrp	🗹 🍓 Web 2		
lhtGrp	🗹 闷 Web 3		

If the associated resource **Website hompage\_auto\_balancer\_rc** of the role is assigned to users or groups, the first five connecting users will access the resource launched by **Web 1**, the second five users access the resource launched by **Web 2** and the third five connecting users access the resource launched by **Web 3**. Through this way, load of the three servers is kept balanced (to associate resources with user or group, refer to the Adding Role section in Chapter 4).

The load balancing resources available to the designated user will show as follows after the user logs in to the SSL VPN:

SANGFOR		Welcome test11   Settings   Optimiz	vencer li destines
<b>Y</b>		http://www.example.com.cn	Go
Resource Group	🔺 To avoid data leakage risk, you'd better not save account	on public device.	
Default group	Web 1	Type:HTTP	
testGrp	No description		
Website hompage	Web 2	Type:HTTP	
IntGrp	No description		
gmx-test-group	Web 3 No description	Туре:НТТР	
RemoteApp	[Website hompage_auto_balancer_rc]	Type:HTTP	Load Balance

To access the same resource provided by a different server, connecting user needs only to click the **Load Balance** button.

### **Adding/Editing Web Application**

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources page and click Add > Web app to enter Edit Web Application page, as shown below:

	outes		Fields marked * are re
Name:		*	
Description	1		
туре:	нттр		
Address:	7	*	
Added To:	Default group	35	
	Enable resource Visible for user Enable resource address	: masquerading	
SSO	Authorized Admin Accounts B	Sinding URL Access Control	Site Mapping

- 2. Configure **Basic Attributes** of the Web application. The following are the basic attributes:
  - Name, Description: Indicates the name and description of the Web resource. This name
    may be seen on the Resource page after user logs in to the SSL VPN successfully.

- Type: Options are HTTP, HTTPS, MAIL, FileShare and FTP.
- Address: Indicates the address of the resource. Enter the IP address or domain name of the Web server that is to be visited by user while this resource is requested.

If the selected Web application type is **HTTP** or **HTTPS**, the fields are as shown below:

Basic Attri				
Name:				]*
Description				1
ype:	HTTPS	×		
Address:				*
Added To:	Default group		>>	ľ

- Address field is required. The address must begin with http:// or https://, for example, http://200.200.0.66 and https://200.200.0.66.
- If resource address is domain name or hostname, add a host entry to map the domain name/hostname to the actual IP address (in System > Network > Hosts, refer to the Configuring Host Mapping Rule (HOSTS) section in Chapter 3), or configure the DNS server of the Sangfor device and ensure it can resolve the local domain names (in System > Network > Deployment).

If the selected Web application type is **MAIL**, enter the IP address of the SMTP server in the **Address** field and configure **SMTP Port**, **IMAP Port** (defaults are recommended) and **Domain Name** (of the mailbox) the fields, as shown below:

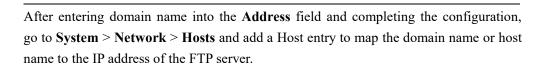
outes			
			*
MAIL	Y		
			*
SMTP Port:	25	*	
IMAP Port:	143	*	
	MAIL SMTP Port:	MAIL 💌 SMTP Port: 25	MAIL 💌 SMTP Port: 25 *



To enable users to use this type of email receiving and sending, the mail server must support protocol **IMAP**.

If the selected Web application type is **FTP**, enter IP address or domain name of the FTP server into the **Address** field, and configure **FTP Port** of the FTP server that users are going to connect to (default is recommended), as shown below:

Basic Attri	butes	
Name:	i.	
Description		
	FTP	
Type:		
Address:		
	FTP Port: 21	*
Added To:	Default group	>>



- Added To: Indicates the resource group to which this resource is added. By default, the selected resource group is Default group (to configure resource group, refer to the Adding/Editing Resource Group section in Chapter 4).
- Icon: Indicates the icon for this resource, which could be seen on the Resource page if this resource is added to a group that has its resources shown in icons. Select an icon, or click on the icon to upload a new one.

To browse an image and upload it from the local PC to the device, click **Upload** (for detailed guide, refer to the Uploading Icon to Device section in Chapter 3).

- Visible for user: To have connecting users see this resource on the **Resource** page, select this option. Invisibility here only means that the resource will not be seen on the **Resource** page; in fact, it is still accessible to the user.
- Enable resource address masquerading: To conceal the true IP address of the resource,

select this option.

3. Configure SSO tab.

To enable user to access corporate resources over SSL VPN using SSO, select **Enable SSO** option and configure the **SSO** page (under **System** > **SSL VPN Options** > **General**. For more details, refer to the Configuring SSO Options section in Chapter 3). Enable SSO on SSO tab and specify login method, as shown below:

SSO Authorize	d Admin Accounts Binding	URL Access Control Site Mapping
Enable SSO		
Login Method:	Auto fill in form	Advanced
140 <del>-</del> 0 2 0.000 -000	Auto fill in form	
	Set auto-access request NTLM SSO Basic SSO	

### 4. Configure Authorized Admin tab.

Specify the administrators who will have the right to manage this resource and the right to grant other administrator the privilege to manage this resource.

elect the ad	ministrator gr	oup(s) that	will be aut	horized to ac	lminister this	resource.
Search	P 15	E				
S - 41						

- The authorized administrators cannot edit the resource. They only have the right to assign this resource to users (in other words, to associate resources with the role under SSL VPN > Roles > Edit Role) and to grant other administrators (in its permitted realm) the privilege to manage this resource, rather than the privilege of editing the resource.
- Please it keep in mind that the privilege of editing a resource always belongs to the creator who has created this resource as well as the administrator with higher privilege. The authorized administrators cannot see those resources in **Resources** page, but can see and associate them with users on the **Add Role** or **Edit Role** page.
- 5. Configure Accounts Binding tab, as shown in the figure below.

acket Format:	HTTP POST	*	
ncoding:	UTF-8	~	
1			 >
			2

If Verify user by analyzing packet is selected, the SSL VPN account will bind to the account for resource access, in the way that packet is obtained as specified according to **Packet Format** and the others settings. For end user, he or she needs to use the corresponding SSL VPN account and resource access account to access the resource over SSL VPN, other user accounts being unable to match the credential.

Web application, TCP application and L3VPN support accounts binding.



6. Configure **URL Access Control** tab. This achieves the control over users' access to certain directory of a server, user being able or unable to access the specified directory.

Enable URL access control		Set Access-Denied Prompt Page	Instructions
Only allow access to the URLs below	Only deny access to the URLs below	N T	
🔇 Add 🥥 Delete 📓 Edit			

Select **Only allow access to the URLs below** to allow user to access the specified ULR in the list, or select **Only deny access to the URLs below** to forbid user from accessing the specified ULR in the list. To add a new URL, click **Add** to enter the **Add URL** page, as shown below:

Address:		
		Cancel
	ок	

Please note that the URL access control feature is only available while Web application type is **HTTP**, **HTTPS** or **FileShare**. The other two types of Web application (**MAIL** and **FTP**) do not support this feature.

7. Configure Site Mapping tab.

so	Authorized Admi	n Accounts Binding	URL Access Control	Site Mapping
Enable	d			
Char	aina mode or	port requires VPN se	nvices to restart	
Char	iging mode of	porciequites venise	vices to restart.	
Mode:	• VPN Port	🔘 Domain		
Port:	1			
	write webpage			

Select **Enabled** to enable site mapping feature. Administrator can specify a VPN port or domain name mapping to this Web resource. VPN User accesses this Web resource via the specified VPN port or domain name.

If **VPN Port** is selected, you need to enter VPN port number in **Port** field, which cannot conflict with other ports in use; if **Domain** is selected, the domain name is required, and it should be a public URL of SSL VPN. To ensure the domain name can be resolved on client PC, add a Host entry on client PC. User cannot connect to SSL VPN though the specified domain name if **Domain** is selected.

To rewrite webpage on client, select **Rewrite webpage contents**. Checking this option is recommended.



- Site mapping and resource address masquerading features cannot be enabled together.
- Site mapping feature is only available while Web application type is HTTP, HTTPS. The other types of Web application (FileShare, MAIL and FTP) do not support this feature.

- For the resource enabling site mapping feature, it can be accessed only through clicking resource link. It is not accessible through typing resource address into the **URL** field.
- 8. Click the **Save** button and the **Apply** button to save and apply the settings.

After the user logs in to the SSL VPN, he or she will see the available resources on the **Resource** page, as shown below:

CANCEOD		Welcome test11   Settings   Optimiz	ation   Log Out
SANGFOR		http://www.example.com.cn	Go 🕨
Resource Group	🔒 To avoid data leakage risk, you'd better not se	ve account on public device.	
📕 Default group	All subnet L3VPN resources		
iestGrp			
HtGrp	test_sso_res	Type:HTTP	

To access an available Web resource, the user needs only to click the resource link, or enter resource address into the URL field and click the Go button.



Web resources could be accessed via all types of browsers including non-IE browsers.

### **Adding/Editing TCP Application**

TCP application is a type of resource that allows end users to use TCP-based application on their local computer to access corporate resources and servers over SSL VPN.

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources and click Add > TCP app to enter the Edit TCP Application page, as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attributes		Fields marked * are require
Name:		*
Description:		
Туре:	нттр	
Address:		
Program Path:		Browse
10 mm	Path could be absolute path and en	
	Path could be absolute path and en	vironment variable (e.g., %windir%)
Added To: Icon:	Default group	
Added To: Icon:	Default group **	

- 2. Configure **Basic Attributes** of the TCP application. The following are the basic attributes:
  - Name, Description: Indicates the name and description of the TCP resource. This name
    may be seen on the Resource page after user logs in to the SSL VPN.
  - **Type:** Indicates the type of the TCP application. Some common types are built in the Sangfor device.

This selection determines the port number entered in the **Port** field automatically. If the TCP application is not any of the built-in types, select **Other** and configure the port manually.

Address: Indicates the address of the TCP resource. To add one entry of address (IP address, domain name or IP range), click the Add Address tab. To add multiple entries of addresses, click the Add Multiple Addresses tab, as shown in the figures below:

dd/Edit Resource Address	>
Add Address Add Multiple Addresses	
As to domain resource, check whether you	have configured <u>Local DNS</u>
IP or domain	P range
IP/Domain:	8
Port: 80 - 80	a:
Enable resource address	masquerading
	24 - 124
dd/Edit Resource Address	OK Cancel
dd/Edit Resource Address Add Address Add Multiple Addresses	
	Example:
	Example: <u>10.10.10.20/80:80</u> <u>1.11.11-2.2.22/80:80</u>
	Example: <u>10.10.10.20/80:80</u> <u>1.11.1-2.2.22/80:80</u>
	Example: 10.10.10.20/80:80 1.11.1.1-2.2.22/80:80 https://www.domain.com:
	Example: 10.10.10.20/80:80 1.11.1.1-2.2.22/80:80 https://www.domain.com:
	Example: 10.10.10.20/80:80 1.11.1.1-2.2.22/80:80 https://www.domain.com:



- Port indicates the port used by this TCP application to provide services. For built-in types of TCP applications, this port is predefined. For Other type of TCP application, enter the corresponding port number.
- If resource address is domain name, navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Local DNS to configure local DNS server (for detailed guide, refer to the Configuring Local DNS Server section in Chapter 3).
- Program Path: Indicates path of the client software program that may be used by C/S (client/server) application.
- Added To: Indicates the resource group to which this resource is added. By default, the selected resource group is Default group (to configure resource group, refer to the Adding/Editing Resource Group section in Chapter 4).
- Visible for user: To have connecting users see this resource on the Resource page, select this option. Invisibility here only means that the resource is not seen on the

Resource page, in fact, it is still accessible to the user.

- Enable resource address masquerading: To conceal the true IP address of the resource, select this option.
- 3. Configure SSO tab.

To enable connecting users to use SSO feature to access corporate resources over SSL VPN, select **Enable SSO** option and configure the **SSO** page (under **System** > **SSL VPN Options** > **General** > **SSO**. For more details, refer to the Configuring SSO Options section in Chapter 3).

SSO Authorized	Admin Accounts Bi	nding	URL Access Control Others
Enable SSO			
	The second second		
Login Method:	Auto fill in form	Y	Advanced
Login Methodi	Auto fill in form	~	Advanced

#### 4. Configure Authorized Admin tab.

Specify the administrators who will have the right to manage this resource and the right to grant other administrator the privilege to manage this resource.



	3	1	2	
1	0		2	
	1	Y.	1	
	1			

- The authorized administrators cannot edit the resource. They only have the right to assign this resource to users (in other words, the right to associate resources with the role under SSL VPN > Roles > Edit Role) and to grant other administrators (in its permitted realm) the privilege to manage this resource, rather than the privilege of editing resource.
- Please it keep in mind that the privilege of editing a resource always belongs to the creator who has created this resource as well as the administrator with higher privilege. The authorized administrators cannot see those resources in the **Resources** page, but can see and associate them with users on the **Add Role** or **Edit Role** page.
- 5. Configure Accounts Binding tab, as shown in the figure below.

erify user by analy	1		Resource is accessible	e to user using the designated SSO user acc
Packet Format:	HTTP POST			
Encoding:	UTF-8	~		

If Verify user by analyzing packet is selected, the SSL VPN account will bind to the account for resource access, in the way that packet is obtained as specified according to **Packet Format** and the others settings.

If **Resource is accessible to user using the designated SSO user account** is selected, end user has to use the corresponding SSL VPN account and designated SSO user account to access this TCP resource over SSL VPN, other user accounts being unable to match the credential.

Web application, TCP application and L3VPN support accounts binding.



- To enable end users to single sign in to a resource, enable SSO for that resource (under SSL VPN > Resources > Edit TCP Application > SSO tab) and bind the SSL VPN account to the SSO user account (to configure SSO user account, refer to the Configuring SSO User Account section in Chapter 4).
- Applying Verify user by analyzing packet does not required SSO to be enabled.

#### 6. Configure URL Access Control tab.

This achieves the control over users' access to certain directory of a server, user being able or unable to access the specified directory.



Please note that URL access control feature is only available while the selected TCP application type is **HTTP**. The other types of TCP applications do not support this feature.

7. Configure Others tab. This tab covers two options, Protect crucial files and Apply smart recursion, as shown in the figure below:

files			
1000 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			
Edit			
	Edit	and an area	E.0.80.000

- Apply smart recursion: Select this option to apply smart recursion to this resource. Before doing so, go to System > SSL VPN > General > Resource Options > TCP App to enable and configure smart recursion. For more details, please refer to the Background Knowledge: What is Smart Recursion? in Chapter 3 and Scenario 4: Configuring and Applying Smart Recursion in Chapter 3.
- Protect crucial file: This feature is intended to lock some crucial files that might be invoked by the process while user is accessing the Internet by using Socket connection, so that these crucial files will not be altered during SSL VPN access. If any of these protected processes and crucial files is altered, the corresponding resource would not be accessible to the user.

To add crucial files, perform the following steps:

a. Click the Edit button next to Crucial File to enter the Files page, as shown below:

🕜 Add		Environment variables supported	All files	~
	File 🔺	MD5		

- b. Click Add > Process related file to select the process (file extension is .exe).
- c. The selected file and all the involved DLL files are added to the **Files** page, with the information of file directory and MD5, as shown in the figure below:

Files			×
🔘 Add 👻 🥥 Delete 🛛 File Path: 🛛 Enviro	onment variables supported	All files	~
File 🔦	MD5		
1 🔲 🍓 D:\Program Files\La	cabb8ef9cddacd86c0a6fb94b502732a		
2 🗖 🔂 .\adlib.dll	36c91b3210aac33345446c3085cfd5f0		
3 🗆 🙆 .\LHNet1.dll	6c72f809573f5a270092c40bfb43e1a8		

- d. To view a specific type of file, dll, exe or pdb, specify the file type in the textbox at the upper right of the page. By default, all files are displayed.
- e. To remove an entry, select the checkbox next to the entry and click **Delete**.
- f. Click the **OK** button to save the settings.



- While any user is accessing the resource, none of the protected files can be altered.
- The first time TCP resource is accessed by end user over SSL VPN, the TCP component may be installed on the computer automatically. However, installation of TCP component requires administrator privilege on the computer. If any firewall or anti-virus software is installed and runs on the client PC, it will block installation process. To ensure the component installed successfully, terminate the firewall or anti-virus software first.
- 8. Click the **Save** button and then the **Apply** button to save and apply the settings.

### **Adding/Editing L3VPN**

L3VPN is a type of resource based on IP protocol, allowing end users to use TCP/UDP/ICMP based application on their computer to remotely access corporate resources and servers over SSL VPN.

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources page and click Add > L3VPN to enter the Edit L3VPN page, as shown in the figure below:

				Fields marked * are require
Name:			*	
Description:				
Туре:	нттр	Y Proto	col: TCP	
Address:			0	
Program Path:			Browse	
	Default group	>>>	and environment variab	(e.g., 300010136)
Added To:				
Added To: Icon:	ICO			
Icon:	✓ Enable res	source		
Icon:	✓ Enable res	source	URL Access Control	

- 2. Configure **Basic Attributes** of the L3VPN. The following are the basic attributes:
  - Name, Description: Indicates the name and description of the L3VPN. This name may be seen on the **Resource** page after user logs in to the SSL VPN successfully.
  - **Type:** Indicates type of the L3VPN. Some common types are built in the Sangfor device. This selection determines the port number entered in the **Port** field automatically. If the L3VPN is not any of the built-in types, select **Other** and configure the port by hand.
  - Protocol: When the selected L3VPN type is Other, Protocol is selectable. Options are All, TCP, UDP and ICMP. Select the protocol according to the L3VPN you are defining.
  - Address: Indicates address of the L3VPN. To add one entry of address (IP address, domain name or IP range), click the Add Address tab. To add multiple entries of addresses, click the Add Multiple Addresses tab, as shown in the figures below:

Add/Edit Resource Address	×
Add Address Add Multiple Addresses	
As to domain resource, check whether you	have configured Local DNS
③ IP or domain   〇 IP	range
IP/Domain:	36
Port: 80 - 80	*
Enable resource address	masquerading
	The second se
	OK Cancel
	OK Cancel
Add/Edit Resource Address	OK Cancel
Add/Edit Resource Address	
	Example:
	Example: <u>10.10.10.20/80:80</u> <u>1.11.1-2.2.2/80:80</u>
	Example: <u>10.10.10.20/80:80</u> <u>1.11.1-2.2.2/80:80</u>
	Example: 10.10.10.20/80:80 1.1.1.1-2.2.2/80:80 https://www.domain.com:80
	Example: 10.10.10.20/80:80 1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2/80:80 https://www.domain.com:80
Add Address Add Multiple Addresses	Example: 10.10.10.20/80:80 1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2/80:80 https://www.domain.com:80
Add Address Add Multiple Addresses	Example: 10.10.10.20/80:80 1.11.1-2.2.2/80:80 https://www.domain.com:80 One entry per row



- Port indicates the port used by this L3VPN to provide services. For the built-in types, this port is predefined. For Other type of L3VPN, enter the port number that is to be used by the L3VPN you are defining.
- If resource address is domain name, navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Local DNS to configure local DNS server (for detailed guide, refer to the Configuring Local DNS Server section in Chapter 3).
- **Program Path:** Indicates path of the client software program that may be used by some C/S application.
- Added To: Indicates the resource group to which this resource is added. By default, the selected resource group is Default group (to configure resource group, refer to the Adding/Editing Resource Group section in Chapter 4).
- Visible for user: To have connecting users see this resource on the **Resource** page, select this option. Invisibility here only means that the resource is not seen on the

**Resource** page, in fact, it is still accessible to the user.

3. Configure SSO tab.

To enable connecting users to use SSO feature to access corporate resources over SSL VPN, select **Enable SSO** option and configure the **SSO** page (under **System** > **SSL VPN Options** > **General**. For more details, refer to the Configuring SSO Options section in Chapter 3).

SSO Authorized	Admin Accounts Binding	URL A	coess Control
✓ Enable SSO			
Login Method:	Auto fill in form	~	Advanced
Login Method:	Auto fill in form Auto fill in form	~	Advanced

#### 4. Configure Authorized Admin tab.

Specify the administrators that will have the right to manage this resource and the right to grant other administrator the privilege to manage this resource.



- The authorized administrators cannot edit the resource. They only have the right to assign this resource to users (in other words, the right to associate resources with the role under SSL VPN > Roles > Edit Role) and to grant other administrators (in its permitted realm) the privilege to manage this resource, rather than the privilege of editing resource.
- Please it keep in mind that the privilege of editing a resource always belongs to the creator who has created this resource as well as the administrator with higher privilege. The authorized administrators cannot see those resources in the Resource Management page, but can see and associate them with users on the Add Role or Edit Role page.
- 5. Configure Accounts Binding tab, as shown in the figure below.

Packet Format:	HTTP POST	×	
Encoding:	UTF-S	~	

If Verify user by analyzing packet is selected, the SSL VPN account will bind to the account for resource access, in the way that packet is obtained as specified according to **Packet Format** and the others settings.

If **Resource is accessible to user using the designated SSO user account** is selected, end user have to use the corresponding SSL VPN account and designated SSO user account to access this L3VPN resource, other user accounts being unable to match the credential.

Web application, TCP application and L3VPN support accounts binding.



- To enable end users to single sign in to a resource, enable SSO for that resource (under SSL VPN > Resources > Edit L3VPN > SSO tab) and bind the SSL VPN account to the SSO user account (to configure SSO user account, refer to the Configuring SSO User Account section in Chapter 4).
- Applying Verify user by analyzing packet does not require SSO to be enabled.

#### 6. Configure URL Access Control tab.

This achieves the control over users' access to certain directory of a server, user being able or unable to access the specified directory.





URL access control feature is only available while the selected L3VPN type is **HTTP**. The other types of L3VPN do not support this feature.

7. Click the Save button and Apply button to save and apply the settings.



- The first time L3VPN resource is accessed over SSL VPN, L3VPN component may be installed on the user's PC automatically. However, installation of L3VPN component requires administrator privilege on the computer. If any firewall or anti-virus software is installed and runs on the computer, it will block installation process. To ensure the component installed successfully, terminate the firewall or anti-virus software first.
- Among the L3VPN resources, there is a system-protected L3VPN resource named All Subnet L3VPN resources. This resource stands for all L3VPN resources with the addresses on the subnets where LAN and DMZ interfaces reside and those resources on the subnets where LAN and DMZ interfaces reside, using the protocol TCP, UDP or ICMP (port: 1-65535). Like other L3VPN resource, it can be associated with users; however, no attribute of it can be modified except for the name, description and visibility. If the subnet resources do not reside in the same network segment as the LAN and DMZ interface of the Sangfor device, which means, there is layer-3 router or switch on the way, add the subnet on the Local Subnets page (under System > Network) and a corresponding route on Routes page (under System > Network) to make that subnet "local". That will enable the machines on the two subnets to communicate directly.

### **Adding/Editing Remote Application**

Remote applications are applications launched by remote servers and accessed by end users over SSL VPN. User runs the program on the local computers but access the data on the remote server in the remote application session.

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources and click Add > Remote Application to enter the Edit Remote Application Resource page, as shown below:

Basic Atl	ributes		F	ields marked * are required
Name:			*	
Description:			10	
Added To:	Default group	>		
Iconi	ICO -			
Program:	Enable resource		Select	
Working Directory:			0	
Command Line Argument:				
	Maximize window	after program	i is launched	
	Single instance is allow user to run a s			ing on remote server, not )
App Server	SSO License Auti	norized Admin		
Select a ser	ver or a group of ser	vers to deliver	this resource.	
0		Server Name	IP Address	Status

- 2. Configure **Basic Attributes** of the remote application. The following are the basic attributes:
  - Name, Description: Indicates the name and description of the remote application. This
    name may not be seen on the Resource page after user logs in to the SSL VPN
    successfully.
  - Added To: Indicates the group to which this resource is added. By default, the selected resource group is Default group (to configure resource group, refer to the Adding/Editing Resource Group section in Chapter 4).
  - Icon: Icon specified for this resource, which could be seen on the **Resource** page if this resource is added to a group that has its resources show in icons.
  - Program: Specifies the applications provided by remote application server. Click on Select to select the desired application, as shown in the below figure:

Ft	the desired program is not listed below, go to " <u>Remote Server Manar</u>	gement" to add it. Search
	Application Program	Server
	linternet Explorer	View

- Working Directory: Indicates the path of the application on remote application server.
- **Command Line Argument:** Specifies the parameters that may be used when some application program starts.

If **Maximize window after program is launched** is selected, program window will be maximized once program is launched.

In case that **Single instance is allowed** is selected and user has launched an application, user will be redirected to the previously-launched application if user clicks on the resource link again, instead of launching a new instance. If command line argument is configured, this options is not recommended to enable.

3. Click the **App Server** tab and select remote application servers, so that they can provide the application (to configure remote server, refer to the Adding Remote Application Server section in Chapter 4).

Statu

4. Configure **SSO License** tab.

If SSO feature is enabled and SSO information is recorded, SSO will be performed automatically when user accesses specific remote application over SSL VPN.

- As to remote application, SSO feature only supports the method of auto fill in form.
- If you want to deliver a browser allowing SSO, only IE-cored browser can be delivered.
- When recording SSO information for remote application, only IE is taken as B/S-based resource, all the other resources are taken as C/S-based resource.

#### 5. Configure Authorized Admin tab.

Specify the administrators who will have the right to manage this resource and the right to grant other administrator the privilege to manage this resource.



- The authorized administrators cannot edit the resource. They only have the right to assign this resource to users (in other words, the right to associate resources with the role under SSL VPN > Roles > Edit Role) and to grant other administrators (in its permitted realm) the privilege to manage this resource, rather than the privilege of editing resource.
- Please it keep in mind that the privilege of editing a resource always belongs to the creator who has created this resource as well as the administrators with higher privilege. The authorized administrators cannot see those resources in the **Resources** page, but can see and associate them with users on the **Add Role** or **Edit Role** page.

# **More Operations**

More operations include Export resource, Import resource and Resource Sorting. Click More on Resources page, you will see the following figure:



### **Exporting Resources**

This feature helps export the existing resources from the current Sangfor device to the computer.

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources and click More > Export resource to enter the Export Resource page, as shown the figure below:

elect the re	sources that you want	to export.	
Search			
All res			

- 2. Select the checkboxes next to the resources or resource groups that you want to export.
- 3. Click the **Export** button. By default, the exported resource will be saved in a csv file named **rclist.csv**.

### **Importing Resources**

This feature helps import resources from the computer to the Sangfor device.

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources and click More > Import resource to enter the Import Resource page, as shown in the figure below:

resources can be add Download Example Fil	ed!	within 1M. A ma	aximum of 15	500
esource File				
elect File:		Browse		
Customize resour	e attributes			
Customize resour				

- 2. Configure the following included on **Import Resource** page:
  - Download Example File: Before uploading the csv file, make sure that format of each resource entry in it is proper. It is recommended to download the example file and edit the resources based on the example file. After editing the csv file, upload it through the above page.
  - **Customize resource attributes:** The two fields below it define the attributes of the imported resources, the description and the target group to which they are to be added.
  - **Overwrite existing resources:** If this option is checked, the existing resource will be replaced by the imported resource that owns a same name.
- 3. Click the **Import** button.

### **Sorting Resources**

Sorting resource is a feature applying to resource group. You can change the resource order by clicking **Move to Top**, **Move Up**, **Move Down** or **Move to Bottom** button. The resource order in the group determines the order of the resources that end users see on the **Resource** page.

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources and click More > Import resource to enter the Import Resource page, as shown in the figure below:

1	love to Top 🔘 Move Up 🔘 Move Down 🔘 Move to	Bottom
	Resource Name	Description
1	All subnet Web resource	All hosts in Local Subnet,LAN&DMZ ports' subnet
2	All subnet L3VPN resources	All hosts in Local Subnet,LAN&DMZ ports' subnet
3	test_sso_res	
4	Financial System	
5	OA Office System	
6	TCP-sso	
7	TCP136.31	
8	200.200.78.185	
9	Subnets for Remote Desktop Access	
10	C/S_Res	
11	bbs	bbs resource
12	mail	mail resource
13	ftp	ftp resource
14	Web server	

- 2. To move an entry to top of the list, click the entry and click **Move to Top**.
- 3. To move an entry to bottom of the list, click the entry and click Move to Bottom.
- 4. To move an entry up and exchange order with the upper entry, click the entry and click **Move Up**.
- 5. To move an entry down and exchange order with the lower entry, click the entry and click **Move Down**.
- 6. To edit the selected resource, click **Edit**; to remove the selected resource, click **Delete** on **Resources** page, as shown below:



To select the resources on current page, click Select > Resource > Current page, or click
 Select > Resource > All pages to select the resources on all pages, as shown below:



- 8. To deselect the selected resource, click **Deselect**.
- 9. To move a resource to other resource group, select the resource and click **Move**.



Please note that resource group cannot be moved.

10. To view associated user of a selected resource, click View Association, as shown below:

As	sociated Objects of	"All subnet Web resources"	×
	User/Group	Path	j.
1	hyq	/Default Group	
2	1	/Default Group	
		particular and a second se	
H	Page 1 of 1	🕨 🕅 🤁 Show 25 /page	1-2 of 2
			Cancel

11. To view resource of specific type, you can specify the desired resource type in View field on Resources page. Options are All, Resource group, Web app, TCP app, L3VPN, Remote Application and Easylink app.

View	<u>An</u>	*
F	All	
	Resource group	$\sim$
- A	Web app	
A	TCP app	
	L3VPN	
	Remote Application	5
	Easylink app	~

# Roles

A role is an intermediate that builds a connection between user/group and resource, more specifically, designates internal resources to user or group. Users can only access the designated internal resources over SSL VPN.

This kind of association enables one or multiple users or groups to associate with one or multiple resources, facilitating control over users' access to corporate resources.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Roles and the Role Management page appears, as shown below:

0	Add 🔹 🎯 Delete 🔛 Edit 🕴 📝 Select 👻	🖧 Get Privilege Report	Search by Name 👻		P
	Role Name	Description	Assigned to Group	Status	
	👌 OA and accounting system		test11	1	^
	👌 Web file sharing		ssl1	1	
	A Network Configuration Operators	System created sec		1	
	👌 Remote Desktop Users	System created sec		1	
	👌 test		bxtest,qmx,sangfor1,sangfor2,ssl,	1	
	👌 qmx_all_res		qmx,qmx_l3vpn	1	
	🐣 Web-Service		qmx,test11	1	
	🔒 RemoteAppUser		kangcheng,lht,qmx,test11	4	~

The following are some contents included on Role Management page:

- Search By Name/Description/User(Group): To search for specific role or type of roles, select an option, enter the keyword into the textbox and click the magnifier icon. Name/description indicates the name/description of the role. User/group indicates the user and/or group that the role is assigned to.
- **Role Name:** Indicates name of the role.
- **Description:** Indicates description of the role.
- Add: Click it to add new role directly or using an existing role as template.
- Edit: Click it to edit a selected role.
- **Delete:** Click it to remove the selected role(s).
- Select: To select roles on all pages, click Select > All pages; click Select > Current page to select roles on current page. To deselect entries, click Select > Deselect.



## **Adding Role**

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Roles and click Add > Role to enter the Add Role page, as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attributes	Fields marked * are r
Name:	*
Description:	
Assigned To:	Select User/Group
Security Policy:	Select Role-level Policy
✓ Enable Role	
Associated Resources	
Associated Resources	

- 2. Configure the **Basic Attributes** of the role. The following are basic attributes:
  - Name: Configures name of the role.
  - **Description:** Configures description of the role.
  - Assigned To: Configures the user and/or group that can access the associated resources. To specify user and group, click the Select User/Group button, and all the predefined users and groups on Local Users page are seen in the list, as shown below:

Search 👂 🖽 🛛	Select 🔹	Search
0 🗆 📥 /	Name 🔺	Туре
	Default group	Group
	🗆 🔷 L1	Group
	DAP_Export	Group
	🗖 🚔 Users	Group
	🕯 🗖 🤷 bxtest	Group
	🗖 🖆 cml	Group
	🗖 🗖 🌰 qmx-group	Group
	🗆 🍰 ssl	Group
	🛛 🖣 Page 1 of 2 🕨 🕅 🖓 Sh	ow 25 /page

Select the user or group to which the role is to be assigned and click the **OK** button.

Security Policy: This policy enforces host checking when user logs in to the SSL VPN.If user fails any security check, he or she cannot access the associated resources.

To specify a role-level policy, click the **Select Role-level Policy** button and all the predefined role-level policies are seen (to configure role-level policy, refer to the Adding Role-level Policy section in chapter 4), as shown in the figure below:

Policy Name	Description	
role_nac_p1		
role_nac_p2		
role_nac_p3		

If no role-level policy is configured, you do not need to configure security policy.

3. Configure associated resources. Click **Select Resources** to enter the **Select Resource** page and select resources that the associated users of this role can access, as shown below:

Search		Search	2
All resources	Resource Name 🔺	Description	
L 2 zhuyong_rc hyq_test	🔲 🥘 All subnet Web resou	All hosts in Local Subnet,	
Default group	🔲 🛃 All subnet L3VPN reso	All hosts in Local Subnet,	
	🔲 🛄 定制		
	tcp_0.17		
	🔲 🖉 l3vpn_0.20		
	🔲 🗔 ie		
	0.200.200.0.2011		
	0.200.200.0.17		
	1 - Page 1 of 1 - 1	Show 25 /page	

4. Click the **Save** button on the **Add Role** page to save the settings.

### **Getting Privilege Report**

Privilege report is a kind of report telling what resources the specified users can access, or what users can access the specified resources.

1. Click **Get Privilege Report** to get started, as shown below:

enerate Privilege Report - Step 1: Select Report Type
Report Type:
<ul> <li>User-based report, covering resources accessible to certain users</li> </ul>
O Resource-based report, covering users who can access contain resources

2. Select the type of report you want to generate. There are two types of privilege reports, **User-based report** and **Resource-based report**. The former type of report presents what internal resources the selected users can access, while the latter type of report presents what users can access the selected resources

To generate user-based privilege report, perform the following two steps:

a. Select User-based report... and click the Next button, as shown below:

Generate Privilege Report - 9	Step 2: Select User	And the second division of the second divisio	×
Search 👂 🖼 🗉	Select •	Search	P
	Name 🔺	Туре	
	🗹 🚨 bxtest	User	
	4		
	4 4   Page 1 of 1 ▶ ▶	Show 25 /page	
3	Back	Finish Ca	ancel

b. Select the desired user(s) and click the **Finish** button to download the .csv file. The download user-based privilege report file is as shown below:

1	А	B	С	D	E	F
1	Privilege	e Report - Oi	n User Grou	ips		
2	Generat	ed at: 2011-:	10-10 5:32 <mark>:</mark> 5	i9 ; total us	er groups:	2
3						-
4	Group	Location	Descriptio	Associate	d Resource	es
5	gfds	/cml				
6	cml	1				
7						
8	Privilege	e Report - Ol	n Users			
9	Generat	ed at: 2011-:	10-10 5:32:5	i9 ; total us	ers: 3	
10						
11	Usernan	ne Location	Descriptic	Associated	d Resource	95
12	jhfg	/cml/gfds				

To generate **resource-based privilege** report, perform the following two steps:

a. Select **Resource-based report...** and click the **Next** button, as shown below:

earch 🦻 📴 🛙 🗉		Search	5
All resources	Name 🔺	Description	
RemoteApp	🔲 🍓 All subnet Web resource	All hosts in Local Subnet,L	
wallGrp	🔲 🧔 All subnet L3VPN reso	All hosts in Local Subnet,L.	
IhtGrp     EstGrp     Default group	C/S_Res		
	🔲 🍓 test_sso_res		
	TCP-sso		
	1 🛄 🧱 TCP136.31		
	200.200.78.185		
	🔲 🧾 Subnets for Remote D		
	🔲 📰 OA Office System		
	🔲 🧱 Financial System		
		Show 25 /page	

b. Select the desired resource(s) and click the **Finish** button to download the .csv file. The download resource-based privilege report file is as shown below:

В	C	D	E	F
Report - On Res	ources			
d at:2011-10-10	8:07:05; total resources:1			
In Group	Description	Туре	Address	Assigned to User
Default group	All hosts in Local Subnet, LAN&DMZ ports' subnets	WEB app	UNITED STORES	/Default group/,
	d at:2011-10-10		d at:2011-10-10 8:07:05; total resources:1	d at:2011-10-10 8:07:05; total resources:1

# **Authentication Options**

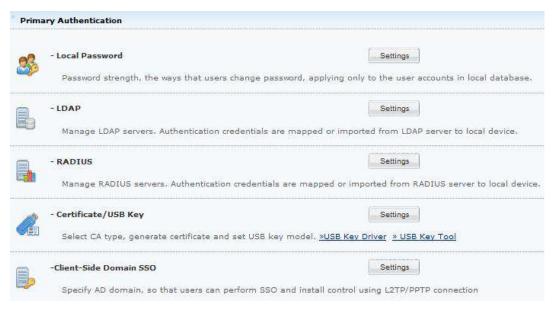
Authentication Options covers settings related to primary and secondary authentication methods.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication and the Authentication Options page appears, as shown in the figure below:

uthen	tication Options	
Prima	ary Authentication	
33	- Local Password Password strength, the ways that users change pa	Settings assword, applying only to the user accounts in local database.
B	- LDAP Manage LDAP servers. Authentication credentials	Settings
<b>.</b>	- RADIUS Manage RADIUS servers. Authentication credentia	Settings
å	- Certificate/USB Key Select CA type, generate certificate and set USB	Settings :ey model. <u>»USB Key Driver</u> <u>» USB Key Tool</u>
₿	-Client-Side Domain SSO Specify AD domain, so that users can perform SS	Settings O and install control using L2TP/PPTP connection
Seco	ndary Authentication - SMS Configure SMS module and customize the text m	Settings essage to be sent to user's mobile phone.
<b>1</b>	- Hardware ID Configure hardware ID related options, such as h	Settings ardware ID collecting and approval.
~	- Dynamic Token Dynamic token based authentication is an extens	Settings
Othe	r Options	
	- <b>Priority of LDAP/RADIUS Servers</b> Sort LDAP/RADIUS servers to set the priority of ea	Settings ach server for authentication.
		Settings
E7	- Password Security Options Block insecure and brute-force login. Applied to L	DAP, RADIUS and local password based authentications.

## **Primary Authentication Methods**

There are five primary authentication methods, namely, **local password** based authentication, **LDAP** authentication, **RADIUS** authentication, **certificate/USB key** based authentication and **client-side domain SSO** authentication.



## **Local Password Based Authentication**

The settings related to local password based authentication include password security options and username options.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication to enter the Authentication Options page (as shown in the figure above). Click the Settings button following Local Password, and the Local Password Based Authentication page appears, as shown in the figure below:

ed (the options only apply to the private users in local database)
issword cannot contain username,
w password must be different from previous password
nimum length is of characters
very 0 days, user must change password. 0 days before the password expires, remind user to change
er must change the initial password (upon the first logon)
issword must have 🗌 digit 🔄 letter 🔄 special character (shift+number key)

The following are some contents included on the Local Password Based Authentication page:

- Password Security Options: Configures the password strength, the ways that users change password. If enabled is selected, password security check will be performed when user logs in to SSL VPN. If user password fails to match the password security policy configured in this field, user will be asked to change password.
- Username Options: If the option Ignore case of username is selected, case of username would be ignored when users enter credentials to log in to SSL VPN. If any same usernames in different case already exist in user organization structure before this option is enabled, such as "HSw", "hsw", this user will fail to modify personal information after Ignore case of username is selected, he/she needs to modify its username first. Then enable this option.



**Password Security Options** and **Username Options** only apply to the user accounts in local Sangfor device.

## LDAP Authentication

Sangfor device supports third-party LDAP server to verify the users connecting the SSL VPN.

## **Configuring LDAP Server**

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication to enter the Authentication Options page. Click the Settings button following LDAP and the LDAP Server page appears, as shown below:

>> LDAP Server						
🚳 Add 🤤 Delete 📓 Edit   👗 In	port Users				👼 Back to Authe	entication Options
Name	Description	Address	Port	User Base DN	Automatic Import	Status
🔲 👼 67.245-ActiveDirectory		200.200.67.245	389	DC=sangforu	No	1

2. Click Add to enter the Add/Edit LDAP Server page, as shown below:

	and the second s	
Descr		Q
	Name:	*
-	ription:	
Server Ad	ddress:	0
		0
Adm	nin DN:	
Pas	ssword:	
		>>
Ba	ase DN:	**
lvanced	meout: 15 * second(s) Status:	
lvanced	Status:  Enabled Disabled	
lvanced Server Type:	Status:  Enabled Disabled MS ActiveDirectory	
lvanced Server Type:	Status:  Enabled Disabled	*
<b>Ivanced</b> Server Type: User Attribute:	Status:  Enabled Disabled MS ActiveDirectory	
Ivanced Server Type: User Attribute: User Filter:	Status:  Enabled Disabled MS ActiveDirectory SAMAccountName	*

- 3. Configure the **Basic Attributes** of the LDAP server. The following are basic attributes:
  - Server Name, Description: Configures the name and description of the LDAP server.
  - Server Address: Configures the usable IP address and port of the LDAP server. You can add multiple IP addresses and ports. Generally, only the first IP address/port is active and the others are standby. If the first IP address/port is unavailable, the second IP address/port will take the place; if the second IP address/port is unavailable, the third IP address/port will take the place, and so on; if none of the configured server IP addresses/ports is available, the server will be disconnected.

To add an entry of server address and port, click the **Add** icon **a** next to the **Server Address** field. The **Add Server Address** page is as shown in the figure below:

Server IP:		
Port:	389	

To remove an entry, click the entry and click **Delete** icon **one and the server Address**.

To edit an entry, click the entry and click **Edit** icon **a** next to **Server Address**.

To adjust order of an entry, click the entry and click **Move Up** icon  $\bigcirc$  or **Move Down** icon  $\bigcirc$ .

• Admin DN, Password: Configure the administrator account to read the organizational units (OU) and security groups on the LDAP server. The administrator account should be in DN format.



This administrator must have privilege to read path of users on the LDAP server.

- Base DN: Configures the location of the LDAP users that are to be verified.
- Subtree included: Select this option so that the users contained in the sub-OU of the OU specified in Base DN field are included in. Otherwise, only the direct users in the specified OU level will be verified.
- Authentication Timeout: Configures the time period that user authentication gets timed out if LDAP server gives no response.
- Status: Indicates whether the LDAP server is enabled.
- 4. Configure the **Advanced** options. The values in these fields must be consistent with those on the LDAP server

Server Type:	MS ActiveDirectory	*	
User Attribute:	sAMAccountName	1	*
User Filter:	objectCategory=person		*
obila Numberu	telephoneNumber		



Protocols supported are LDAP and MS Active Directory (AD). For MS AD, user authentication is achieved using attribute **sAMAccountName** and filter **objectCategory=person**. For LDAP, user authentication is achieved using attribute **uid** and filter **objectClass=person**. However, the attribute names could be modified.

#### 5. Configure Group Mapping tab.

Group mapping only applies to the LDAP users that have not been imported to the Sangfor device. The users in specified OU on the LDAP server will be mapped to a local group after successful login, and therefore have the same privilege as the users that they are mapped to.

		vice, the system will map the specified-OU users on this server to the uthenticated successfully, according to the mapping rule configured
🕽 Add 🥥 Delete  📝 E	dit Automatic Mapping	
_ ou	Sub-OU included	Map to Local Group

The following are contents included on the Group Mapping tab:

• Add: To add a group mapping rule to map specified LDAP users to the local group, click it to enter the Add Group Mapping Rule page, as shown in the figure below:

OU:			
Map to Group:	1		>>
	Sub-OU	included	

- **OU:** Configures the OU that will be mapped to a local group, in format of DN.
- **Map to Group:** Configures the local group to which users of the specified OU will be mapped.
- Sub-OU included: If this option is selected, users in the sub-OU will also be included and mapped to the local group. If not selected, only the users in the

specified OU level will be mapped to the local group.

- If LDAP user matches none of the above mapping rules, map the user to group: For the users that match none of the group mapping rules, select this option and specify a local group, so that those LDAP users will be mapped to that group automatically.
- **Delete:** To delete a group mapping rule, select the rule and click **Delete**.
- Edit: To edit a group mapping rule, select the rule and click Edit.
- Automatic Mapping: This feature simplifies the process of adding a batch of mapping rules. Administrator needs only to select the LDAP user and/or group on the Auto Create Group Mapping Rule Step 1: Select OU page (as shown in the figure below) and configure Map to Group field, without adding mapping rule one by one, and the involved mappings will be added to the group mapping rule list automatically. To configure automatic mapping, please perform the following steps:
  - a. Click Automatic Mapping to enter the Auto Create Group Mapping Rule Step 1: Select OU page, as shown below:

Method: ④ Mapping for each selected OU	O Mapping for selected top-level OU	
a Sangforued ⊕ Program Data ⊖ Marcot_ou Marcot_ou Marcot_ou Marcot_ou Marcot_ou Marcot_ou Marcot_ou		
<ul> <li>✓ apm</li> <li>✓ ssl</li> <li>✓ atranslator</li> <li>✓ users</li> </ul>		
Configuration		
lap to Group:	>>	

b. Select a mapping method, **Mapping for each selected OU** or **Mapping for selected top-level OU**, and then select the organizational units (OU).

If the selected method is **Mapping for each selected OU**, every selected LDAP user group will be mapped to the respective local group (name of target group is the same as the OU name) specified in **Map to Group** field, organizational units (OU) not being changed.

If the selected method is **Mapping for selected top-level OU**, only one group will be created on the Sangfor device, name of the target group being the same as the top-OU name. All the users under the top-OU and/or the sub-OUs will be mapped to that group.

c. Configure Map to Group. The specified group is a local user group to which the

specified LDAP users will be mapped.

d. Click the **Next** button and the automatically added mapping rules are as shown below:

ou	Sub-OU includ	Map to Local
OU=root_ou,DC=sangforued,DC=com	No	/root_ou
OU=designer,OU=root_ou,DC=sangforued,DC=com	No	/root_ou/desi
OU=developer,OU=root_ou,DC=sangforued,DC=com	No	/root_ou/dev
OU=apm,OU=developer,OU=root_ou,DC=sangforued,D	No	/root_ou/dev
OU=ssl,OU=developer,OU=root_ou,DC=sangforued,DC	No	/root_ou/dev
OU=translator,OU=root_ou,DC=sangforued,DC=com	No	/root_ou/tran

e. Click the **Finish** and **Save** buttons and go back to **Local Users** page. Check whether the groups created through automatic mapping are in user group list, as shown below:

	root_ou	
	🚰 designer	
E	🔄 📥 developer	
	apm	
	- 🐣 ssl	
1	Atranslator	

6. Configure Role Mapping tab (if you are adding an MS Active Directory server).

Role Mapping helps map the security groups from the MS Active Directory server to the roles on this Sangfor device. Once a user matches certain role mapping rule and is mapped to the role on the Sangfor device, the associated user will be permitted to access the resources that are associated with that role. The **Role Mapping** tab is as shown in the figure below:

Role Mapping: 🖲 Enabled 🔵 Disabled	
🔇 Add 🤤 Delete 📝 Edit Automatic Mapping	
Security Group	Map to Role

The following are the contents included on the **Role Mapping** tab:

- Add: Click it to add a role mapping rule, mapping the security groups on MS Active Directory server to the local groups. To configure role mapping, please perform the following steps:
  - a. Select **Enabled** to enable role mapping feature.
  - b. Click Add to enter the Add Role Mapping Rule page, and configure the Security Group and Map to Role fields, as shown below:

Security Group:		1
Map to Role:		>>
	OK	Cancel

- **Delete:** To delete a role mapping rule, select the rule and click **Delete**.
- Edit: To edit a role mapping rule, select the rule and click Edit.
- Automatic Mapping: Click it and some role mapping rules will be generated automatically according to the security groups on the MS Active Directory server. To configure automatic mapping, please perform the following steps:
  - a. Click Automatic Mapping and the following page pops up, as shown below:

Automatic Mapping		×
	Search	Q
Security Group	Map to Role	
Administrators	Administrators	~
Users	Users	
Guests	Guests	
Print Operators	Print Operators	
Backup Operators	Backup Operators	

b. Select the desired role mapping rules and click the **OK** and **Save** buttons. The two selected roles are then added to **Role Management** page, as shown below:

🔘 Add 🔹 🤤 Delete 📝 Edit   📝	Select 👻 🛃 Ge	et Privilege Report Search by Name 👻		Q
Role Name	Desc	Assigned to Group	Status	
🔲 🍯 Print Operators	Syst		1	^
Backup Operators	Syst		<b>V</b>	
🔲 🍐 OA and accounting system	n	test11	1	Y

7. Configure LDAP Extensions.

**LDAP Extensions** are extended attributes of the users on LDAP server. This feature enables some resources and virtual IP addresses of the users to be stored and maintained on the LDAP server.

erver after user has been auth	nst this LDAP server, the device will obtain the value of extended field of the user from LDAP enticated successfully, according to the options configured below. This feature enables you to ces and virtual IP addresses of the users on LDAP server.
or example, one attribute of ar	n LDAP user is: ssl_resource. What you need to do are, selecting the option Attribute names on ng the attribute name (ssl_resource) into the list. Attribute name format: <resource< th=""></resource<>
	t address: port', among which, the fields in <> are optional, and host address and port are
quired. Example: OA system:	http://xxx.com:80, 192.168.1.1:1-65535.
Attribute names of assoc	iated resources
4	
Inherit resources of all its	s parent groups

The following are the contents included on the LDAP Extensions tab:

 Attribute names of associated resources: These are resource attributes according to which the LDAP users will be assigned some resources, after these LDAP users are authenticated successfully.

To add a new attribute name of resource, click the Add icon . Then enter Attribute Name of the associated resource.

- Inherit resources of all its parent groups: Besides the resources with the specified attributes, all other resources (available to users in the specified OU and parent OUs of certain LDAP user) with the configured attributes will be displayed on **Resource** page and seen by the LDAP user once he or she logs in to the SSL VPN.
- Attribute name of virtual IP: Select this option and configure the attribute name of the virtual IP address of the users stored on the LDAP server. When an LDAP user logs in to the SSL VPN, the LDAP server returns the virtual IP address of this user to the Sangfor device.



The option Attribute names of associated resources only applies to the LDAP users who do not have a corresponding account on the Sangfor device. For the LDAP users that already exist on the User Management page (under SSL VPN > Users), this option is invalid.

#### 8. Configure **Password Encryption** tab.

This feature enables user password to be encrypted before it is forwarded to LDAP server.

✓ Enabled			
		henticated against this LDAP server will be en	crypted using the following
solution before reaching	-		
	g the LDAP server.	<b>x</b>	
Solution before reaching Encryption Protocol:	-		

The following contents are included on above page:

- Enabled: Select it to enable password encryption feature.
- Encryption Protocol: Specifies encryption protocol. Options are MD5 and SHA1.
- Size: Specifies the size of encryption key. It can be 32-bit or 16-bit.
- Character Case: Specifies character case of password.
- 9. Click the Save button and then the Apply button to save and apply the settings.

#### **RADIUS** Authentication

Sangfor device supports third-party RADIUS server to verify the users connecting the SSL VPN.

#### **Configuring RADIUS Server**

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication to enter Authentication Options page. Click the Settings button following RADIUS and RADIUS Server page appears, as shown below:

🔘 Add 🤤 Delete 📝 Edit			Back to Authe	ntication Options
Name	Desc	Address	Port	Status
🔲 📷 radius1		200.200.78.51	1812	~
🔲 橘 radius2		1.1.1.1	1812	1

2. Click Add to enter the Add/Edit RADIUS Server page, as shown below:

Basic Attributes			Fields marked * are req
Server Name:		*	
Description:			
Server Address:		0	
		0	
-			
Authentication Protocol:	PAP	~	
Shared Secret:			
Character Set:	UTF-8	~	
Authentication Timeout:	5 * second(s)		
Status: (	Enabled 🔵 Disabled		
RADIUS Extensions			
Mobile number ID:	-1 * sub-attribute ID:	*	
	* sub-attribute ID:	*	
Virtual IP address ID:			
Virtual IP address ID:	* sub-attribute ID:	*	
	* sub-attribute ID:	*	
	* sub-attribute ID:	*	
Netmask ID:	* sub-attribute ID:	•	

- 3. Configure the **Basic Attributes** of the RADIUS server. The following are basic attributes:
  - Server Name, Description: Configures name and description of the RADIUS server.
  - Server Address: Configures the usable IP address and port of the RADIUS server. You can add multiple IP addresses and ports. Generally, only the first IP address/port is active and others are standby. If the first IP address/port is unavailable, the second IP address/port will take the place; if the second IP address/port is unavailable, the third IP address/port will take the place, and so on; if none of the configured server IP address/port is available, the server will be disconnected.

To add a server address/port, click the Add icon a next to Server Address field. The Add Server Address page is as shown in the figure below:

Server IP:		
Port:	1812	
		OK Cancel

To remove an entry, click the entry and click **Delete** icon in next to **Server Address**.

To edit an entry, click the entry and click **Edit** icon a next to **Server Address**.

To adjust order of an entry, click the entry and click **Move Up** icon  $\bigcirc$  or **Move Down** icon  $\bigcirc$ .

- Authentication Protocol: Options are PAP, CHAP, Microsoft CHAP, Microsoft CHAP2 and EAP-MD5. Select the protocol as needed.
- Shared Secret: Configures the shared key used for RADIUS authentication.
- Character Set: Configures the character set used for RADIUS authentication.
- Authentication Timeout: Configures the time period that user authentication times out if RADIUS server gives no response.
- Status: Indicates whether the external RADIUS server is enabled.
- 4. Configure **RADIUS Extensions**, as shown below:

RADIUS Extensions				
🔲 Mobile number ID:	-1	* sub-attribute ID:	-1	*
Virtual IP address ID;	-1;	* sub-attribute ID:	-1	sk
🔲 Netmask ID:	¢Β	* sub-attribute ID:	-1	*

- Mobile number ID: Configures attribute ID and sub-attribute ID of the RADIUS user mobile number attribute. Once a RADIUS user logs in to the SSL VPN, the RADIUS server will return the attribute value to the Sangfor device.
- Virtual IP address ID: Configures the attribute ID and sub-attribute ID of RADIUS user's virtual IP address. When a RADIUS user logs in to the SSL VPN, the RADIUS server will return the attribute value to the Sangfor device.



Mobile number ID only works in association with SMS authentication.

#### 5. Configure Group Mapping rule.

The users with specified class attribute will be mapped to the corresponding group on the Sangfor device after successful login, and therefore have the same privilege as the users under the group to which they are mapped.

🕽 Add 🥥 Delete 📓 Edit	
Class Attribute Value	Map to Local Group

The following are the contents:

 Add: Click it to enter the Add Group Mapping Rule page and configure the two fields Class and Map to Group. The specified class attribute value on the RADIUS server will be mapped to the specified local group, as shown in the figure below:

Class:	
Map to Group:	>>

- **Delete:** To delete a group mapping rule, select that rule and then click **Delete**.
- Edit: To edit a group mapping rule, select that rule and then click Edit.
- If RADIUS user matches none of the above mapping rules, map the user to group: For the users that match none of the group mapping rules, select this option and specify the local group to which the RADIUS users will be mapped automatically.
- 6. Click the **Save** button and then the **Apply** button to save and apply the settings.

#### **Certificate/USB Key Based Authentication**

Sangfor device not only supports built-in CA, but also supports external CA or more than one external CA, and can offer some certificate information. If Sangfor device is deployed in HQ, branch users can use certificate issued by different third-party CA for authentication when logging into SSL VPN. It increases flexibility of SSL VPN deployment. Certificates could be generated and configured through the **Certificate/USB Key Based Authentication** page.

Navigate to **SSL VPN** > **Authentication** to enter the **Authentication Options** page.



To download and install USB key driver manually, click USB Key Driver.

To download and install USB key tool manually, click USB Key Tool.

Click the Settings button following Certificate/USB Key and the Certificate/USB Key Based Authentication page appears, as shown in the figure below:

Local CA(RSA Encryption Standard	Based)		
RSA Root CA Certificate: <u>View</u>   <u>Update</u>			
Issue Certificate Disabled			
External CA			
🔇 Add			
Name	Certificate	Status	Operation
	Ided as well. Client software can read the	USB key when us	er logs in. Unplug
Third-party USB key models can be ac	Ided as well. Client software can read the	USB key when us	er logs în. Unplug
key leads to user logout.	Ided as well. Client software can read the Model	USB key when us	er logs in. Unplug Status

# **Configuring Local CA**

The following contents are under Local CA section:

• View: Click it to view root certificate of local CA, as shown below:

×

#### **View Certificate**

Certificate:	
Data:	
Version: 3 (0x2)	
Serial Number:	
c5:5f:6c:27:ed:b3:c8:2a	
Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption	
Issuer: C=cn, ST=sa, L=d, O=s, OU=sd, CN=sd/emailAddress=s@s.com Validity	
Not Before: Jan 14 00:54:29 2016 GMT	
Not After : Jan 9 00:54:29 2036 GMT	
Subject: C=cn, ST=sa, L=d, O=s, OU=sd, CN=sd/emailAddress=s@s.com	
Subject Public Key Info:	
Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption	
Public-Key: (1024 bit)	
Modulus:	
00:eb:f0:98:cf:b6:b8:71:7d:c0:9a:95:d2:d0:b5:	
d7:f3:07:4a:9b:b5:8f:e4:2d:0d:82:8d:9e:1c:81:	
9b;dd:08;6a:51:32:a1:74:86:ac:48:7a:0b:72:e8:	
d0:5f:03:28:9c:0e:09:64:ad:3e:73:00:01:1a:51:	
6b:a7:fe:7b:85:cf:fa:8d:8a:42:52:34:94:c7:20:	
a9:af:4f:4f:94:9e:d5:b3:94:c4:dc:37:f1:6b:9f:	-
Download Close	

• Update: Click it to update root certificate, as shown in the figure below:

	sed to create certificate for en				
Country mus	t be 2-letter abbreviation (e.g.,	China-CN	I, U.S.AUS)		
(ey incryption:	RSA Encryption Standard	*	Departmen	t:	
	1				
Country:			Issued		
itate:			To:	1	
City:			E-mail:		
			Key Size:	1024	~
Company:				Contraction of the second s	100

When **RSA Encryption Standard** is selected in Key Encryption field, key size can be 1024, 2048 or 4096, while **SM2 Encryption Standard** is selected, key size can be 256 only. Configure all the required fields above and then click **Finish** to save the setting, and then a root certificate will be created, and it will be also taken as device certificate.



- Country must be a two-letter abbreviation of country, for example, CN indicates China.
- Email address should not contain any full-angle characters.
- Issue Certificate: Click it to enter the Issue a Certificate page. The issued certificate can be used as user certificate or a server certificate.

Country must be 2-let	er abbreviation (e.g., China-CN, U	I.S.AUS)
Country:	¢n ×	]*
State:	GD	*
City:	SZ	•
Company:	company	*
Department:	section	*
Issued To:		*
E-mail:		*
Certificate Password:		1

To generate the certificate, configure all the fields and click **OK** to save the changes.

## **Configuring External CA**

The following contents are under External CA section.

• Add: Click it to to enter the Add External CA page, as shown below:

External CA is used to imp	ort certificate issued by	third party.
Select a valid certificate fil	e: *crt *.cer *.p7b	
CA Name:		
Root Certificate(with publi key):		Browse

Specify the CA name and select a root certificate from local PC. Click **OK** to save the changes. Then you will see the newly-imported external CA, as shown in the figure below:

ς.	101/2/10			
Ì	Add			
	Name	Certificate	Status	Operation

A maximum of seven external CA is supported.

Click on the External CA in Name column. You will see the following page:

	ributes		
Instructions			
Username Attr	CN	*	
Binding Field:	License Key	*	
CA Encoding:	UTF-8	*	
User Login Per	e users who have	imported certificate issued by cu	
⊖ Trust all			
O Trust all	vocation List		
<sup>•</sup> Certificate Rev	vocation List	pdate Server	

The following information are included on above page:

- Username Attr: Indicates the field used to store username in certificate issued by this CA. The username will be displayed on the homepage of client. Options are CN, Email Prefix and OID.
- **Binding Field:** Indicates the certificate field binding to a user. It takes effect when current certificate is imported into Sangfor device.
  - License Key: If it is selected, CA will issue a new certificate when the certificate gets expired. As the license key of new certificate has changed, user needs to imports this new certificate on Local Users page.
  - **CN:** If it is selected, user does not need to import new certificate when user certificate is updated. Before selecting this option, user needs to make sure the DN of each certificate is different.
  - **OID:** It is similar with DN. Generally, user also needs to specify OID attribute for storing username.
  - CA Encoding: Indicates the encoding used by this certificate.
  - **CA Options:** It determines whether the users are trusted if they own certificate issued by the current external CA, that is to say, whether they are allowed to log in to the SSL VPN.



If **Trust the users who have imported certificate issued by current** is selected, only after the users certificates have been imported to the Sangfor device can they use their own certificates to log in to the SSL VPN.

If **Trust all the users who own certificate issued by current CA** is selected, all the users who own valid certificates issued the current external CA will be able to log in to the SSL VPN with their own certificates.



Click on the link **Configure Mapping Rule** to enter the **Configure Mapping Rule** page, as shown in the figure below:

	gure Mapping Rule			
O A	dd 🤤 Delete 📓 Edit			
	Certificate DN 🔻	Map to Local Group		
				1
r us	er matching none of the above	e mapping rules, map to group:	/Default Group	
or us	er matching none of the above	e mapping rules, map to group:	/Default Group	

Configure the **Mapping Rule** that can map the certificate users of certain certificate DN to a group on the Sangfor device, so that they will have the same privilege as others under the target group.

To delete a mapping rule, select the rule and click **Delete**.

To edit a mapping rule, select the rule and click Edit.

To add a new mapping rule, click Add and the Add External Certificate User Mapping Rule page appears, as shown below:

specified user to certain local g mapping rule below. Those us Notes: 1. Certificate is case sensitive. 2. Order should be followed wf 3. State must be labeled as S	nile typing DN, from username to country.

- Certificate DN: Configures DN of certificate, which can be referred to in certificate subject.
- **Map to Group:** Configures the local group to which the certificate users will be mapped if their certificates have the configured DN.
- For user matching none of the above group mapping rules, map the user to group: Configures the local group to which the certificate users will be mapped automatically if they match none of the mapping rules.

Certifi	icate	Revoc	ation	List		
					Update	

• Certificate Revocation List (CRL): Click the link Import File or Configure Auto-Update Server to import certificate or enable auto-update, as shown below:

Import CRL		×
Certificate Revocation List:	Select a valid certific	Browse
1 7		OK Cancel

To have the CRL updated automatically and regularly, click the **Auto Update Options** link and configure the fields on the **Auto Update Options** page, as shown in the figure below:

Protocol:	LDAP     IDAP     IDAP     IDAP
URL: LDAP Username	http://200.200.139.31:8000/test/san Update N
LDAP Password	
Interval:	<ul> <li>Every 60 minutes</li> <li>Wed v 21:00 v</li> </ul>

Configure **Online Certificate Status Protocol(OCSP)**. This part includes options related to OCSP that supports online check of certificate validity, as shown in the figure below:

Enable OCSP	
Server Address: http://127.0.0.1	
Server Port: 80	
Authentication required	

The contents under Online Certificate Status Protocol(OCSP) are as follows:

- Enable OCSP: Select this option and OCSP will be enabled and related options will appear.
- Server Address, Server Port: Configure the address and port of OCSP server that provides OCSP service.
- Authentication required: Select this option and the OCSP server will verify identity of the Sangfor device.
- Test Connectivity: Click it to check whether the Sangfor device can connect to the OCSP server.

## **Configuring USB Key Model**

Under **Supported USB Key Model**, configure the model of third-party USB keys that can be identified by the Sangfor device while USB key of this model is plugged in to the end user's PC. Unplugging key will lead to automatic logout.

The contents under this part are as shown below:

Third-party USB key models can b key leads to user logout.	e added as well. Client software can read the USB key w	hen user <mark>logs in. Unplug</mark>
🗿 Add 🥥 Delete 📓 Edit		
Name	Model	Status
Name USB Key V2	Model Vid_096e&Pid_0302	Status

To add a new USB key model, click Add to enter Add USB Key page, as shown below:

Name:		*
Model:		*
OLL File Path:	Paths are separated by Enter key Path cannot exceed 260 characters A maximum of 16 entries supported Environment variables in Windows are supported	< >
Status:	Enabled      Disabled	

The following are the contents included on Add USB Key page:

- Name: Specifies name of this USB key model.
- **Model:** Specifies the model of USB key that supports automatic logout while end user unplugs the USB key.
- **DLL File Path:** Specifies the path of DLL file that is used to provide interface for SM2 encryption function. It is required when adding third-party USB key supporting SM2 encryption algorithm.
- Status: Configures whether this model of USB key is enabled or not, that is, whether to enable the feature of automatic logout while end user unplugs the USB key of this model.

To remove an entry from the list, select the entry and click **Delete**.

To edit an entry, select the entry and click **Edit**.

## **Client-Side Domain SSO**

Client-side domain SSO can achieve that when users logs in using VPN client, user does not need to type username and password and domain SSO will be performed automatically after client-side PC is joined AD domain. This feature is not applicable to user logging using Portal.

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication to enter Authentication Options page. Click the Settings button following Client-Side Domain SSO and Client-Side Domain SSO page appears, as shown below:

After this device is joined to domain, add a	corresponding DNS rule.View Configuration Method
Client-Side Domain Enabled SSO: Enabled Status: Invalid Device Name: sangfor619e23c7	
Domain Name:	
Short Domain Name:	*(on server version earlier than Windo 2000)
Domain Controller Name:	*
Domain Controller IP:	*
Admin Username:	*
Admin Password:	

- 2. Configure **Basic Attributes** on above page:
  - Enabled: Click it to enable client-side domain SSO feature.
  - Status: Indicates whether this feature takes effect.
  - **Device Name:** Indicates name of Sangfor device.
  - Domain Name: Specifies the domain name of domain server
  - Short Domain Name: Specifies the abbreviation of the domain name
  - **Domain Controller Name: Specifies the name of domain controller in Window domain.**
  - **Domain Controller IP:** Specifies the IP address of the domain controller in Window domain.
  - Admin Username, Admin Password: Specifies the administrator username and password used to log in to Window domain.

#### **Secondary Authentication Methods**

There are three secondary authentication methods, namely, SMS authentication, Dynamic Token based authentication and Hardware ID based authentication.

#### **SMS** Authentication

SMS authentication is a type of authentication method that requires connecting user to enter the received SMS password when he/she is logging in to and has passed the primary authentication(s).

The SMS password is a password dynamically generated and sent to the mobile phone of connecting user. Only after user enters and submits the SMS password can he/she access SSL VPN and the internal resources.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication to enter the Authentication Options page. Click the Settings button following SMS and the SMS Authentication page appears, as shown below:

SMS Authentication			
SMS Message			
Authentication: Set Phone Number: Reset password through SMS: Delivery Interval: Pwd Validity Period: Country Code: Message Text:	User can set p Resetting pass 30 1 86 Dear «USER» pass	minutes (1-440)	0)(the period after which SMS password could be sent again) e beginning of the mobile number. Take China for example: 86) a maximum of 128 characters allowed Notes: <user> is username <loginip> is login IP <verifycode> is SMS Password <year>-<month>-<day> <hour>:<minute>Password Expiration = Example: 2014-9-4 17:33, not contain % and \$</minute></hour></day></month></year></verifycode></loginip></user>
Nessage Delivery	Restore Default		
Msg Delivery Module:	🗍 Use SMS mod	15 module ule installed on external server	
	SMS Center IP: SMS Center Port:		*

In case that the SMS license is invalid or has not been activated, tips show up under the subtitle **SMS Message**, saying "SMS authentication license key is invalid. Please <u>click here</u> to activate the license". To modify or activate the SMS license, click the **click here** link to enter **Licensing** page.

As shown on the above page, there are three sections related to SMS authentication, namely, SMS Message, Message Delivery Module and Message Delivery Parameters.

The following are the contents on SMS Authentication page:

Authentication: Indicates whether SMS authentication is enabled or not. Options are

#### Enabled and Disabled.

- Set Phone Number: If the option User can set phone number on login is selected, user can specify mobile phone number on login page. When adding user, administrator does not need to specify mobile phone number if SMS password is selected as secondary authentication. Then, user could specify mobile phone number to receive OTP. After successful authentication, the mobile phone number will be bound with the user account.
- **Reset password through SMS:** To enable users to reset password through SMS, select the option **Resetting password through SMS is allowed.**
- **Delivery Interval:** Specifies the interval for resending a SMS message.
- Pwd Validity Period: Configures the validity period of the SMS password. If user fails to
  enter and submit the SMS password within the time since the SMS password is sent, the
  SMS password will get invalid. Login with invalid SMS password will lead to login failure.
  The validity period should be between 1 and 1440 minutes.
- **Message Text:** Customizes the text of the SMS message that is to be sent to the end user.
- **Restore Default:** Click this link and the system default text will replace the current message text.
- **Message Delivery Mode:** There are two types of modules, built-in SMS module and SMS module installed on external server. Select either option and configure the other required fields.
- Gateway Type: Specifies the ways of delivering SMS messages. There are seven types of gateway, GSM modem, SANGFOR CDMA modem, CNMA modem, China Mobile V2, China Mobile V3, China Unicom, China Telecom V3, HTTP, Jasson MAS(WebService port). You can use GSM modem (connected to the server's COM port) or using gateway (such as China Mobile V2/V3, China Unicom and China Telecom V3, gateways usually used by enterprises) to send SMS messages.

Gateway Type:	SANGFOR CDMA modem	~
COM Port:	GSM modem	
COM POR:	SANGFOR CDMA modem	
Baud Rate:	CDMA modem	
	China Mobile V2	
	China Mobile V3	
	China Unicom	
	China Telecom V3	
Save	НТТР	
9.0	Jasson MAS (WebService port)	

- SMS Center: Indicates the SMSC number of corresponding ISP.
- **COM Port:** Indicates the COM port used to connect to SMS modem. Options are **COM1** and **COM2**.

COM Port:	COM0	Y
0	СОМО	~
Baud Rate:	COM1	~

 Baud Rate: Specifies the baud rate of the specified COM port of Sangfor device. Default is 9600.

Baud Rate:	9600	*
	9600	
	14400	
	19200	
	28800	
Save	115200	

 Send Test SMS Message: Click this link to check whether SMS message can be sent to end user successfully through the configured GSM modem or gateway. A Send Text Message to... page will pop up asking for mobile number, as shown in the figure below:

Gend Text Messag	je to
Mobile Number:	s sent, the settings will be saved and
the program will r	
	OK Cancel

## Using Built-in SMS Module to Send SMS Message

The so-called built-in SMS module indicates the module built in the Sangfor device.

To use GSM modem as the way to deliver SMS message, prepare a GSM modem and an IC telephone card, and then perform the steps below:

- 1. Insert the SIM card of a cellular phone into the GSM modem.
- 2. Use the serial cable (one end is male connector and the other end is female connector; attachment of Sangfor device when product is delivered) to connect the GSM modem to the **CONSOLE** interface on the rear panel of the Sangfor device. Please screw the plug/jack in until they are tightly attached.
- 3. On the SMS Authentication page, select gateway type GSM modem.
- 4. Enter the SMSC number of the local ISP into the **SMS Center** field. For example, if you are in Shenzhen, enter the number 8613800755500.
- 5. Select COM0 as the **COM Port**.
- 6. Configure **Baud Rate** (of the serial port) for communication between the Sangfor device and the GSM modem. It is 9600 by default. Change this value to keep it relevant to the GSM modem being used.
- 7. Click the **Save** button to save the settings. The configured fields are as shown below:

Tips: Changes take (	effect after SMS modu	e restart	
Gateway Type:	GSM modem	×	
SMS Center:	8613800755500		
	Example: SMSC num China Mobile(Shenzh	er of the corresponding ISP; per of China Mobile(Beijing) is 8613800100500 an en) is 8613800755500 e SMSC number, contact the ISP to which this GSM	
COM Port:	COM0	×	

8. Go to SSL VPN > Users > local Users page to add or edit user. Configure the mobile number, select user type Private user, and select secondary authentication SMS password, as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attribute	5				Field	is mark	ked * are	required
Name:	Sangfor	*	Certificate/USB Key:	none				
Description:				Generate Certif	icate ] [ lr	Import Ce	ertificate	Create USB
Password:		1	Virtual IP:	Automatic		cified	0.0.0.0	
Confirm:			Expiry Date:	Never		cified	2020-03-19	
	1	7		~	~			
Mobile Number:	13625522323		Status:	Enabled	() Disa	bled		
Mobile Number: Added To:		1	Status: Offline Access:	and the second second			in policy	set
Added To:	/zhuyong_users >>> /zhuyong_users >>> Inherit parent group's a Inherit policy set Inherit authenticatio Settings	attributes		and the second second			in policy :	set
Added To:	/zhuyong_users >>> /zhuyong_users >>> Inherit parent group's a Inherit policy set Inherit authenticatio Settings Public user Public user	attributes		Offline access			in policy	set

9. End user logs in to the SSL VPN. After passing the primary authentication, user will be asked for SMS password, as shown in the figure below:

Stis	To log in, you should go through SMS authentication.
	SMS Password:
_	If message is not received for long, click get again

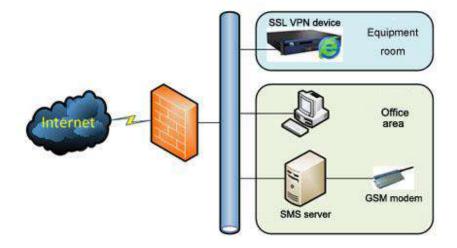
10. Enter the received SMS password, and click the **Submit** button. If user fails to receive the text message for a long time, he/she can click **get again** to get a new SMS password.

# Using External SMS Module to Send SMS Message

This type of module is installed on an external server, through which the SMS messages are sent.

To use GSM modem as the way to deliver SMS message, prepare a GSM modem and a computer (SMS server) that has COM port and has installed the SMS software provided by SANGFOR. What should be noted is that they may not work if the facilities are placed in a machine room where electromagnetic shielding measures may be taken.

Network deployment is as shown in the figure below:



- 1. Insert the SIM card of a cellular phone into the GSM modem.
- 2. Use the serial cable (one end is male connector and the other end is female connector; attachment of Sangfor device when product is delivered) to connect the GSM modem to the **COM** port of SMS server. Please screw the plug/jack in until they are tightly attached.
- 3. On the SMS server, install the SMS software package provided by SANGFOR.

Once installed, the software will run automatically as a system service. The process **SMSSP.exe** can be checked through **Windows Task Manager**.

For the running status of SMS service, see the SMS service icon on the task bar, as shown in the two figures below. The figure on the left shows normal running status, while the figure on the right shows service error.



If the software is installed on other drive rather than system drive C, the service might still refuse to work. In that case, uninstall the SMS software and reinstall it on the default drive.

4. Go to **Start** > **SmsService** to open the console or right-click the icon and select **Config**, and configure SMS service software.



What needs to be configured for the SMS service is the listening port (TCP port). Make sure the configured listening port is not providing other services. To check if port conflict exists, use the command **netstat** –**na** to check all other listening ports used by this server.



If the SMS server has installed firewall software, make sure that the firewall allows data transmission on the listening port.

- 5. Log in to the administrator console of the Sangfor device and navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication > SMS Authentication to configure SMS authentication.
  - SMS Center IP: Enter the IP address of the SMS server into the field. Make sure the Sangfor device and SMS server can communicate with each other, that is, the Sangfor device is connected to the SMS server.
  - SMS Center Port: Enter the listening port that has been configured for the SMS software.
  - Gateway Type: Select the option GSM modem.
  - SMS Center: Enter the SMSC number of the SIM card that has been inserted into the GSM modem. If the SMSC number of the SIM card is unknown, ask your ISP for that.
  - COM Port: Select the port being used to provide SMS service. If there is only one COM port, choose COM0; if there are two COM ports and the SMS modem is connecting to the second COM port, choose COM1.
  - Baud Rate: Select the default value 9600. The configured fields are as shown below:

Message Delivery	O Use built-in S	MS module	
Module:	() Use SMS mod	ule installed on external ser	ver
	SMS Center IP:	0.0.0.0	*
	SMS Center Port:	0	*
Message Delivery			
nebbuge beinery	ununeccio		
			i)
Tips: Changes take	effect after SMS m	odule restart	
	ir		
Gateway Type:	GSM modem	~	
Gateway Type: SMS Center:	GSM modem 8613800755500	×	
STATE 10	8613800755500		ISP:
3102333101	8613800755500 Type the SMSC n	umber of the corresponding number of China Mobile(Beiji	1SP; ng) is 8613800100500 and SMSC number of China Mobil
STATE 101 107	8613800755500 Type the SMSC n Example: SMSC (Shenzhen) is 86	umber of the corresponding number of China Mobile(Beiji 13800755500	
STATE 10	8613800755500 Type the SMSC n Example: SMSC (Shenzhen) is 86	umber of the corresponding number of China Mobile(Beiji 13800755500	ng) is 8613800100500 and SMSC number of China Mobil
SMS Center:	8613800755500 Type the SMSC n Example: SMSC (Shenzhen) is 86 If you do not kno	umber of the corresponding number of China Mobile(Beiji 13800755500 withe SMSC number, contact	ng) is 8613800100500 and SMSC number of China Mobil

6. Add or edit user. Configure the mobile number, select user type **Private user**, and select secondary authentication **SMS password**, as shown in the figure below:

Name: Sangfor *			Certificate/USB Key: none				
Description	1	1		Generate Certif	ficate ] [ Import	Certificate	Create L
Password	••••	1	Virtual IP:	Automatic			
Confirm	••••	1	Expiry Date:	Never		2020-03-19	3
Mobile Number	13625522323	1	Status:	Enabled	O Disabled		
Added To	/zhuyong_users >>	•	Offline Access:	Offline access	is not enable	d in policy s	et
	Inherit parent group's a	n settings					

7. End user logs in to the SSL VPN. After passing the primary authentication, user will be asked to enter the received SMS password, as shown in the figure below:

SI1S Taxan	To log in, you sl	hould go through SMS authentication.
	SMS Password:	Submit
	If message is not receiv	ved for long, click <u>get again</u>

8. Enter the received SMS password, and click the Submit button. If user fails to receive the

text message for a long time, he/she can click get again to get a new SMS password.

#### Using SMS Gateway of ISP to Send SMS Message

If the enterprise network is already deployed with SMS gateway of ISP, such as China Mobile, China Unicom, no other facility is needed except the Sangfor device. Configure the following:

- Gateway Type: Select a gateway type that is available to the enterprise network.
- **SMS Center IP:** If the message delivery module is installed on an external server, enter the IP address of the server on which the SMS module is installed.
- SMS Center Port: Enter the port number being used to listen to SMS service.
- **Message Delivery Parameters:** Configure the required fields according to the information provided by the corresponding ISP.

#### Using Webservice Based SMS Platform to Send SMS Message

Sangfor device can communicate with Webservice-based SMS platform for sending SMS message to end users, enhancing the stability. Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication > SMS Authentication page and select HTTP as Gateway Type. Configure the required fields, URL of webservice-based SMS platform, SOAP version, request mode and URL template.

ITTP	*	
	*	
JTF-8	~	
SOAP1.1 OSOAP1.2		
) POST 💿 GET		
Configure URL Template		
STAT NAVA	) POST	) POST () GET

Click the link **Configure URL Template** to enter the **Configure URL Template** page, as shown below:

Veb nterface:				
VDSL ile:	Select a wsdl, xml or xsd file	Browse	Generate Template	
lequest Template:				Help Notes:
				\$\$USER_NAME\$\$ will be
				replaced by username \$\$MOBILE_NUM\$\$ will be replaced by mobile phone number \$\$SMS_CONTENT\$\$ will be replaced by message text \$\$DATE:%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:% \$\$\$ will be replaced by current time \$\$LOCAL_TIME\$\$ will be replaced by current time in second \$\$SERIAL_ID\$\$ will be replaced by user ID. \$\$SERIAL_I0:65\$ will be
				replaced by user ID length \$\$ENCODE_MD5:MOBILE_NUM\$ will be encrypted with MD5
esponse emplate:				

Configure the fields on above page and click **OK** to save the changes.

# Using Jasson MAS to Send SMS Message

Sangfor device can use Jasson MAS for sending SMS message so as to enhance stability.

effect after SMS module resta	rt
Jasson MAS (WebService port)	*
	*
	*
3306	*
	*
8	*
	*
	*
	*
T	*
	Jasson MAS (WebService port)

Configure the following contents included on above page:

- URL: Enter the URL of Jasson MAS.
- **Database Server IP:** Enter the IP address of database server on Jasson MAS.
- **Port:** Enter the database port according to your case. Default value is 3306.
- **Database Name:** Enter the name of database server on Jasson MAS. You need to confirm with the network administrator that the database name you entered is correct.
- **Database Admin, Password:** Enter the username and password of internal database on MAS. If you do not know the username or password, contact with the network administrator.
- Web Interface: Enter the interface of Jasson MAS used to send SMS message.
- Login Name, Password: Specifies username and password to log in Jasson MAS.

#### Hardware ID Based Authentication

Hardware ID is a unique serial number generated using the extracted features of hardware components in a computer, according to certain algorithm. The uniqueness of computer components makes the generated hardware ID unique.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication to enter the Authentication Options page. Click the Settings button following Hardware ID and the Hardware ID Based Authentication page appears, as shown in the figure below:

licy Options	
Collect hardware ID only	
C Enable hardware ID based authentication	i
rdware ID Collecting and Approval	
Message on Collecting:	
Message on Collecting:	0

The following are the contents included on Hardware ID Based Authentication page:

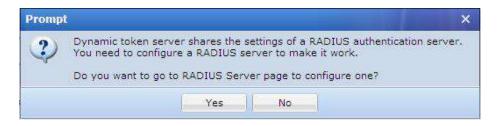
- **Collect hardware ID only:** If this option is selected, hardware IDs of endpoint computers will be collected, but hardware ID based authentication will not be enabled.
- Enable hardware ID based authentication: If this option is selected, hardware ID of endpoint computers will be collected and hardware ID based authentication enabled.
- **Message on Collecting:** This will turn out to be a prompt seen by end users when they go through hardware ID based authentication.

- Auto approve any hardware ID: Indicates that any hardware ID submitted by end user will be approved, and administrator need not approve them manually.
- Allow login on approved endpoint, with any account: Indicates that hardware IDs submitted by any user from certain endpoint(s) will be approved automatically if administrator has ever approved the hardware ID of the endpoint(s).
- Save: Click this button to save the settings when configuration is completed.

## **Dynamic Token Based Authentication**

Dynamic token based authentication is an extension of RADIUS authentication, using a RADIUS server to distribute passcode to connecting user when they go through dynamic token based authentication. Dynamic token based authentication is a secondary authentication and can add security to SSL VPN access.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication to enter the Authentication Options page. Click the Settings button following Dynamic Token and the following prompt appears:



To go to **RADIUS Server** page to configure RADIUS server, click the **Yes** button. For procedures of configuring RADIUS server, please refer to the RADIUS Authentication section in Chapter 4.

## **Other Authentication Options**

This section includes configurations of **Priority of LDAP/RADIUS Servers**, **Password Security Options** related to password and brute-force login prevention, and **Anonymous Login** related settings.

## **Priority of LDAP and RADIUS Servers**

If there are more than one LDAP servers or RADIUS servers available for user authentication, it becomes necessary to consider choosing an LDAP or RADIUS server as the first server from which the matching account will be searched for when user is connecting to SSL VPN and going through LDAP/RADIUS authentication.

Administrator can adjust the order (priority) of the available external LDAP/RADIUS servers on the **Sort External Authentication Servers** page.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication to enter the Authentication Options page. Click the Settings button following Priority of LDAP/RADIUS Servers and the Sort External Authentication Servers page appears, as shown in the figure below:

	use the order (priority) or external servers t	used for authenticating users.	
DI	love to Top 🔘 Up 🔘 Down 🕓 Move to Bottom	1 	
	Server Name	Description	
1	radius1		
2	radius2		
	67.245-ActiveDirectory		

Since the order indicates priority, the external authentication server sitting at the top of the list has the highest priority. User will go through this server first to find the matching account while connecting to SSL VPN.

If the connecting user is not found on the first external authentication server, the matching process will not stop. User will then go through the second (or third, or fourth) external authentication server until the right user account is matched. If no account is matched eventually, user authentication will fail.

To adjust order of an external authentication server, select the server and click **Move to Top**, **Move Up**, **Move Down** or **Move to Bottom**.

When configuration is completed, click the **Save** button to save the changes.

## **Password Security Options**

Password security options are settings related to login when user submits username and password to access the SSL VPN, including two parts, Logon Security Options and Brute-force Login Prevention.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication to enter the Authentication Options page. Click the Settings button following Password Security Options and the Password Security Options page appears, as shown in the figure below:

Enable on-screen key	board (so that Trojan	will not r	ecord the inputs)		
Random letter	key layout 🔛 Ranc	lom numl	ber key layout		
Brute-force Login Preven	ion				
If consecutive logon		ctivate wo ent)	ord verification (0 mean	ns enabled; if i	t is below 3, set to 3 for non-V
✓ If consecutive logon	ailures by a user read	:h 5	(1-32), lock the user	600 (30-1800	)) seconds
☑ If consecutive logon	ailures on one IP rea	ch 64	(64-2048), lock IP ad	ldress for <sup>45</sup>	(30-1800) seconds
+ taraa failinen tadta	te that the interval b	etween tv	vo adjacent logons is le	ess than 45 ser	:onds;
1. Logon ranures multi		100000	log in successively (1-		

The following are the contents included on the **Password Security Options** page:

Enable on-screen keyboard: On-screen keyboard is a virtual keyboard available on the login page to the SSL VPN and can prevent input disclosure, adding security to SSL VPN access. The other two options Random letter key layout and Random number key layout can have the letter keys and number keys on the virtual keyboard change positions randomly every time user uses this keyboard.

When user logs in to the SSL VPN and wants to call the on-screen keyboard, he or she needs only to click the keyboard icon next to the **Password** field on the login page, as shown in the figure below:

	SSL VPN													
Username:	1													
Password:		đ					_		_	_	_			
			0					E	Inter		(	Cano	tel	Close
	Log In		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	c	BackSpace
			i	d	g	t	1	}	j	z	P	#	>	Enter
			W.	5	Y	8	ь	(	<	q	n	1	4	Caps Lock
	Other Login Methods	:	h		%	1	{	1	8	1	r			Lowercase
		-	0	u	1	а	0	e	-		)	k	1	=
	🗔 Use Certificate	📸 Use USB Key	+	142	m	f	s		x	2	*	V.	N	5.607

 Brute-force Login Prevention: This security feature enables the system to take actions to stop brute-force login attempt. If user fails to log in many times, the login IP address or the user account would be locked up or word verification be enabled for a period of time. The prompt given is as shown below:

Jsername:	
<sup>p</sup> assword:	
	🕖 You are trying brute-force login.
	The user account is locked!

Word Verification: It is also a feature that adds security to SSL VPN access. If this option "If consecutive logon failures reach N, activate word verification" is selected, 0 means word verification will be enabled forcibly; for non-Windows client-side, if the input value is less than 3, it will still be taken as 3. Once word verification is activated, end user will be required to enter the word he or she sees on the picture when visiting the login page and logging in to the SSL VPN, as shown below:

Access SSL VPN	
Username:	
Password:	Í
Verification:	B2QP
Log Ir	

#### **Anonymous Login**

Anonymous login is a kind of login method that does not require connecting user to enter username and password, user accessing SSL VPN anonymously under the anonymous login user account and being able to access the resources that are associated with **Anonymous group**.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication to enter the Authentication Options page. Click the Configure button following Anonymous Login and the Anonymous Login Options page appears, as shown in the figure below:

	nymous Login Options	
۲	Enabled	
	All users access SSL VPN anor	nymously (without submitting any credentia
	Edit Anonymous Group	Assigned Roles
0	Disabled	

The following are the contents included on the **Anonymous Login Options** page:

• Enabled, Disabled: If Disabled is selected, no user could log in to the SSL VPN anonymously. If Enabled is selected, anonymous login is enabled, and end users can access the SSL VPN anonymously, simply by clicking the Anonymous button on the login page, as shown below:

		1
Username:		
Password:		

- All users access SSL VPN anonymously: If this option is selected, all users can access SSL VPN anonymously (enter the Resource page, or the redirected-to page if this feature is enabled in the associated policy set), without submitting any credential through login page.
- Edit Anonymous Group: Click this button to configure the attributes of Anonymous group. For detailed guide, please refer to the Adding/Editing Resource Group section in Chapter 4. The attributes of Anonymous group are as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attributes			Fields marked * are requir
Name:	Anonymous group	4	ŝ
Description:	System protected, unable to be deleted		
Added To:		53	
Max Concurrent Users:	0 (0 indi	cates no limit	)
Status,	Enabled Disabled           Inherit parent group's attributes		
Authentication Settings			
Authentication Settings User Type:   Public gro	Inherit parent group's attributes Inherit authentication setting Inherit policy set Inherit assigned roles Pup Private group	15	
Authentication Settings User Type:  Public gro Primary Authentication	Inherit parent group's attributes Inherit authentication setting Inherit policy set Inherit assigned roles Pup Private group	15	v Authentication ————————————————————————————————————
Authentication Settings User Type:   Public gro	Inherit parent group's attributes Inherit authentication setting Inherit policy set Inherit assigned roles Pup Private group	15	

- Assigned Roles: Click this button to select and assign roles to the anonymous users. For detailed guide, please refer to the Adding Role section in Chapter 4.
- Save: Click it to save the settings. To apply changes, click the Apply button on the next page.

# **Policy Sets**

A policy set is a collection of policies controlling end user's access to SSL VPN, rights at client end, and access rights on Security Desktop, including settings of **Client**, **Account Options**, **Remote Application and Cloud Storage**.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Policy Sets to enter the Policy Sets page, as shown below:

>> Policy Sets			
🔕 Add 🔹 🥥 Delete 📓 Edit 🚽 Select	<ul> <li>Plug-in/Process Group</li> </ul>	Search by Name 🔹	Search 🖌
Name 🔺	Description	Applied to User/G	roup
🔲 🔟 zhuyong_policy		zhuyong,zhu,yong	g,zhuyong_users
🔲 💽 组资路1		hyq,hyq 4213452	61202013265,De
🔲 🔝 Default policy set	System protected, unable to be del	1,/,Anonymous gr	oup

On the page displayed above, **Name** indicates the name of a policy set, **Description** indicates the descriptive information of a policy set and **Applied to User/Group** indicates the users/groups to which the corresponding policy set applies.

The following are some optional operations on the Policy Set Management page:

- To create a new policy set, click **Add > Policy set**.
- To create a policy set based on an existing policy set, select a policy set as template and click
   Add > By using template.
- To delete one or more policy sets, select the policy sets and then click **Delete**.
- To edit a policy set, select the policy set and then click Edit.
- To select policy sets on all pages, click **Select > All pages**.
- To select policy sets on the current page, click **Select > Current pages**.
- To deselect entries, click **Select > Deselect**.
- To search for a specific policy set, select **Search by Name**, **Search by Description** or **Search by User/Group**, enter the keyword and click the magnifier icon next to the textbox.

### **Adding Policy Set**

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Policy Sets and click Add > Policy set to enter the Add Policy Set page, as shown below:

Basic Attributes	Fields marked * are requir
Name:	*
Description:	
Policy Options	
Client Options	Account Options Remote Application Cloud Storage
Same and a second second	: following contents on user's exit: rary Internet files Cookies Browsing history Form data
Bandwidth	/Sessions Restrictions TCP app sessions limit Sessions: <sup>80</sup> (10-500)
Bandwidth,	/Sessions Restrictions
Bandwidth,	/Sessions Restrictions TCP app sessions limit Sessions: <sup>50</sup> (10-500) bandwidth limit Outbound: <sup>128</sup> KBps, Inbound: <sup>128</sup> KBps (0 indicates no limit. Minimum is

- 2. Specify the name and descriptive information for the policy set.
- 3. Configure the following client-related options on the **Client** tab:
  - Privacy Protection: Specifies the contents to be automatically deleted at user's logout to protect user's privacy. Select Temporary Internet files, Cookies, Browsing history and/or Form data.
    - **Temporary Internet files:** Indicates the copies of webpages, images and media that are saved for faster viewing.
    - **Cookies:** Indicates the files stored on users' computer by websites to save preferences.
    - Browsing history: Indicates the links to the pages that users have visited.
    - Form data: Indicates the saved information that users have typed into forms.
  - Bandwidth/Sessions Restrictions: Specify limits on TCP app sessions and bandwidth for client, and select whether to preferentially enable byte cache.
    - Enable TCP app sessions limit: Check it to enable limit on TCP app sessions at client and then specify the maximum number of TCP application sessions allowed. The value range is 1 to 500. Unchecking it means no limit on TCP app sessions.
    - Enable bandwidth limit: Check it to enable limit on bandwidth for using Web applications, TCP applications and L3VPN at client and then specify maximum

outbound and inbound bandwidth (KBps) allowed at client. The minimum value for this field is 32 KBps and 0 means no limit. This function avoids the situation that some users preempt most of the HQ bandwidth with insufficient bandwidth left for others. Unchecking it means no limit on bandwidth used at client end.

Preferred to enable byte cache: Check it to have the corresponding user preferentially enjoy the speedup of file access or downloading when the number of concurrent users reaches the maximum. Unchecking it means the corresponding user has no privileges to preferentially enjoy optimization.



To make the **Preferred to enable byte cache** option available here, select the **Enable Byte Cache** option (in **System > SSL VPN Options > Network Optimization > Data Transfer > Byte Cache Options**. Please refer to the Network Optimization Related Settings section in Chapter 3).

- Permit PPTP/L2TP incoming connection: Select whether to allow mobile users to log in through PPTP/L2TP.
- Enable Dedicated SSL VPN Tunnel: If this option is checked, users can only access the internal resources over SSL VPN. Unchecking it means users can access internal resources as well as the Internet after connecting to the SSL VPN. This feature is only applicable to the Windows or Android based client end.
- Each user may own multiple hardware IDs, maximum: Specify the maximum of hardware IDs that each use account can bind to. The value range is 1 to 100.



After configuring policy set completes, you need to associate it with user or user group when adding or editing user/group; otherwise, it will not work .

4. Click **Account Options** tab to enter the **Account Options** page and specify the account-related options, as shown below:

	Account Options	Remote App	lication Cloud Storage		
Account Op	otions				
🗸 Log acc	cess events				
🖌 Enable	system tray				
On use	er's logon, redirect	to resource		55	
User can o	only log in during t	the schedule	All week	~	
	ecomes invalid if u		0	(0 indicates no limit)	
				*	
Connection	n Timeout				
Connection Access Usi					
Access Usi Discon	ng PC: inect user if inactiv		aches 5 (5-43200)mi	inutes (it becomes invalid if local DNS	s ena
Access Usi Discon Access Usi	ng PC: nect user if inactiv ng Mobile Device:				
Access Usi Discon Access Usi	ng PC: inect user if inactiv			inutes (it becomes invalid if local DNS Irs (it becomes invalid if local DNS is ei	
Access Usi Discon Access Usi Discon	ng PC: inect user if inactiv ng Mobile Device: inect user if inactiv	vity period rea			
Access Usi Discon Access Usi Discon	ng PC: nect user if inactiv ng Mobile Device:	vity period rea			

The following are the contents included on the Account Options tab:

- Account Options: Configure whether to log users' access, enable system tray and specify redirected-to resource, and specify valid period only during which user is allowed to login, maximum number of days required for a user account to be disabled due to not being used, and user idle timeout after login.
  - Log access events: Check it to log all the user's access events over SSL VPN.
  - Enable system tray: Check it to enable system tray for the user associated with this policy set (please refer to the Configuring Client Related Options section in Chapter 3).

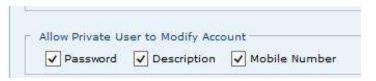


The Enable system tray option under System > SSL VPN Options > General > Client Options is a global option for all users. If it is checked, the Enable system tray option here is selected by default.

On user's logon, redirect to resource: Specify the resource to which the page will be redirected after user logs in to SSL VPN. Select this option and click the textbox to enter the **Resources** page, as shown below, and then select the resource (the resources available here are predefined in SSL VPN > **Resources**. Please refer to the Resource section in Chapter 4).

View	All	~	Sear	'ch	9
	Resource Name		Description		
	🗟 bbs-qmx 👘				^
	8 0.3				
<b>?</b>	🍓 FileShare				
	🝓 ftp				
	a ftp16				
	🍓 share03				
	test_sso_res	5			
	🖉 host		123456		
	🍓 fileshare				
	🍓 fdsa		sadsd		
	🍓 dsadsa		dsad		~
M	4 Page 1	of 2 🕨 🕨	25 Show	/page	

- User can only log in during the schedule: Specify the period of time only during which the user is allowed to access SSL VPN. Select a schedule from the drop-down list (the schedules available here are predefined in System > Schedule; please refer to the Schedules section in Chapter 3).
- Account becomes invalid if user has not logged in for N days: Specify the number of days required for a user account to be disabled due to not being used.
- Connection Timeout: Specifies the period of time to disconnect user due to inactivity for two logout scenarios.
- Allow Private User to Modify Account: Select Password, Description and/or Mobile Number if you allow private user to modify the password, description and mobile phone number.



If a private user is allowed to modify the password, description and mobile number, the user can click **Settings** (at upper right of the page) to modify its password, description and mobile number after logging in to SSL VPN.



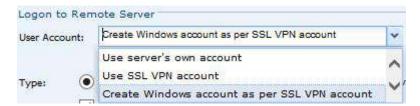
To allow a user to modify mobile number, enable SMS authentication for the user while adding or editing the user.

5. Click **Remote Application** tab to enter the **Remote Application** page and configure the related options.

Logon to Re	mote Server			
User Account:	Create Windows account as per SSL	VPN account		
	(for users use server's own acco	ount, they have right to acces	ess some crucial system programs, such as Mstsc.exe, Shutdo	wn.exe
Type:	User privilege	O Admin privilege	e:	
Deletion:	On removing user from local de	evice, remove account and re	elated data from remote server	
Allow Use of	Local Devices/Resources in Sessi	ion		
Drives	Clipboard	Printer	Virtual Printer	
✓ Duplicate	e data on client to remote app	Duplicate data on remote ap	pp to client 📃 Write data into disk on client	
		Duplicate data on remote ap	pp to client Write data into disk on client	
Permitted Vi	irtual Printer Software			
Permitted Vi	irtual Printer Software PDF Reader O Foxit PDF Re	eader 💮 Adobe PDF Re:	eader	(faile)
Permitted Vi	irtual Printer Software PDF Reader O Foxit PDF Re eader is used by default, since it	eader 💮 Adobe PDF Re:		fails.)
Permitted Vi Sangfor I (Foxit PDF n Peper Opti	rtual Printer Software PDF Reader Software eader is used by default, since it	eader 💮 Adobe PDF Re:	eader	fails.)
Permitted Vi Sangfor I (Foxit PDF n Peper Opti	irtual Printer Software PDF Reader O Foxit PDF Re eader is used by default, since it	eader 💮 Adobe PDF Re:	eader	fails.)
Permitted Vi Sangfor I (Foxit PDF n Peper Opti Application A	Intual Printer Software PDF Reader Foxit PDF Re eader is used by default, since it on Access Privileges () All subnets	eader () Adobe PDF Re. supports most of remote app	eader	fails.)
Permitted Vi Sangfor I (Foxit PDF n Peper Opti Application A Granted to:	rtual Printer Software PDF Reader Socit PDF Re eader is used by default, since it on Access Privileges	eader () Adobe PDF Re. supports most of remote app	eader	fails.)

The following are the contents included on the **Remote Application** tab:

- Logon to Remote Server: Specifies what user account and privilege type is used by user to log into remote server.
  - User Account: Specifies what account can be used by mobile user to log in to remote server, as shown below:



- Type: It appears when Create Windows account as per SSL VPN account is selected as User Account. It indicates the type of the created Windows account.
- **Deletion:** If this option is selected, related account and data created on remote server will be removed together when user is removed from local device.
- Allow Use of Local Devices/Resources in Session: Select the device and/or resource you wan to use in session, as shown below:

Allow Use of Loca	l Devices/Resources in Session		
✓ Drives	Clipboard	Printer	Virtual Printer

Drives: If it is selected, VPN users can save file onto local drives when accessing

remote application resource.

- Clipboard: Select it to enable user to duplicate data from client end to remote server.
- **Printer:** If this option is selected, user can use the printer at client end to print the document in remote application after printer driver is installed on remote server.
- Virtual Printer: If it is selected, user can choose Sangfor virtual printer at remote server side to print file without need to install driver of local printer on remote server.
- Permitted Direction of Data Flow: It is available only when Clipboard option is selected.

```
Permitted Direction of Data Flow

        Image: Operative data on client to remote app
        Duplicate data on remote app to client
        Image: Operative data on client
```

Permitted Virtual Printer Software: It is configurable only when Virtual Printer option is selected. There are three types of virtual printer software, Sangfor PDF Reader, Foxit PDF Reader and Adobe PDF Reader. Sangfor PDF Reader is selected by default, which provides a better printing effect and supports more file types. If Sangfor PDF reader does not work, use Foxit or Adobe PDF reader instead. If you want to use Adobe PDF reader, it is recommended to use Adobe 9.4.

```
      Permitted Virtual Printer Software

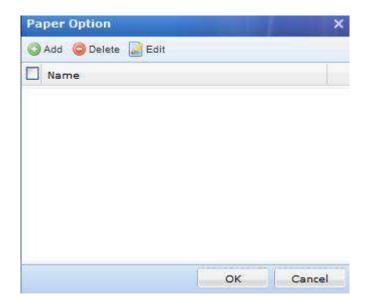
        Sangfor PDF Reader

        Sangfor PDF Reader

        (Foxit PDF reader is used by default, since it supports most of remote applications. Adobe is used to print only when printing with Foxit fails.)

        Paper Option
```

**Paper Options:** Click it to configure paper-related options, as shown below:



Click Add to enter the Add Paper page, specify the paper size and margin and click OK to save the changes, as shown below:

Add Paper			3
Name:			
Paper Size(cm)		Height, 0.	00
Widtl	n <u></u>	Height: <sup>0.</sup>	,
Margin(cm):	(*******		(*******
Left:	0.00	Top:	0.00
Right	e; 0.00	Bottom:	0.00

 Application Access Privileges: Specifies accessible subnet/domain for specific user, so as to achieve control over privilege of access to remote applications.

	~	
Granted to:	All subnets	
	Specified subnet/domain	Settings
aren (asearen )	(manufacture)	
Advanced Privilege:	Settings	

- All subnets: Indicates user can access all subnets.
- Specified subnet/domain: Specifies accessible subnet/domain for user. Click
   Setting to enter the Permitted IP Addresses page, click Add to add a entry, as shown in the figure below:

Permitted IP Addresses	-	×
🔾 Add 🥥 Delete 📓 Edit		
IP or Domain		
Add IP Addresses		<b>x</b> :
• IP	-	
Domain		
	ок	Cancel
	ок	Cancel

• Advanced Privilege: Click to configure application-related advance options, as shown below:

Ad	Ivanced Options	×
to	eselect the item if you allow application to do so in remote session. For example: allow remote application to call registry, deselect Disable Registry option; delivery Windows resource manager, deselect Disable Resource Manager.	
	Item	
	Disable Registry	,
	Disable Task Manager	í
	Disable Resource Manager	
	Disable Control Panel	
	Disable cmd.exe	
	Hide disk on remote server	
	Disable Run command and not show list of sub-directories while typing file name	~
2	Disable Manage. Man network drive and Disconnect network drive	
	OKOKCancel	

6. Click **Cloud Storage** to enter the **Cloud Storage** tab, and specify related options, as shown in the below figure:

Storage Di	rectory		
Private	Directory:	>>	
Public C	Directory:	**	
EasyFile Cl	oud Storage		

It specifies the storage privilege on remote server for users and server group used for

EasyFile cloud storage.

Storage Directory: Specifies the storage directory on remote server. Options are
 Private Directory and Public Directory. Click following Private Directory or
 Public Directory to select desired directory. If no remote storage server is configured, you need to add storage server on SSL VPN > Remote Servers > Storage Server page(for details, refer to Adding Remote Storage Server in Chapter 4).

If **Private Directory** is selected, click **b** following it to enter the following page:

Path         Name         Upload         Downl           \\200.200.72.140\private         200.200.72.140	Download
	<b></b>

If **Public Directory** is selected, click following it, and you will see the figure, as shown below:

ublic Directories				
odify means user can edit the file f ean file transmission between clier are the public directory, with even	it and remote server is allowed. Us	ers asso	ciated with	this policy
Path	Server Name	Modify	Upload	Download
\\200.200.75.64\public	200.200.75.64_storage			

• **EasyFile Cloud Storage:** Specifies the remote server group on which corresponding application will be invoked to open the file when the file on cloud is opened on mobile device, such as mobile phone, tablet.

Search	9	B E	
🚽 🔛 Default (	- Andrew -		
	group		

7. Click **EMM** tab to enter the **EMM** tab. Enterprise mobility management(EMM) is to manage mobile devices that are connected to SSL VPN.

Client	Account Option	s Remote Application	Cloud Storage	EMM
III Allo	ow mobile device	to register		
MDM F	Policy			
Andr	oid MDM Policy:	Default policy for Android	device	>>
ios N		Default policy for iOS devi	N	**

The following are contained on EMM tab:

- Allow mobile device to register: Determines whether mobile device is allowed to register.
- Android MDM Policy: Specifies MDM policy for Android devices.
- **iOS MDM Policy:** Specifies MDM policy for iOS devices.
- 8. Click **Save** to save the settings or **Cancel** not to save the settings. To have settings take effect, click the **Apply** button at upper right of the next page.

## **Remote Servers**

Remote server falls into application server and storage servers. Remote application servers are servers providing remote applications to SSL VPN users. After connecting to SSL VPN, users can use the remote applications even though they have not installed the corresponding application programs on their local computers. Remote storage servers are servers where the data or files can be saved in the remote application session. Before adding remote server, you need to install "Terminal Services" and "RemoteAppAgent" on remote server, and make sure these programs can work properly.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Remote	Servers to enter the Apr	Server page, as shown below:
	bei verb to enter the ripp	bei vei puge, us shown below.

😴 Refresh 🛛 🔇 Add 🔹 🌘	🌙 Delete 📓 Edit 🛛 📝 Sel	ect 🔹 🗔 Move	>>	Searc	h by Name 🔻	Search	2
Search 🔎	Name 🔶	Туре	Description	Address	Port	Status	Enabled
	🔲 🧾 Default group	Server Group	System pro				-
🗆 📴 Default group	200.200.74	Server		200.200.74	7170	Offline	4
	200.200.74.71	Server		200.200.74.71	7170	Offline	1
	200.200.75.64	Server		200.200.75.64	7170	Offline	1

The following are the contents included on the **App Server** page:

- Name: Displays the name of a remote server.
- Address: Displays the IP address of a remote server.
- **Port:** Displays the communication port of a remote server.
- **Description:** Displays the descriptive information of a remote server.
- **Type:** Displays the type of a app server, **Server** or **Server Group**.
- Status: Displays the status of a app server, Online or Offline.
- **Enabled:** Displays whether the app server is enabled or not.

The following are some optional operations on the **App Server** page:

- To add a app server, click Add > App Server or Add > Storage Server.
- To delete one or more app servers, select the remote servers and then click **Delete**.
- To edit a app server, select the remote server entry and then click Edit.
- To select app servers on all pages, click **Select > Server >All pages**.
- To select app servers on the current page, click **Select > Server > Current pages**.
- To cancel the selection, click **Select > Deselect**.
- To move the selected app server to a specified server group, click **Move** to enter the **Select Server Group** page, as shown below:

	r Group >
Search	
📴 Default gr	roup
Maye To:	
Move To:	

- To add multiple programs for one or more app servers, select the app servers and click Add Multiple Programs, and a dialog will appear, displaying the application programs available on existing remote servers. Please note that only the online app server can be associated with multiple programs.
- To allow delivered applications to invoke third-party programs, click **Program White List** and then specify third-party programs according to the specific case.

Program White List		×
permission to use thi program running may party program needs internal name(?) into notepad++.exe Note: The programs a	ed to invoke third-party program, in which case rd-party program should be granted, or else ap a encounter unexpected errors. If you know wha to be invoked, you could add the program nan the while list. One entry per row. Example: and processes in the directory of the application and thus need not be added.	oplication at third- ne or
	lication to use any third-party program	
Allow delivered app	lication to use third-party programs below	
	Finish	Cancel

If **Allow delivered application to user third-party programs below** is selected, specify the allowed third-party programs in the textbox.

• To configure global settings for remote application servers, click **Server Options**.

pp Server Options	
Session Persistence:	✓ <sup>15</sup> minute(s)
	In case connection is dropped, the session will still be held for a period of time. However, this feature is not applicable to public users and users that are not accessing the app server over SSL VPN.
Session Multiplexing:	Allow session multiplexing
	The applications on a remote server will be delivered in one remote session. This feature is applicable to Android and iOS devices only.
Load Balancing:	Overall performance based
	For applications that require balanced system performance.
	Update Icon

- To download RemoteApp Agent and save it to local PC, click **Download RemoteApp** Agent.
- To update one or more app servers, select the app servers and then click **Update**.
- To view the status information of remote servers, click Status to enter Status > SSL VPN > Remote Application page.
- To search for a specific app server, select Search by Name, Search by Description, Search by IP or Search by Program, enter the corresponding keyword and then click the magnifier icon next to the textbox.

#### **Adding Remote Application Server**

- 1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Remote Servers to enter the App Server page.
- 2. Click Add > Server to enter the App Server page, as shown below:

Basic Attributes			arked * are require
Server Name:			*
Description:			
Server Address:			*
Server Port:	7170		*
Admin Account:			*
Password:		Test Connectivity	*
Added To:	Default group	>>	
Max Concurrent Sessions:	0	(0 means no limit)	
Status:	Enabled      D	isabled	
Remote Application Program		📓 Edit 🛛 🌌 Select 🕶	Associated Resour

- 3. Configure **Basic Attributes** of the application server. The following are the basic attributes:
  - Server Name, Description: Enter a name and description for the remote application server.
  - Server Address: Enter the IP address of the remote application server that the Sangfor device will connect to.
  - Server Port: Specify the communication port of the remote server, through which the Sangfor device will connect to. It is 7170 by default.
  - Admin Account: Enter the administrator name for logging into the remote application server.
  - Password: Enter the administrator password for logging into the remote application server.
  - Added To: Specifies a server group to which this app server is added.
  - Max Concurrent Sessions: Specify the maximum number of concurrent connections to the remote application server.
  - **Status:** Select whether to enable the current app server.
- 4. Select and add the application programs under **Remote Application Programs**.
  - To select application programs already available on the server, click Select from Server to open the following page, as shown below:

Submit

Cancel

L SEC	Select * If the desired program	is not listed below, close the window and click "Add Manua	a con
	Application Program	Path	Valid?
	🐴 Cluster Administrator	C:\WINDOWS\Cluster\cluadmin.exe	Yes
	😂 Windows(R) NetMeeting(R)	C:\Program Files\NetMeeting\conf.exe	Yes
	🖏 Microsoft Windows Phone	C:\WINDOWS\dialer.exe	Yes
	😹 System Configuration Utility	C:\WINDOWS\PCHEALTH\HELPCTR\Binaries\msconfig	Yes
	😂 Outlook Express	C:\Program Files\Outlook Express\msimn.exe	Yes
	<b>9</b> System Information	C:\Program Files\Common Files\Microsoft Shared\MSI	Yes
	📔 Notepad++ : a free (GNU)	C:\Program Files\Notepad++\notepad++.exe	Yes
	🕠 Address Book	C:\Program Files\Outlook Express\wab.exe	Yes
	Microsoft (R) Address Book	C:\Program Files\Outlook Express\wabmig.exe	Yes
	WinRAR	C:\Program Files\WinRAR\WinRAR.exe	Yes

If the desired program is not available on the server, click Add Manually under Remote Application Programs to open the following dialog and then type the full path of the program, as shown below:

Add Application Manually		×
Type in full path of the program . One entry per row, maximun	n 10 programs a	allowed.
C:\Program Files (x86)\Windows NT\Accessories\wordpad.exe		×
		Ŧ
Example: D:\Program files\Microsoft\Office\Word.exe %ProgramFiles%\Microsoft\Office\Word.exe		ι <del>Σ</del> .

Click **Submit** to add the program, as shown below:

4	Sele	ect from Server ( Add Manually 🤤 Delete	🛃 Edit 🛛 🏹 Select 👻	
		Application Program 🗢	Path	Valid?
1		Microsoft Office Excel	C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft Office\OFFICE11\E	Yes
2		Microsoft Office PowerPoint	C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft Office\OFFICE11\P	Yes
з		Microsoft Office Word	C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft Office\OFFICE11\	Yes
4		Windows Wordpad Application	C:\Program Files (x86)\Windows NT\Accessories\wor	Yes

To delete the programs, select the program(s) and click **Delete**.

To edit a program, select the program and click **Edit**.

To select the programs on the current page, click **Select > Current pages**.

To select the programs on all pages, click **Select > All pages**.

To cancel the selection, click **Select > Deselect**.

To associate selected application program with existing resource quickly, click the

Associated Resources and a dialog appears, which shows all the resources owing name with

that application program.

5. Click **Save** and then **Apply** to save and apply the settings.

If you want to add server group, click **Add > Server Group** to enter the **Add Server Group** page, as shown below:

Name:			 *
Descriptior	····		
	✓ Enable th	nis group	

Enter the name and description for the server group and click **OK** to save the changes.

For how to deliver remote application, refer to Adding Remote Application in Chapter 7.

## **Adding Remote Storage Server**

Remote storage server is used to save file modified in remote application. Private directory and public directory can be created on it.

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Remote Servers > Storage Server page to enter the following page:

😤 Refresh 🛛 🔘 Add 🤤 Dele	ate 📝 Edit 🛛 🖥	🖉 Select 🔹 🚮 Sta	tus »	Search by	Name * Search	Q
Name 🔺	Description	Address	Port	Status	Enabled	
🔲 🖺 200.200.75.64_st		200.200.75.64	7170	Offline	4	

The contents included on above page are similar with those on **App Server** page. For related description, refer to **Remote Servers** section in this chapter.

2. Click **Add** to add a storage server, as shown below:

Note: File syste	m of stora	ge server i	must be NTFS.	1		
Server Name:				*		
Description:						
Server Address:	1			*		
Server Port:	7170			*		
Admin Account:				*		
Password:			Test Connectivity	*		
Status:	Enable	d 🔿 Disa	ibled			

- 3. Configure **Basic Attributes** of the storage server. The following are the basic attributes:
  - Server Name, Description: Enter a name and description for the remote storage server.
  - Server Address: Enter the IP address of the remote storage server that the Sangfor device will connect to.
  - Server Port: Specify the communication port of the remote storage server, through which the Sangfor device will connect to. Default port is 7170.
  - Admin Account: Enter the administrator name for logging into the remote storage server.
  - **Password:** Enter the administrator password for logging into the remote storage server.
  - Status: Select whether to enable the current remote storage server.
- 4. Under **Directories**, specify directory as private and/or public directory on the remote storage server.

Server Address:	10.11 <mark>1.11</mark> 1.6		*	
Server Port:	7170	-	*	
Admin Account:	sangfor		*	
Password:		Test Connectivity	*	
-	Enabled O I			
Status:		Disabled		
rectories				Туре
rectories	y Pi			Type Private direct

**Private Directory:** Each user owning private directory can see the private directory when he/ she logs in to SSL VPN. This user has full privilege of this directory, he/she can create sub-directory, add, or delete file/file folder.

**Public Directory:** All users can see public directory associated with them. They can read file under this directory. The administrator has administrative privilege to determine whether user can write the file under this directory. If user has the right to write the file, he/she can save the modified file to the public directory.

To specify private directory or public directory, click Add > Private directory or Public directory to enter the Private Directories page or the Public Directories page, and then select a directory as the private or public directory.

When an end user accesses to the remote application, a personal folder will be automatically created in the specified directory which is configured in the associated policy set, as shown in the figure below.

Name:	*	
Description:		
Policy Options		
College Continue American Cole	Alarma Deserve Anallantica Disease	
Client Options Account Opt	stions Remote Application Cloud Storage Private Directories	
		d downloa
Storage Directory	Private Directories System creates folders for each user in the selected directory. Users he or read their own folders. Upload and Download mean that upload and can be performed on the directory based on Web sharing, and folders private directory.	d downloa

The difference between private directory and public directory is that each folder in private

directory can only be read and written by one user (the owner); while the folders in public directory can be read by all connecting users (if **Write**, **Upload** or **Download** are not selected).

Ö

The directory configured here can be configured as a shared folder on remote server. You can configure folder permission on remote server, as shown below:

Share name: Private		•
Add Rem	 sers to:	20
connerter		

hare Permissions		
Group or user names:		
Sector Se		
	Add	Remove
Permissions for Everyone	Allow	Deny
Full Control		
Change		[1777]
Read		

5. Click **Save** and then **Apply** to save and apply the settings.



For how to apply remote storage server, refer to Cloud Storage section when Adding/Editing Policy set in Chapter 4.

# EMM

Enterprise mobility management (EMM) enables users to deal with businesses on the go to with a smart device, and enables enterprise to manage the authorized use of smart devices.

# **MDM Policy**

Navigate to SSL VPN > EMM > MDM Policy to enter MDM Policy page, as shown below. In MDM Policy, you can specify MDM policy for Android devices and iOS devices.

0	Add 👻 🤤 Delete 🛛 📝 Edit 🛛 🐼 Select	•		Search by Name - Search	P
	Policy Name 🔺	OS	Desc	Policy Set	
	Default policy for Android device	Android	Syst	Default policy set	
	Default policy for iOS device	IOS	Syst	Default policy set	

To add MDM policy for Android devices and iOS devices, click **Add** and select the corresponding option.



## **Adding Android MDM Policy**

In SSL VPN > EMM > MDM Policy, click Add and select Add Android MDM Policy, to configure the **Restrictions**, **Password strength requirements** and **Inactivity Solutions** for the connecting Android devices, as shown below:

sics		Fields marked * are require
Name:		
Description:		
Added To Policy Set:	25	
	N	
licy Options	- 4 <b>6</b>	
Restrictions Password Inactivity	Solution	
🖾 Do something to rooted devi	ce .	
🖲 Lock device 🕤 Erade a	plication data	
App Program Options		
App Program Whitelist/Black	list 😳 Add 🎯 Dewle 📄 Edli	
Blacklist	🖾 No. App Name	
Blacklist     Whitelist		
Blacklist		
Blacklist     Whitelist	can.	

The following are the contents included in the Android MDM policy:

- Name: Specifies name of the Android MDM policy.
- **Description:** Specifies description for the policy.
- Added to Policy Set: Specifies the policy set to which the Android MDM policy will be added.
- **Restrictions:** Specifies restrictions for mobile devices.

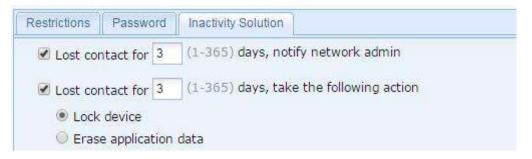
The following contents are included on **Restrictions** tab:

- Do something to rooted device: If mobile device is rooted, you can choose to lock it or erase application data.
- App Program Whitelist/Blacklist: A blacklisted app program cannot be accessed by end users through smart phones, while whitelisted app program can be accessed.
- Not allow use of blacklisted apps: This makes alert message be sent to the network administrator. If Blacklist is selected above, application programs in the list are blacklisted; If Whitelist is selected above, application programs outside the list are blacklisted.
- **Password:** Specifies password strength requirements for mobile devices, as shown below:

estrictions	Password Inactivity Solution
🕑 Enable	password strength requirements(not support pattern password)
🖲 Sim	ble password
O Com	plex password(contains digits and letters)
At le	ast 4. (4-16) characters(not support pattern password)
(ii) e	nable auto screen lock
E	Duration 3 💌 minutes
E R	equire password change
P	lew and older password must not be the same
P P	assword does expire
1	/alid Period: 3 (1-730) days
🔲 Enal	ole login attempts restriction
If at	tempts reach 4 (4-10) , erase all application data

The following contents are included on Password tab:

- Enable password strength requirements: Enable password strength requirements for mobile endpoints.
- Simple password: Indicates that there is no requirements for password strength.
- Complex password: Specifies complex password. You can specify password length, enable auto screen lock, require password change and specify password expiry date.
- Enable login attempts restriction: If number of login attempts reaches the threshold, application data will be erased.
- Inactivity Solution: Specifies the actions if system loses contact with the mobile device for specific days.



The following are contents on Inactivity Solution tab:

- Lost contact for N days, notify network admin: Specifies threshold. If system loses contact with mobile device for specific days, notify network administrator.
- Lost contact for N days, take the following action: Specifies threshold and action to the mobile device. You may lock the mobile device or erase application data if it loses

contact with system for specific days.

#### Adding iOS MDM Policy

In SSL VPN > EMM > MDM Policy, click Add and select Add iOS MDM Policy, to configure the Restrictions, Password strength requirements and Inactivity Solutions for the connecting iOS devices.

	Name:				*			
c	Description:							
Added To	Policy Set:				>>			
olicy Options								
Restrictions	Password	Inactivity Soluti	0.0	N			 	 
				3				
Do con	and the international data of the	roken iOS de	wice					
	c device 🕺 E							
@ Loo		rase applica						
@ Loo Not allo	c device 🕺 🖸 E	rase applica d						
@ Loca Not allo App Prog	c device 🛛 🙆 E ow use of iClou	rase applica d	tion data	🔵 Delete 🔒	Edit			
Loss     Not all     App Prog	c device 🕺 E ow use of iClou gram Options	rase applica d owed	tion data	Delete				

The following are contents included in iOS MDM policy:

- Name: Specifies name of the iOS MDM policy
- Description: Specifies description of the iOS MDM policy
- Added To Policy Set: Specifies policy set that the iOS MDM policy will be added to.
- **Restrictions:** Specifies restrictions for mobile devices.

The following contents are included on **Restrictions** tab:

- Do something to jailbroken iOS device: When mobile iOS devices are jailbroken, you can choose to Lock device or Erase application data.
- Not allow use of iCloud: Once enabled, mobile iOS devices cannot use iCloud.
- App Program Options: There are two options: AppStore App Not Allowed and App Program Whitelist/Blacklist. If Blacklist is selected, application programs in the list are blacklisted; If Whitelist is selected, application programs outside the list are blacklisted. Use of blacklisted application program will trigger alarm.
- Password: Specifies password strength requirements for mobile iOS endpoints, as shown

#### below:

Restrictions	Password	Inactivity Solution		
🖾 Enable	password st	ength requirements		
I Sim	ple passwor			
Cor	nplex passw	rd(contains digits and letters)	1	
At l	east 4	4-16 characters		
	Enable auto s	creen lock		
	Duration 3	Y minutes		
	Password do	s expire		
	Valid Period	3 (1-730) days		
🔲 Ena	ble login atte	mpts restriction		
If a	ittempts read	h 4 (4-10) , erase all app	lication data	

The following contents are included on **Password** tab:

- Enable password strength requirements: Enable password strength requirements for mobile endpoints.
- Simple password: Indicates that there is no requirements for password strength.
- **Complex password:** Specifies complex password. You can specify password length, enable auto screen lock, require password change and specify password expiry date.
- Enable login attempts restriction: If number of login attempts reaches the threshold, application data will be erased.
- Inactivity Solution: Specifies the actions if system loses contact with the mobile device for specific days.



The following are contents on Inactivity Solution tab:

- Lost contact for N days, notify network admin: Specifies threshold. If system loses contact with mobile device for specific days, notify network administrator.
- Lost contact for N days, take the following action: Specifies threshold and action to the mobile device. You may lock the mobile device or erase application data if it loses contact with system for specific days.

## **Mobile Devices**

Mobile Devices: Displays relations among SSL VPN users, user groups and applications.

Navigate to SSL VPN > EMM > Mobile Devices to enter Mobile Devices page, as shown below:

🍄 Retresh 🛛 📓	Select • 🔤 🖓 Deliver	Neg 🛞 Mag Delivery Hist	ory 🛛 🤯 Operation 🝷 🔛 Mark 🔹 🤹 Se	ttings 🔲 Unfold All	Show	abnormal devices only	Search By Name - Search	P
Search	PEE	Device Name	Associated Users	Model	Operating sys	Added Since *	Status	
2 2 2 1 前端开足								
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
一 う 声 団 役 H Default								

On the Mobile Devices page, user (group) list is on the left panel, while Model, Operating System, Added Since, and Status are on the right panel. To show subgroups and users under current suer group, click Unfold All. To show abnormal mobile devices, select Show abnormal devices only.

You can enter search term of the target user in the search bar on the right corner. Click magnifier icon to search. Then user groups that have been searched will be highlighted in the user(group) list.



To search specific entries, you may search by device name, model, associated user, OS, IMEL/UDID.

The following are contents on right panel:

- Device Name: Shows name of mobile devices.
- Associated Users: Shows users associated with mobile devices.
- **Model:** Shows model of mobile devices.
- **Operating System:** Shows OS of mobile devices.
- Added Since: Shows time when mobile device is registered.
- Status: Shows status of devices, normal, erased, lost or it loses contact.

To deliver message to specific mobile device, select **Device Name** and click **Deliver Msg.** Then, the following **Deliver Msg** dialog pops up and you can type message contents in this dialog.

)eliver Msg		×
Please enter the contents of the message you t characters).	want to send (1	-256
		~
		5.5

To view message delivery history, click Message Delivery History, as shown below:

Message Delivery Hist	tory		×
Time	Target Device	Msg Contents	
3			

To lock screen, unlock screen, remove screen lock password, erase application data and remove device, click **Operation** and select the corresponding option, as shown below:



To mark mobile devices as lost or as found, click Mark and select the corresponding option .

To enable and configure mobile device management, click Settings, as shown below:

Mobile Device Management(MDM) Enabled VPN Address: https://10.111.111.2 :441 Check for App Usage Every: 30 (1-1440) minutes (3)	
VPN Address:         https:// 10.111.111.2         : 441         ()           Check for App Usage Every:         30         (1-1440) minutes ()         ()	
IOS MDM Certificate	
MDM certificate must be uploaded, or else iOS device cannot register.	

The following are the contents included on the Settings page:

- Mobile Device Management (MDM): Select this option to enable mobile device management.
- VPN Address: Specifies IP address/domain name and port number for accessing the SSL
   VPN device from public network. On that IP address, mobile device may register to access
   the SSL VPN, admin may manage and deliver message to the connecting mobile devices.
- **iOS MDM Certificate:** To enable mobile device to register, you need to upload MDM certificate, or else iOS device fails to register. To apply for MDM certificate, please refer to the instruction in **Application for IOS MDM Certificate**.

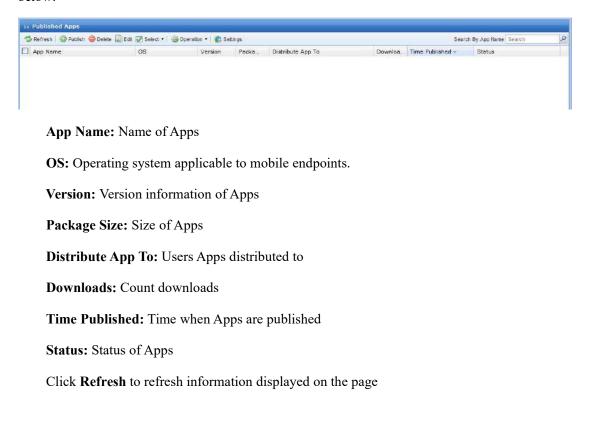


- 1. Once VPN address is changed, mobile devices previously registered will be lost control and become unassociated.
- **2.** Dst ports must be consistent. Arbitrary ports are not supported (441 port of firewall to non-441 port of SSL).
- **3.** Firewall or routers can not contain ports already used by SSL VPN, for example, log in to console port 443, 80 and etc.

### **Published Apps**

Published Apps: Manages published mobile Apps, and displays basic information of mobile Apps.

Navigate to SSL VPN > EMM > Published Apps to enter Published Apps page, as shown below:



#### Click **Publish** to publish wrapped Apps, as shown below:

Ap	p Name:	<b>55</b> *
Packa	ge Size:	
	Version:	
	Status: In My Apps	×
Des	cription:	

App Name: Name of the App.

Package Size: Size of Apps

Version: Current version of Apps

Status: In my Apps and not in my Apps

**Description:** Description of Apps

Mobile Device: Smartphone or Tablet

Select			
Name	Туре	Description	
	B		
	13		

Select All users, all users are allowed to download this application.

All users Specified users	Select		
Select	Search 🔑 🔄 🗉	Select 🕶	Search
Name	□ □ ▲ /	Name 🔺	Туре
	🛛 🖳 🤷 技术翻译	🔲 📑 前端开发	Group
	□ ြ 小 K 面 设 计 □ □ 小 Default Group	🔲 🤷 技术翻译	Group
		🔲 🤷 界面设计	Group
		🗆 🍰 Default Group	Group
		Sangfor	User
		🗆 🚨 d	User
		🔲 🚨 ssl1	User
Page 1 of 1		N V Page 1 of 1 P P	

Select Specified users, only selected users or user group can download, as shown below:

Click **Delete** to delete selected Apps.

Click Edit to edit selected Apps.

Click Select to select information displayed on the page, as shown below:



Click **Operation** to list or remove Apps from my Apps, as shown below:

N Published Apps							
😤 Refresh   🔘 Publish 🤤 Dele	te 📓 Edit 📝 Select •	Operation Settings			Sear	ch By App Name Search	ρ
App Name	os	List in My Apps Remove from My Apps	Distribute App To	Downloa	Time Published +	Status	

Click **Settings** to enable Web-based Apps and configure external access address for published Apps, as shown below:

RSA Algorithm			1
	Z,O=SANGFOR,OU=UED	,CN=10.111.111.2,emailAdd	ress=ued@sangfo
r.com			
Update			
My Apps URL:https://		Vapp 🛞	
	10.111.111.2	Vahh 💿	

1. Please make sure the SSL certificate is trusted, to enable mobile apps to be installed. SSL certificate comes with the SANGFOR SSL device is issued by SANGFOR. Users should pay extra money to SSL certificate supplier to buy trusted SSL certificate.

2. External network address of Published Apps matches with the trusted SSL certificate domain name.

3. If SSL service of the device uses non-default port 443, then you should enter the same SSL service port in external access address.

Search for Apps by name. Enter search term in **Search** and then click **2**.

Search by Name -	Search	P

## **App Wrapping**

App Wrapping: Wrap App to SSL VPN to realize secure access and visit.

Navigate to SSL VPN > EMM > App Wrapping to enter App Wrapping page, as shown below:

🙆 Add 🥥 Delete 📓 Edit   🔹 Si	attings Auto Refresh	Disabled 👻 🦈 Refreah			Search by I	leme • Sear	ch .
No. App Name	Туре	App Version VPN Address	Time Built +	Status	Operation	Size	Others

Click **Delete** to delete the selected application.

Click Edit to edit the selected application.

Auto Refresh: Configures refresh interval. Click Refresh to refresh the page, as shown below:



Select Search by Name, Search by Type or Search by Status to search for applications.

Enter search term in **Search** and then click **2**.



Click **Settings** to configure login page template and iOS certificate of App Wrapping, as shown below:

🕄 Add	🥥 Delete 📓 Edit	
No.	Page Name	os

Click **Delete** to delete selected entry.

Click **Edit** to edit selected entry.

Click **Add** to add login page to VPN (Account or certificate based authentication). Upload iPhone, iPad, Android phone or Android Pad pictures, as shown below:

Name:	
	🖲 iPhone 🔍 iPad 🖤 Android phone 🖤 Android pad
Background: (PMG file in SMB)	
III i05 device	
iPhone: Upload Size: 640*1136 pixels	
iPed: Upload Size: 2045*1536 pixels	Avera Destrate
Android device	
phone: Upload Size: 1080"1920 pixels	
pad: Upload Size: 1920"1080 pixels	
	Linemanne
2 Show uption Remember me	Entering (
Show option Auto login	Cogin.

IOS Certificate: App wrapping for an .ipa file requires uploading an iOS enterprise digital certificate, as shown below:

S Enterpri	se Digital Certificate
Name:	iPhone Distribution: SANGFOR Networks (Shenzhen) Co.,Ltd.
ssued By:	/C=US/O=Apple Inc./OU=Apple Worldwide Developer Relations/CN=Apple Worldwide Developer Relations Certification Authority
SN:	652ECC58C9D24E5C
Files:	ios_distribution.cer ios_distribution.p12
Validity:	2015-04-07 11:37:30 to 2018-04-06 11:37:30
Impor	t Certificate
To wra	up IPA application, iOS enterprise digital certificate must be uploaded first <u>r How to Get My Digital</u> cate )



Upload iOS enterprise digital certificate, and then import iOS certificate, and wrap IPA application.

Android Keystore: Import Android Keystore to conduct APP wrapping for an .apk file, as shown below:

sued By:	Android Keystore:	Select Android keystore file	Browse	
SN: Files:	Keystore Password:	Read Certificate		
Validity:	Certificate:		*	
Char	Password:		*	
			ок С	ancel
			ок <b>  с</b>	ancel

Click Add to add wrapping, as shown below:

apk or ipa file not larger than 100MB	App Package:	Select an apk or ipa file	Browse
		apk or ipa file not larger than 1	00MB
()			

App Package:	Select an apk or ipa file	Browse *	
	Size of apk or ipa file can	ot exceed 100MB.	
	Upload		
Custom App Atti		N	
	App Name:	MOA *	
	Authentication:	Anonymous access	
		(must be enabled in Authentication Options > Anonymous Login Options)	
		() Public account	
Show the gre	en	O Public account	
✓ Show the green Secure sign	en	Username:	
and the second second second	en.		
and the second second second	en .	Username:	
and the second second second	een .	Username: Password: Show Password	
and the second second second	en VPN Address:	Username: Password: Show Password: Account or certificate based authentication	

Click Browse... to find an apk or ipa file, and click Upload to upload corresponding applications.

App Name: Name of the App

Authentication: Select Anonymous access, Public account, Account or certificate based authentication.

**Anonymous access:** Wrapped App anonymously accesses VPN. The anonymous access function should be enabled on SSL VPN with no authentication page.

**Public account:** Public account and password are required. Wrapped app accesses SSL VPN with the public account with no authentication page.

Account or certificate based authentication: Private authentication. Account is required for wrapped App to access SSL VPN. Download wrapped APP from console and install it.

C) Add	🛛 🥥 Delete 📓 Edit 🛛 👘 Settings	Auto Refresh	Disabled 💌 🛸 I	Refresh			Search by	Name
No.	App Name	Тура	App Version	VPN Address	Time Built -	Status	Operation	
1	S EasyConnectNext	Android	null	http://webagent.sangfor.net/s	2015-12-17 02:30:23	Wrapped [Publish]	Download	3.
2	MOA	105	1.4.0	https://11.11.14.97:7443	2015-12-16 21:26:54	Wrapped [Publish]	Download	16
а з	🤹 Chrome	IDS	40.2214.69	https://11.11.14.97:7443	2015-12-16 21:25:22	Wrapped [Publish]	Download	2
4	O MOA	Android	1,4.0	https://11.11.14.97:7443	2015-12-16 21:22:45	Wrapped [Publish]	Download	19
5	Chrome	Android	41.0.2272.96	https://11.11.14.97:7443	2015-12-16 21:22:04	Wrapped [Publish]	Download	31

# **Endpoint Security**

Endpoint security is ensured by host check at endpoint, based on security policies. Only when user's computer meets the requirements set by security policy can the user pass through pre-authentication or post-authentication check and connect to SSL VPN or access internal resources.

A security policy is a combination of predefined rules that fall into basic and combined rules and can further form a security rule. These rules are about operating system, file of anti-virus software, process, service pack installed, etc.

Pre-authentication check is carried out before user logs in to the SSL VPN. If user fails the pre-authentication check, which means, user fails to satisfy the requirements set by the associated security policy (user-level policy and/or role-level policy), he/she will be unable to access SSL VPN or the role's associated resource. Post-authentication check is carried out periodically, after user logs in to the SSL VPN or is accessing a resource. If user fails to satisfy the post-authentication check, which means, user fails to satisfy the requirements set by the associated security policy (user-level policy and/or role-level policy), the connection or session will be dropped. To conduct periodic check, administrator needs to set the interval (refer to the Configuring Advanced Policy Settings section in Chapter 4).

# **Security Rules**

Security rule defining on the Sangfor device falls into two phases, the first phase is to predefine the rules that cannot be referenced directly by any security policy and should be combined with other basic rules and/or combined rules to form a "real" rule (security rule). The second phase is to configure "real" rules. Only "real" rule can be referenced by security policy.

A basic rule is the smallest unit among the policy factors, while combined rule consists of one more basic rules. Basic rules and/or combine rules could be combined further to form "real" rule.

Navigate to **SSL VPN > Endpoint Security > Rules** to predefine security rules, as shown below:

🕜 Add 👻 🤤 Delete   📓 Edit   📝 Select	- Combine Selected Rules Vi	iew All	
Name	Type *	Inspected Object	Description
🗌 🎰 win os	Combined rule	)/HS	
no win os	Combined rule	(H)	
📄 📑 win2000	Basic rule	Operating system	
🗌 📄 win2003	Basic rule	Operating system	
winXP	Basic rule	Operating system	2
🗌 🗋 Vista	Basic rule	Operating system	
🗌 📄 win7	Basic rule	Operating system	8
¢			>

The following are the contents included on Rule Predefining page:

- Name: Indicates name of the rule.
- Type: Indicates type of the rule, basic rule or combined rule.
- **Inspected Object:** Indicates the object that will be checked if the connecting user does not satisfy the object restriction. Authentication check will fail. The objects are operating system, file, process, registry, source IP, WAN interface IP, login time and endpoint feature.
- Add: To add a new rule, click Add > Basic rule to configure a basic rule or Add > Combined rule to combine basic rules in one combined rule.
- **Delete:** Click it to delete the selected rule.
- **Edit:** Click it to edit the selected rule.
- Select: Click Select > Current page or All pages to choose the desired entries on this page or all pages; or click Select > Deselect to deselect entries.
- View: Select a type of rules, All, Built-in rules or Custom rules, to display that type of rules only.

#### **Predefining Basic Rule**

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Endpoint Security > Rules to enter the Rule Predefining page and click Add > Basic rule, as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attributes		
Rule Name:		*
Description:		
Inspected Object:	Operating system	<u>ii</u>
Operating System		
Windows 2000	Install at least SP	
Windows 2003	Install at least SP	
Windows XP	Install at least SP	
Windows Vista	Install at least SP	
Windows 7	Install at least SP	
Windows 8/8,1	Install at least SP	

- 2. Configure the following fields on the above page.
  - **Rule Name:** Configures the name of the basic rule. The rule name will be seen in a prompt when user fails to pass the authentication check.
  - **Description:** Configures the description of the basic rule. The description will be seen in a prompt when user fails to pass the authentication check.
  - Inspected Object: Configures the item that will be checked on user's computer and connecting user. Options are Operating system, File, Process, Registry, Source IP, WAN interface IP, Login time, Endpoint features and Antivirus software.

Inspected Object:	pperating system
object.	Operating system
Operating System	File
	Process
Windows 2000	Registry
	Source IP
Windows 2003	WAN interface IP
	Login time
Windows XP	Endpoint features
Ξ	Antivirus software
Windows Vista	Install at least SP

• Operating System: If the inspected object is Operating system, the options related to

perating System	
Windows 2000	Install at least SP
Windows 2003	Install at least SP
Windows XP	Install at least SP
Windows Vista	Install at least SP
Windows 7	Install at least SP
Windows 8/8.1	Install at least SP

operating system will appear, as shown in the figure below:

If any operating system is selected, the end user's PC must have installed the corresponding operating system if he or she wants to log in to SSL VPN.

For Windows OS, administrator can also specify the service pack (SP) that end users should install on their computer. Version number of the SP is entered in the **Install at least SP** field.

To save this rule, click the Save button.

To save this rule and add another rule, not going back to the previous page, click the **Save and Add** button.

To cancel saving this rule, click the **Cancel** button.



If more than one operating systems are selected, the operating systems are with **OR** logic, that is to say, user would satisfy this rule if any of the selected operating systems is installed on user's computer. If SP is configured, the SP would be taken as a requirement for the operating system.

• File: If the inspected object is File, the options related to file will appear, as shown below:

Inspected Object:	File	*
- <mark>ile</mark>		
Specified file exists of the second secon	on user's PC	
O Specified file does no	ot exist on user's PC	
Specified file does no File Path:	ot exist on user's PC	Browse
ř		Browse
File Path:		

The following are the contents under File:

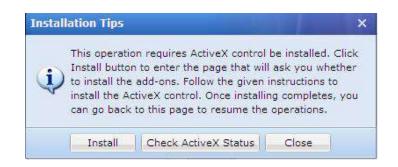
- **Specified file exists on user's PC:** If this option is selected, the specified file must exist on the hard disk of user's computer. Otherwise, authentication check will fail.
- Specified file does not exist on user's PC: If this option is selected, the specified file should not exist on the hard disk of user's computer. Otherwise, authentication check will fail.
- File Path: Specifies the directory of the file on end user's computer. It can be absolute path, or system variable, such as, %SystemRoot%log.txt.



This field is required. The letters entered are case-insensitive.

- File's update can be late for maximum \_ days: If this option is selected and a maximum of days is configured (for example, 5 days), the specified file's update should not lag behind over 5 days.
- File Size: If this option is selected and file size is obtained (click Load File, browse and select the file), size of the file on user's PC must be exactly the same with this file, that is to say, the file must not be edited by end user, otherwise, access to SSL VPN will be denied.
- File MD5: If this option is selected and MD5 of this file is obtained (click Load File, browse and select the file), contents in the file on user's PC must be exactly the same with this file, that is to say, the file must not be altered by end user, otherwise, access to SSL VPN or resource will be denied.

The first time administrator clicks **Load File** to get MD5 or size of a file, the browser will ask whether the ActiveX control **WebUICtrl** has been installed, as shown in the figure below:

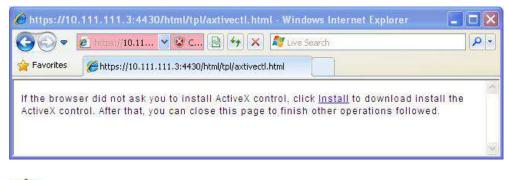


Click the **Check ActiveX Status** button to check if **WebUI Ctrl** has been installed. If not installed, click the **Install** button to enter another page and follow the pop-up prompt to install the ActiveX control.

Do you want to install this softw	are?	
Name: <u>WebUICtrl</u>	10000000000	
Publisher: Sangfor Tech	nologies Co.,Ltd	
× More options	<u>I</u> nstall	Don't Install

When seeing the warning, click the Install button.

If the browser does not give any pop-up prompt of installing the ActiveX control, click the **Install** link to install it manually, as shown in the figure below:



The option under **File** are with **AND** logic. Only when all the options are satisfied will this rule is matched.

**Process:** If the inspected object is **Process**, the options related to process will appear, as shown below:

Inspected Object:	Process	×
rocess		
O Specified process		
O specified process	must be running	
<ul> <li>Specified process</li> <li>Specified process</li> </ul>		ng
The second s		1g
• Specified process	should not be runnin	ng
Specified process Process Name:	should not be runnin	ng

The following are the contents under **Process**:

- Specified process must be running: If this option is selected, the specified process must exist on user's computer before and/or after user logs in to the SSL VPN or resource. Otherwise, authentication check will fail.
- **Specified process should not be running:** If this option is selected, the specified process should not exist on user's computer before and/or after user logs in to the SSL VPN or resource. Otherwise, authentication check will fail.
- **Process Name:** Specifies the name of the process that will be checked on end user's computer.
- Window Name: Specifies the name of the window in which the process runs.
- File MD5: If this option is selected and MD5 hash checksums of this file is obtained (click Load File, browse and select the file), contents in the file on user's PC must be exactly the same with this file, that is to say, the file must not be altered by end user, otherwise, access to SSL VPN or resource will be denied.
- File Size: If this option is selected and file size is obtained (click Load File, browse and select the file), size of the file on user's PC must be exactly the same with this file, that is to say, the file must not be edited by end user, otherwise, access to SSL VPN or resource will be denied.



The option under **File** are with **AND** logic. Only when all the options are satisfied will this rule is matched.

• **Registry:** If the inspected object is **Registry**, the options related to registry will appear, as shown below:

Inspected Obj	ect:	Registry	•			
Registry						
Specified item						
O Specified item	does n	ot exist in registry				
Key:	HKEY_	CURRENT_USER\Softv	vai			
Name:	userid					
Value:	1		(as for [	OWORD, it r	nust be a	decimal value)

The following are the contents under **Registry**:

- Specified item exists in registry: If this option is selected, the specified item must exist in the registry of user's computer before and/or after user logs in to the SSL VPN or resource. Otherwise, authentication check will fail.
- Specified item does not exist in registry: If this option is selected, the specified item should not exist in the registry of user's computer before and/or after user logs in to the SSL VPN or resource. Otherwise, authentication check will fail.
- Key: Specifies the key that will be checked. It should be the location of the key in the registry.



The option under **Registry** are with **AND** logic. Only when all the options are satisfied will this rule is matched.

• Source IP: If the inspected object is Source IP, the contents are as shown below:

Inspected C	)bject:	Sourc	e IP	<b>*</b>
Source IP				
Start IP:	202	. 96	. 137	.1
End IP:	202	. 96	. 137	75

**Start IP, End IP:** Specifies the start IP address and end IP address of the IP range IP range from which user can log in to SSL VPN.

• WAN Interface IP: If the inspected object is WAN Interface IP, the contents are as shown below:

Inspected Obje	ct:	WAN inte	rface IP	~
AN Interface IP				

**IP Address:** Specifies the IP address of the WAN interface on Sangfor device. End user can connect to SSL VPN only through this WAN interface.

Login Time: If the inspected object is Login time, the contents are as shown below:

ogin Time																			
ase click a																		Sel	
00	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Mon																			T
Tue																			
Wed																			1
Thu																			T
																			1
Fri									-	-									T
Fri Sat												1 11 1							

In the above figure, the green part is selected time segments while white part is unselected time segments. Configuration is the same as that in Schedules section.

• Endpoint Features: If the inspected object is Endpoint features, the contents are as shown below:

Inspected Object:	Endpoint features	×	
<sup>®</sup> Endpoint Features			
Search by Hostname + Search	P		
Hardware ID		Hostname	MAC Address 🔺
D52119125C37152F5E04	D8EE554AF760	"Syste	00-00-00-00-00-00
61876361D89CC5BBA27	4430C9D11 <mark>B1</mark> B7	"sinfor	00-00-00-00-00
6E6687C495D23D39FC9		dongan	00-0c-29-98-98-19

The hardware IDs listed under **Endpoint Features** come from **Hardware ID** page (please refer to the Managing Hardware IDs section in Chapter 4).

To select an entry, select the checkbox next to the entry. Selecting entry or entries means that the connecting user must have at least one of the hardware IDs. Otherwise, authentication check will fail.

To view the hardware IDs in descending or ascending order by hardware ID, hostname or MAC address, click on the column header, **Hardware ID**, **Hostname** or **MAC** 

Address respectively.

To search for a specific entry, click **Search by Hostname/MAC Address**, enter the keyword and click the magnifier icon **P**.

• Antivirus Software: If the inspected object is antivirus software, the contents are as follows:

Inspected Object:	Antivirus software
Antivirus Programs	
AntiVir	Latest version required
Avast	Latest version required
AVG	Latest version required
ClamAV	Latest version required
ESET-NOD32	Latest version required
Kaspersky	Latest version required
McAfee	Latest version required
Sophos	Latest version required
Symantec	Latest version required
TrendMicro	Latest version required

If any antivirus program is selected, the end user's PC must have installed the corresponding program if he or she wants to log in to SSL VPN. If **Latest version required** is also selected, user is required to install latest version of corresponding antivirus program.

# Δ

If more than one antivirus programs are selected, the antivirus programs are with **OR** logic, that is to say, user would satisfy this rule if any of the selected antivirus programs is installed on user's computer. If **Latest version required** is selected, the latest version would be taken as a requirement for the antivirus program.

3. Click the **Save** button to save the settings.

#### **Predefining Combined Rule**

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Endpoint Security > Rules to enter the Rule Predefining page and click Add > Combined rule, or click Combine Selected Rules, as shown below:

🕜 Add 🔻 🤤 Delete 🕴 📝 Edit 🕴 🌌 Select	t 🔹 🔠 Combine Selected Rules Vie	W All	✓
Basic rule	Туре 🔻	Inspected Obje	ct Description
Combined rule	Combined rule	1 <del>6</del> 2	
🗋 🏯 no win os	Combined rule	(e)	
🗌 📄 win2000	Basic rule	Operating syste	em

To use **Combine Selected Rules**, select the desired basic rules first and then click **Combine Selected Rules** to create a combined rule with the selected basic rules, as shown below:

This comb rules are s	oined rule will t satisfied.	e matched if	all the invo	olved
The 3 selecter	d basic rules (	( <u>View</u> ) ) is to	form a ne	w combined
rule:				

Combined rule can only consist of basic rules. To view the selected basic rules that are to be included in this combined rule, put the cursor on **View**.

Enter name and description for this new combined rule and click the **OK** button to save the settings.

2. Or click **Add** > **Combined rule** to configure the combined rule, as shown below:

Basic Attributes	Fields marked * are r	
Name:	*	
Description:		
Rule	]	
Rule	s are satisfied, this combined rule is matched.	

- **Name:** Configures the name of the combined rule.
- **Description:** Configures the description of the combined rule.
- 3. Click **Select Rule** to enter the **Select Rule** page and specify the basic rules that this combined rule will include. The **Select Rule** page shows all the predefined basic rules, as shown below:

Se	lect Rule		×
	Rule Name	Inspected Object	Description
<b>V</b>	winXP	Operating system	
	win7	Operating system	
	win2003	Operating system	
	win2000	Operating system	
	sdf	Operating system	
	mac os	Operating system	
	linux	Operating system	
	Vista	Operating system	
	123123	Operating system	123123
14	I Page 1 of 1	▶ ▶ <b>₽ 25</b> /page	a OK Cancel

- 4. Click the **OK** button to close the above page.
- 5. Click the **Save** button and then the **Apply** button to save and apply the settings.

### **Configuring Security Rule**

Security rule consists of basic rules and/or combined rules. When the connecting user satisfies one of these basic or combined rules, the security rule is matched. If the connecting user satisfies none of the basic or combined rules, the security rule will not be matched and user will fail the authentication check.

Rule Predefining     Rule       ③ Add     ④ Delete     ☑ Edit     ☑ Select + View	×	
Name *	Description	
🦳 microsoft windows		
	page	The second

To add a security rule:

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Endpoint Security > Rules > Rule and click Add to enter the Edit Rule page, as shown in the figure below:

dit Rule				
Rule Name:	cription vill appear as l	*	ils to match this rul	ė.
Select Rule		nbined rule will be matched if al		1997-19
Name	Туре	Inspected Object	Description	
			ОК	Cancel

- 2. Configure name and description for the security rule.
- 3. Click **Select Rule** to enter the **Select Rule** page and specify the basic rules that this combined rule will include.

The Select Rule page shows all the predefined basic rules, as shown in the figure below:

Name	Туре	Inspected Object	Description	
winXP	Basic rule	Operating system		
win7	Basic rule	Operating system		
win2003	Basic rule	Operating system		
	Basic rule	Operating system		
win os	Combined rule	3		
sdf	Basic rule	Operating system		
no win os	Combined rule	3		
mac os	Basic rule	Operating system		
linux	Basic rule	Operating system		
Vista	Basic rule	Operating system		
123123	Basic rule	Operating system	123123	

- 4. Click the **OK** button to close the above page.
- 5. Click the Save button and then the Apply button to save and apply the settings.



The rules in the security rule are with **OR** logic. If any of the basic or combined rules is satisfied, the security rule is matched.

#### **Security Policy**

Based on security policy, endpoints will be checked when users connect to or have logged in to SSL VPN. There are two types of security policies. One is user-level policy and the other is role-level policy.

**User-level policy** is applied to users and checks the endpoints when users access SSL VPN (pre-authentication check) or after users log in to SSL VPN (post-authentication check). The connecting users have to satisfy the basic or combined rules included in the associated user-level policy. If the policy is satisfied, end users can enter the login page or stay connected to the SSL VPN, as shown in the figure below:



If user fails the security check, he or she will be informed of the security policy that makes him or her fail the security check, as shown in the figure below

Policy	Description
windows 7	

**Role-level policy** is applied to roles that are associated with users, and checks the endpoint when the associated users access SSL VPN (pre-authentication check) or are accessing to the resource (post-authentication check). The connecting users have to satisfy basic or combined rules included in the associated role-level policy. If the policy is satisfied, end users can visit the associated resource or continue accessing the resource over SSL VPN; otherwise, security check will fail and the associated resources will be put into **Unauthorized Resource List** and therefore be unavailable to users, as shown in the figure below:

SANGFOR		Welcome test11
SANGFUR		http://www.exam
Resource Group	🗌 🔺 To avoid data leakage risk, you'd bette	er not save account on public device.
Default group	Web 1	Type:HTTP
📕 testGrp		
📕 Website hompage	Web 2	Type:HTTP
🔡 lhtGrp		
📕 qmx-test-group	Web 3	Type:HTTP
RemoteApp		

Click on any of the unauthorized resources, a prompt will pop up telling user which policy he or she fails to comply with, as shown in the figure below:

Message	e from webpage 🛛 🔀
⚠	This resource is unavailable because it does not comply with the following policy! Policy Name:windows 7 Description:
	ОК



In case that a user is tied to a user-level policy and its associated role is tied to a role-level policy, when the user connects to SSL VPN, he/she goes through user-level security check first. If user fails the user-level security check, he/she cannot log in to the SSL VPN. Once user passes the user-level security check, he/she will then goes through role-level security check, however, if user fails to pass role-level security check, the role's associated resources will be put into the **Unauthorized Resource List** and be unavailable to the user.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Endpoint Security > Policies and the User-level Policy page appears, as shown in the figure below:

id 🤤 Delet	e 🛃 Edit 📝 Se	elect 🔻 🛃 Applica	ble Role	
licy Name	Description	Applicable Us	er/Group	Status

The following are the contents included on User-level Policy page:

- **Policy Name:** Indicates name of the user-level policy.
- **Description:** Indicates description of the user-level policy.
- Applicable User/Group: Indicates the users and/or groups that are associated with the user-level policy.
- **Status:** Indicates the status of the security policy, enabled or disabled.
- Add: Click it to add a new user-level policy.
- **Delete:** Click it to remove the selected user-level policy from the list.
- Edit: Click it to edit a selected user-level policy.
- Select: Click Select > All pages or Current page to select all the entries or only those showing on the present page; or click Select > Deselect to deselect entries.
- **Applicable Role:** Select and click a user-level policy to view the user and/or group to which this policy is applied. You can also select more users or remove user from the list.

#### **Adding User-Level Policy**

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Endpoint Security > Policies to enter the User-level Policy page and click Add, as shown below:

ser-level Policy Role-level P Basic Attributes	olicy    Advanced Settings
Basic Attributes	
Name:	51
Description:	
Description	
Applied To:	Select User/Group
	20 (21)
IVI EDADIE DO	licy
🗹 Enable po	licy
[♥] Enable po	licy
	licy
Rules	
Rules	licy
Rules	
Rules	
Rules Once all the following rules an	
Rules	
Rules Once all the following rules an	

- 2. Configure the **Basic Attributes** of the user-level policy. The following are basic attributes:
  - Policy Name: Configures name of the user-level policy.
  - **Description:** Configures description of the user-level policy.
  - Enable Policy: Select this option to enable the policy.
  - Applied To: Click the Select User/Group button to enter the Users and Groups page and select the users and/or groups that are to be associated with this user-level policy. The applicable users' computer will be checked based on this user-level policy when the users connect to or have logged in to SSL VPN. The Users and Groups is as shown below:

Search 🦻 🗄 📔	Select 👻	Search
	Name 🔺	Туре
Configuration	Configuration	Group
Extended-Rights	🗖 🔷 Default Group	Group
Services	🗆 🤷 L1	Group
U Befault Group	LDAP_Export	Group
Description	🕇 🗖 🤷 Maketing Group	Group
- 🗌 🐣 Maketing Group	🗆 🗳 Schema	Group
Schema	🗆 🤷 Users	Group
bxtest	D 🍰 bxtest	Group
	Page 1 of 3   ▶ ▶	

To search for certain group, enter the group name into the Search filed on the left pane,

and click the magnifier icon **2**. The user group will be highlighted in bold if found.

To search for certain user, enter the user name into the Search filed on the right pane,

and click the magnifier icon **2**.

To unfold all the groups and see all the users under the selected group, click Unfold all  $\boxed{E_2}$ 

To fold all the groups and click Fold all 🗾.

To select all the subgroups of a group, select the group on the left pane, click **Select** > **Group** > **Select all subgroups** on the right pane.

To deselect all the subgroups of a group, select the group on the left pane, click **Select** > **Group** > **Deselect all subgroups** on the right pane.

To select all the direct users of a group, select the group on the left pane, click **Select** > **User** > **Select all immediate users** on the right pane.

To deselect all the direct users of a group, select the group on the left pane, click **Select** > **User** > **Deselect immediate users**.

To save the settings, click the **OK** button.

3. Specify the security rules that will be included in this policy and applied to the associated users and/or groups. Click **Select Rule** to enter the **Security Rules** page and select the rule, as shown in the figure below:

Security Rules		×
Rule Name	Description	
Microsoft windows		

4. Click the **Save** button to save the setting.

#### **Adding Role-level Policy**

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Endpoint Security > Policies > Role-level Policy page and click Add, as shown below:

<sup>®</sup> Basic Attributes	Fields marked * are requ
Name:	*
Description:	
Roles:	Select Role
Z Enable policy	
✓ Enable policy ■ Rule	
Rule	this policy is matched.
Rule	this policy is matched.

- 2. Configure the **Basic Attributes** of the role-level policy. The following are basic attributes:
  - Name: Configures name of the role-level policy.
  - **Description:** Configures description of the role-level policy.
  - Roles: Click Select Role to enter the Assigned Roles page, and then select the roles that
    are to be associated with this security policy. Computers of the users corresponding to
    the selected roles will be checked based on this role-level policy when the users log in
    to SSL VPN. The Assigned Roles page is as shown in the figure below:

Assigned Roles	×
🔇 Add 🥥 Delete	
Role Name	Description
[4 4   Page 1 of 1   ▶ ▶]	Show 25 /page
	OK Cancel

To select and add role, click Add to enter the Select Role page, as shown below:

Select Role				×	•
		Search		1	Ø
Role Name	Descript	ion			
Resources for Secure Desktop					^
Print Operators	System	created	security	gro	
Backup Operators	System	created	security	gro	
OA and accounting system					
Web file sharing					
Network Configuration Operat	System	created	security	gro	
Remote Desktop Users	System	created	security	gro	_
V test					
gmx_all_res					
Web-Service					~
<		12		>	
🕅 🔄 Page 🚺 of 1 🕨 📲 🌊	Show	25 /page			
		ок	Can	cel	

Select the desired roles and click the **OK** button, and the selected roles are added to the assigned roles list, as shown in the figure below:

Assigned Roles	×
🕢 Add 🥥 Delete	
Role Name	Description
OA and accounting system	
🔲 Web file sharing	
Remote Desktop Users	System created security gr
test	
Resources for Secure Deskt	
[4 4   Page 1 of 1   ▶ ▶]   1	25 /page
	OK Cancel

To remove a role from the list, select the role and click **Delete**.

To add more roles, click Add again, select and add other roles into the list.

To save the settings, click the **OK** button.



Before selecting the desired role, make sure the role has been created. For detailed guide on how to configure role, refer to the Adding Role section in Chapter 4.

5. Specify the security rules that will be included in this policy and applied to the associated users and/or groups. Click **Select Rule** to enter the **Security Rules** page and select the rule, as shown in the figure below:

Security Rules		×
Rule Name	Description	
💌 microsoft windows		

6. Click the **Save** button to save the setting.

## **Configuring Advanced Policy Settings**

User-level Policy	Role-level Policy Advanced Options	
: Security Ch	eck On Endpoint	
Perform	check before login (login is not allowed if user fails)	
Pre-a	uthentication Check Policy	
Post-aut Every	hentication check (once user fails any check, it logs out)	

As mentioned above, there are check before login and post-authentication check. Post-authentication is conducted periodically after user's login to SSL VPN or access to resource.

The following are the contents included on Advanced Settings page:

 Perform check before login: Select this option and endpoint security check will be conducted on connecting users when they log in to SSL VPN. Once users fail the check, they cannot log in. Administrator needs to click the Select a Solution link to enter the Client Options page and choose a solution.



This option is a global setting. Once it is selected, pre-authentication check will apply to all the users connecting to SSL VPN.

 Pre-authentication Check Policy: Click this button to enter the Rules of Pre-authentication Check Policy page to select the security rules that will be included in this policy, as shown in the figure below:

	uthentication (	Check Policy	×
Policy Name:	Pre-authentication	security check policy	
Description:	Any user's PC mu	ist satisfy this policy	
Select Rule	18 		
Name		Description	
microsoft wind	ows		

Post-authentication Check: Select this option and endpoint security check on connecting users will be conducted periodically after they have connected to the SSL VPN. Administrator needs to configure the time interval for periodical check. Enter the time interval into Every field. The interval is in minute and ranges from 1 to 60.



When users log in to the SSL VPN, they will go through user-level security check first and then role-level security check.

### **Built-in Rules Update**

Built-in rules are a set of rules provided by SANGFOR, more specifically, a database of commonly-used security rules that will be updated periodically.

Navigate to SSL VPN > Endpoint Security > Built-in Rules Update, and the Update of Built-in Rule Database page appears, as shown in the figure below:

	Previous Version		Current Version	Latest Version
Version	5.		44 10	12
Released On	-		-	
Last Update		_	5	pression provides
Operation	Roll Back			Obtain Info
From File:	Select file from local PC	Browse		
Install the up	late package of built-in rule da	atabase.		
From File:		10		
	Select the package previous	sly downloaded		
	Upload and Install			
<b>Update Options</b> If name of a bu	ilt-in rule conflicts with any cus		rule	

The following are the contents included on **Built-in Rules Update** page:

- **Rule Database Version:** Shows the information of the rule database, the previous version, current version on the Sangfor device, and the latest version.
- **Roll Back:** Click this button and the current rule database will roll back to the previous version that this Sangfor device was using.
- **Obtain Info:** Click this button and information of the latest version of rule database will be obtained. To do so, administrator needs to specify the update server.
- **Install:** Click this button to install the latest rule database.
- Install Rule Update Package: Browse and load the rule update package through From File field, and then click the Upload and Install button. Before browsing the update package from the PC, administrator needs to click the Download link and go to the SANGFOR official website to download the update package by hand.
- Update Options: During update process, if name of a built-in rule conflicts with name of an existing custom rule, update will proceed but that built-in rule will not be imported or a suffix "fix" will be appended to the name of that built-in rule.
- Auto-Update Options: Select Enable auto-update and specify the link to the update server, and the Sangfor device will check for updates on the specified update server to update the

built-in rules automatically.

• Save: Click this button to save the settings.

# **Chapter 5 Firewall**

The Sangfor device, integrated the enterprise-level stateful firewall with high availability, can protect enterprise network against attacks initiated from Internet or other local area networks connected to VPN. Besides, the built-in anti-DoS function enables the Sangfor device to defend against DoS attacks from extranet as well as inside the intranet.

# **Defining Firewall Service**

As the software and communication applications running over network may use different transfer protocols and ports, you need to define these transfer protocols and ports here before configuring the corresponding filter rules.

Navigate to **Firewall** > **Services** to enter the **Services** page, as shown below:

» Services		
🖸 Add		
Name	Detaile	Operation
http pop3	tcp:30	Copy Edit Delete
рор3	tcp:110	Copy Edit Delete

For example, to configure filter rules on Sangfor device to filter the service data of SQL server, you need first define the protocol and port used by the SQL server.

Click Add to enter the Edit Firewall Service page, as shown below.

Edit Fire	wall Service	Webpag	ge Dialog	1
Name:	SQL			•Tips
	ТСР	UDP	ICMP	Others
Protocol	1433			
	Port     Port range	Port: ge	1433	Add
	Save		Cancel	

Then specify the service name, protocol and port, and click Save to save the settings.

# **Defining IP Group**

IP groups are predefined objects that can be referenced by firewall rules, as source or destination IP address.

To view and define IP group, navigate to **Firewall > IP Group** to enter the **IP Group** page, as shown below:

😡 Add	Add	
Name	IP/IP Range	Operation
AILIP	0.0.0.0-255.255.255.255	Copy Edit Delete
Branch IP	172.16.1.100-172.16.1.200	Copy Edt Delete
Server IP	19216810.20	Copy Edit Delete

For example, to configure filter rules specific to the data requested from the 192.168.1.0/24 subnet, you need first add the IP subnet into the list on **IP Group** page.

Click Add to enter the Edit IP Group page, specify IP group name and IP range and click Save to save the settings, as shown below:

Name:	P	
IP Group:	192.168.1.1-192.168.1.254	
	C IP Start IP: 192,168.1.1	Add

If **IP** is selected, specify a destination IP address, as shown below:

IP	IP:	Add
🔿 IP Ran	ge End IP	

# **Configuring Filter Rule**

The Sangfor device is integrated with the stateful inspection packet filtering technology, which helps filter data packets in a specified time schedule according to protocol, source IP address and destination IP address.

The filter rules cover the rules applied to access to the local Sangfor device, and rules applied to access among four interfaces (LAN, DMZ, WAN, VPN interfaces), including the following directions: LAN<->DMZ, DMZ<->WAN, WAN<->LAN, LAN<->LAN, DMZ<->DMZ, VPN<->LAN.



As all the VPN data will be transferred through the VPN interface (for example, the computers connecting to LAN interface and the computers connecting to the peer VPN device communicate with each other through the LAN interface and VPN interface of the local VPN device), the filter rules also applies to the VPN data.

#### **Rules on Access to Local Device**

The **Rules on Access to Local Device** page displays the filter rules applied only to the access to the local Sangfor device.

Navigate to Firewall > Filter Rules > Local Device Access to enter the Rules on Access to Local Device page, as shown below:

Description	Action	Action	
User from extranet contacts local device by using ping and tracert tool	Allow	O Disallow	
User from extranet accesses MML of local device	Allow	O Disallow	
User from extranel accesses gateway console to view real-time logs	() Allow	O Disallov	
User from extranet uses Sangfor Firmware Updater to maintain local device	Allow	O Disallow	

Select **Allow** or **Disallow** to allow or disallow users to perform the corresponding operations, and then click **Save** to save the settings.

### **Rules on Access among Sangfor Device's Interfaces**

These rules are intended to filter the data transmitted among the four network interfaces of the Sangfor device, namely, LAN, DMZ, WAN and VPN interfaces.

- LAN<->DMZ: Defines the filter rules applied to data access between the LAN interface and DMZ interface of the Sangfor device.
- **DMZ**<->WAN: Defines the filter rules applied to data access between the DMZ interface and WAN interface of the Sangfor device.
- WAN<->LAN: Defines the filter rules applied to data access between the WAN interface and LAN interface of the Sangfor device.
- VPN<->LAN: Defines the filter rules applied to data access between the VPN interface and LAN interface of the Sangfor device. There are six filter rules built in each Sangfor device, which allow all TCP, UDP and ICMP data from VPN interface to LAN interface and from LAN interface to VPN interface.
- VPN<->WAN: Defines the filter rules applied to data access between the VPN interface and WAN interface of the Sangfor device. If the peer has configured a tunnel route to access another site and/or access Internet through the local Sangfor device, configure the filter rules in the VPN<->WAN direction on the local Sangfor device to control the Internet access of the peer (for more details about configuring tunnel route, refer to the Scenario 22: Configuring Tunnel NAT section in Chapter 5).
- VPN<->DMZ: Defines the filter rules applied to data access between the VPN interface and DMZ interface of the Sangfor device.

For control traffic of each certain direction, select action Allow or Deny.

# **Configuring NAT Rule**

The NAT module covers the following configurations: SNAT Rule, DNAT Rule, IP/MAC Binding, HTTP Port, URL Group, WAN Service and Access Right of Local Users.

### **Configuring SNAT Rule**

The **SNAT Rule** page, as shown below, enables you to set the Source Network Address Translation (SNAT) rules, which will convert the source IP addresses of the corresponding packets forwarded by the Sangfor device. The Sangfor device will not only provide the basic NAT function, but control (allow/deny) the data packets requested from LAN users for Internet access, in cooperate with the filter rules.

By default, there is no SNAT rule configured on the Sangfor device. If any SNAT rule is needed, configure the SNAT rule according to the specific case.

Navigate to **Firewall > NAT > SNAT Rule** to enter the **SNAT Rule** page, as shown below:

Status Name From Interface Source Subnet To Interface Destination Translated Tr	Opera ion

There is no SNAT rule on Sangfor device by default. If you want to configure a SNAT rule, click Add to enter the Edit SNAT Rule, as shown below:

Source Subnet	The second se
From Interface:	
Subnet:	200.200.72.0
Netmask:	255.255.252.0
Destination	
To Interface	WAN
Line:	All lines 💙
Subnet:	0.0.0.0
Netmask:	0.0.0.0
Prompt:	If IP address and netmask are 0.0.0.0,
	it means all IP addresses.
anslated To	
Interfa	ce IP
O Specifi	ed IP

The following information are included on above page:

- **Name:** Indicates the name for this SNAT rule.
- Source Subnet: Specifies source interface, subnet and netmask for original data packet.
- **Destination:** Specifies egress interface, subnet and netmask for original data packet. Egress interface can be LAN, DMZ or VPN. Subnet and netmask are used to determine whether the destination IP address of data packet matches this SNAT rule.
- Translated To: Specifies what IP address the source IP address is translated to. If Interface IP is selected, the source IP of data packet will be translated to the IP address of destination interface. If Specified IP is selected, you need to specify an IP address manually.
- Enable rule: Select it to enable this SNAT rule. Firewall will let matching packets pass.

# **Configuring DNAT Rule**

The **DNAT Rule** page, as shown below, enables you to configure the Destination Network Address Translation (DNAT) rules required if servers located in LAN provide services to the Internet.

Navigate to **Firewall > NAT > DNAT Rule** to enter the **DNAT Rule** page, as shown below:

🔘 Add										
		Original Data Packet				Translated To				
Status	Rule Name	From	Source Subnet	Destination	Protocol	To Port	То	Destination	To Port	Operation
		Interface	Jource Jubriet	Destination	1100000	10 Port	Interface		TO FUIL	operation

# **Configuring IP/MAC Binding**

The Sangfor device provides the IP/MAC binding function, through which you can get the MAC address of a machine in the LAN and bind the MAC address to its IP address.

Therefore, when an unknown internal machine connects to the Sangfor device, it cannot access the Internet through the Sangfor device if the IP address and MAC addresses are not in the IP/MAC binding list. If the MAC address of a certain IP address is found inconsistent with that in the IP/MAC binding list, the Sangfor device will also deny its request for Internet access. In this way, the IP/MAC binding function can also prevent IP address of a LAN computer from being altered.

Navigate to **Firewall > NAT > IP/MAC Binding** to enter the **IP/MAC Binding** page, as shown below:

🕜 Add	Search 🔲 Enable IP/MAC binding	Action (for IP not in the list below): O Deny 🕥	Allow
IP Address		MAC Address	Operation
200 200 67 2	32	00-e0-4c-0e-98-f3	Edit Delete

To enable the IP/MAC binding function, select the Enable IP/MAC binding option.

With IP/MAC binding enabled, when a user initiates a request for Internet access, the Sangfor device will check whether the IP address is in the IP/MAC binding list. There are two cases:

• For IP address in the list, the Sangfor device will further check whether its MAC address matches that in the list. If yes, the user can successfully access the Internet; otherwise, its request will be denied.

• For IP address not in the list, the Sangfor device will handle its request according to the action specified in Action (for IP not in the list below).

The **Action (for IP not in the list below)** option specifies the action to be taken for Internet access requests initiated by internal users whose IP/MAC addresses are not in the IP/MAC binding list. There are two actions:

- **Deny:** Indicates the user is NOT allowed to access the Internet if the IP address is not in the IP/MAC binding list.
- Allow: Indicates the user is allowed to access the Internet if the IP address is not in the IP/MAC binding list.

For IP address already in the IP/MAC binding list, the Sangfor device will check whether its MAC address matches that in the list (on the condition that the IP/MAC binding function is enabled). If yes, the corresponding user can access the Internet; otherwise, its request for Internet access will be denied.

To add an IP/MAC binding entry, click **Add** and then enter the IP address and MAC address (or click **Get MAC** to obtain MAC address automatically), as shown below:

Edit IP/MAC	Web Page Dialog		
IP Address:	200.200.67.232	Get Mac	
MAC Address:	0x00e04c0e98f3		
	Save	Cancel	

The search for IP/MAC addresses of the internal computers, perform the following steps:

1. Click **Search** and the following prompt appears.

Microso	ft Internet Explorer 🛛 🔀
⚠	Note: It only gets the MAC address of a host that resides in the same LAN as the local device.

2. Click **OK** and the following dialog appears.

Start IP:	0.0	. 0 . 1	End IP:	0.0.0.255
-----------	-----	---------	---------	-----------

3. Enter the IP range and then click Start.



The IP/MAC binding function is unavailable in a layer-3 switched environment.

## **Configuring HTTP Port**

The HTTP Port page enables you to define the HTTP service port. By default, it is port 80. If the **Enable URL access** option is selected in **Firewall > NAT > Access Right > Access Right of Local Users**, the Sangfor device will record the information of the URL accessed by users through port 80 and filter the URL information sent through port 80. To record and filter the URL access on any other ports, add the ports here.

Navigate to **Firewall > NAT > HTTP Port** to enter the **HTTP Port** page, as shown below:

🔘 Add				
Status	Name	Port	Description	Operation
Enabled	Http default	80	Http default	Edit Delete

To add an HTTP port, click **Add** to open the following dialog, and then specify the corresponding information.

	Port Web Page Dialog	
Name:		
Description:		*
		1
Port:	0	
🔽 Enabled		
	Save	1

# **Defining URL Group**

An enterprise-level stateful firewall is built in the Sangfor device and provides the URL filtering function. This function, coupled with the firewall, helps control LAN users' access to the Internet. You need define the URL groups before using the URL filtering function.

Navigate to Firewall > NAT > URL Group to enter the URL Group page, as shown below:

>> URL Group				
🙆 Add				
Name	Description	Operation		
News Websites	News websites	Edit Delete		
Web Search Websites	Web search websites	Edit Delete		

To add a URL group:

1. Click **Add** to enter the **Edit URL Group** page, and then enter a name and description for the URL group, as shown below:

Name:	News Websites			
Description:	for news websites		×	
URL	L		Operation	

2. Click Add on the Edit URL Group page, enter the URL address (the first field supports the wildcard \*) and then click Save to add it to the URL list.

🖉 Edit U	RL Webpage Dial	og	
URL:	*.baidu.com		]
	Save	Cancel	

3. Click the **Save** button on the **URL Group** page to save the settings.

## **Defining WAN Service**

WAN services are services provided by external networks, which are initially accessible to LAN users if they can connect to the external network. However, access to WAN services can also be restrained by the WAN service entry configured on the Sangfor device.

By default, four types of services are already defined, namely, POP3, SMTP, WEB and DNS. If any other service is needed, define it according to the specific case. For example, to add the FTP service provided by the server (Internet IP address is 202.96.137.75; ports is 20-21), perform the following steps:

1. Navigate to Firewall > NAT > WAN Service to enter the WAN Service page, as shown below:

📀 Add		
Hame	Description	Operation
POP3		Edit Delete
SMTP		Edit Delete
WEB		Edit Delete
DNS		Edit Delete

2. Click Add to enter the Edit WAN Service page, and then enter a name and description for the entry, as shown below:

ame: escription:	FTP for FTP server					
Start IP	End IP	Port	Protocol	Description	Operation	

3. Click **Add** on the **Edit WAN Service** page to specify the IP addresses and port of the external FTP server, as shown below:

Start IP:	202.96.137.75	
End IP:	202.96.137.75	
Port:	20 . 21	
Protocol:	TCP	•
Description:	1	
		-

4. If service address is domain name, click the Resolve Domain Name button on the Edit WAN Service page to enter the Resolve Domain Name page, and then enter the domain name and click the Resolve button to resolve the domain name. The corresponding IP address(es) will be listed, as shown below:

)omain Name:	www.sina.com.cn			
Port:	0	-	65535	
Protocol:	ТСР			2
lax Tries:	2			
Description:				
Start IP	End IP	Port	Protocol	Description
58.63.236.236	58.63.236.236	0-65535	TCP	www.sina.com.cn

5. Click the **Save** buttons to save the settings.

### **Configuring Access Right of Local Users**

The Access Right of Local Users page helps to conduct control over LAN users' access to the

Internet. It is one of the most common ways used on firewall device to allow/block LAN users' access to the services provided over external networks. Although the filter rules of firewall also provide the control function, it controls users' access based on IP address and port, which attaches the importance to the security of the entire network. For controlling LAN users' access to the Internet, **Access Right of Local Users** is more convenient.

To configure an access right rule:

1. Navigate to Firewall > NAT > Access Right to enter the Access Right of Local Users page, as shown below:

🔘 Add 🗌 Ena	ble URL access		
Name	Description	Status	Operation
Limit Internet Access		Enabled	Edit Delete
Default user	Applied to all other IP addresses(users) except those specified in the above access right rules	Enabled	Edit

- 2. Select the **Enable URL access** option to enable URL filtering function and view URL access logs.
- 3. Click Add to enter the Edit Internet Access Right page, and then enter a name and description for this rule, as shown below:

0	Edit Internet /	Access Right Web Pa	ige Dialog		×
	Name: Description:	Limit Internet Access			-
4	Enabled IP Range	WAN Service	URL Group		
	Start IP		End IP	Operation	
			Add		
4					•

4. Click the **Add** button on the **IP Range** tab and enter the LAN IP addresses applicable to this rule, as shown below:

Start IP:	192.168.1.1	
End IP:	192.168.1.100	

5. Click to enter the **WAN Service** tab and specify the WAN services for the LAN users configured in Step 4. By default, the LAN users can access all the WAN services.

ame: escription:	Limit Internet A	Access					
Enabled IP Range	WAN S	ervice	URL Group				
Available	Move	1	Selected	Allow	Deny	Schedule	Move
	1 Constants		POP3			All week 💌	Up Down Le
		>>	WEB			All week 💌	Up Down Le
		< C	SMTP	V	<b></b>	All week 💌	Up Down Le
		10000	DNS	V	Г	All week 💌	Up Down Le
			FTP	<b>V</b>	Г	All week 💌	Up Down Le
Default Action	:DV			.hi		1999 - 10 <u>9</u> 20	d)



When a LAN user initiates a request for Internet access, the firewall will inspect the data packet based on the selected rules from top to bottom. The **Default Action** specifies the action that will to be taken if none of selected rules is matched.

6. Click to enter the URL Group tab, and specify the URL groups accessible to the LAN IP addresses configured on the IP Range tab. By default, the LAN users can access all URL addresses. To allow/deny access to a certain URL group, click **Right** to move it to the right

and then select **Allow/Deny**. In the following example, the applicable LAN users can access any URL address except those included in the URL group **News Websites**.

ame: escription:	Limit Internet A	CCESS					
Enabled IP Range	WAN S	ervice	URL Group				
Available	Move	>>	Selected	Allow	Deny	Schedule	Move
Web Search We	ebsites Right		News Websites	Γ	•	All week 💌	Up Down Let
Default Action Allow C De	eny						

7. Click the **Save** buttons to save the settings.

## **Real-time Monitoring**

### **Viewing Real-time Traffic**

The Traffic page shows the information of inbound and outbound traffic related to LAN users.

Navigate to **Firewall > Monitor > Traffic** to enter the **Traffic** page, as shown below:

>> Traffic		
🖗 Refresh		
Inbound Traffic		
No.	IP Address	Inbound Speed (Bps)
Uutbound Traffic		
No.	IP Address	Outbound Speed (Bps)

### Viewing URL Access Logs

The URL Access Logs page displays the webpage access records of LAN users, including access time, status, IP address of the LAN user and URL of the visited webpage.

Navigate to **Firewall > Monitor > Logs** to enter the **URL Access Logs** page, as shown below:

🧇 Refresh				
Time	Status	IP	URL	

To update the URL access logs, click the **Refresh** button.



To have URL access entries displayed here, ensure the **Enable URL access** option is selected (in **Firewall > NAT > Access Right > Access Right of Local Users**).

## **Configuring Anti-DoS**

The firewall shoulders the responsibilities of protecting the local area network (LAN) from being attacked by users over the Internet. However, apart from outside attacks, attacks from inside the LAN may also threaten the security of the LAN. For example, it often happens that a virus-infected computer sends massive data packets to the gateway, which may result in bandwidth congestion or gateway crash. In this case, deploying a Sangfor device in your network will easily solve the issue. As the Sangfor device, integrated with the anti-DoS function, will monitor the number of data packets sent from a certain IP address to the gateway. When the number reaches the threshold specified, the Sangfor device will regard the requests as a DoS attack and lock the IP address for a certain period to protect itself.

Navigate to **Firewall > Anti-DoS** to enter the **Anti-DoS** page, as shown below:

>> Anti-DoS		© <u>Tips</u>
C Enable Anti-DoS		
Internal Subnets(Requests from other IP addr	esses will be dropped. Empty list indicates a	II IP addresses are deemed as internal.)
Sub	net	Operation
	Add	
LAN Routers(the routers directly connect to th	is VPN device)	
·····		
IP/MAC /	Address	Operation
	Add	
Trusted IP Addresses(attacks initiated by the	se IP addresses will not be defended agains	0
		1
IP Add	Iress	Operation
	Add	
	Add	
Defense Options		
Max TCP connections an IP initiates in a	1024	
minute:	1024	
Max SYN packets sent by a host in a minute:		
Once attack is detected, lock host for (minute):	3	

The following are the contents included on the Anti-DoS page:

- Enable Anti-DoS: Select this option to enabled anti-DoS function.
- Internal Subnets: Indicates the LAN subnets that can access the Internet through the Sangfor device. When a data packet is sent from a LAN IP address, the Sangfor device will first check whether the source IP address of the packet is in the Internal Subnets list. If not, the Sangfor device will directly drop the packet. If yes, the Sangfor device will further monitor and calculate the number of data packets sent from the IP address. Once the number of data packets reaches the corresponding threshold specified in the defense settings, the device will lock the IP address for a specified period.

Null list indicates all IP addresses are regarded as internal addresses, which means the Sangfor device will skip checking for source IP address of packet, directly monitor/calculate the number of packets sent and finally determine whether to lock the IP address according to the number calculated and thresholds configured in the defense settings below.

- LAN Routers: The function is LAN Routers is similar to that of Internal Subnets.
- **Trusted IP Addresses:** The attacks initiated from the IP addresses listed here will not be defended against. If no entry is added, the attack initiated from any IP address will be defended against.
- **Defense Options:** Configure the defense options. There are three options:
  - Max TCP connections an IP initiates in a minute: Specifies the maximum of TCP connections that each IP address is allowed to initiate to the same port of an IP address in one minute. If the threshold here is reached, the IP address will be locked for a specified period.
  - Max SYN packets sent by a host in a minute: Specifies the maximum of SYN packets that each host is allowed to send in one minute. If the threshold here is reached, the IP/MAC address will be locked for a specified period.
  - Once attack is detected, lock host for (minute): Specifies the period that the attacking host will be locked after the attack is detected.

# **Chapter 6 System Maintenance**

The Maintenance module covers the following four parts: System Update, Logs, Backup/Restore, and Restart/Shutdown.

## System Update

### System Upgrade

System can be updated through Web admin console, as shown below:

•				
Version	Get Files Ready	Backup	Update	Reboo
urrent Version:	7. 1			
😪 This is 1	the latest version!			
Update				

Follow the guide to update the system to the latest version. To update the system offline, there is no need to connect this SSL VPN device to the Internet.

### **Proxy Options**

By enabling and configuring proxy server, SSL VPN unit could be connected to the Internet though proxy server. Configure proxy server, as shown below:

Enable proxy server	
IP Address:	
Port:	
🔲 Authentication required	
Usemane:	

## **Viewing Logs**

The **Logs** page displays running status information and error information of the Sangfor device. There are two types of logs: system logs and operation logs. The former displays the running information of each module of the current Sangfor device and the latter displays the information on operations performed by administrators.

Navigate to **Maintenance > Logs** to enter the **Logs** page, as shown below:

	16.05	e: 20141128	Refresh Filter Options Export
Service	Severity	Time	Details
SMS Center	Info	22:13:51	[SMS_SP]connect to gw success
SMS Center	Info	22:13:51	[SMS_SP]sms server can not find MODEM!
SMS Center	Info	22:13:51	[SMS_SP]gw active test time out, last recv gw time:1417183990 , gw_timeout :40 , now:141718 031
SMS Center	Info	22:13:45	[SMS_SP]connect to gw success
Control System	Info	22:13:45	[WEBAGENT] webagent inet_addr_ex bbs.com fail:ret is -1
SMS Center	Info	22:13:34	[SMS_SP]connect to gw success
SMS Center	Info	22:13:22	[SMS_SP]connect to gw success
Control System	Info	22:13:15	[WEBAGENT] webagent inet_addr_ex bbs.com fail:ret is -1

#### **Viewing System Logs**

To view the system logs, select **System logs** and specify a date, and the system logs of the specified date will be displayed, as shown below:

		2357	Refresh Wilter Options Export
Service	Severity	Time	Details
SMS Center	Info	22:13:51	[SMS_SP]connect to gw success
SMS Center	Info	22:13:51	[SMS_SP]sms server can not find MODEM!
SMS Center	Info	22:13:51	[SMS_SP]gw active test time out, last recv gw time:1417183990 , gw_timeout :40 , now:141718 031
SMS Center	Info	22:13:45	[SMS_SP]connect to gw success
Control System	Info	22:13:45	[WEBAGENT] webagent inet_addr_ex bbs.com fail:ret is -1
SMS Center	Info	22:13:34	[SMS_SP]connect to gw success
SMS Center	Info	22:13:22	[SMS_SP]connect to gw success
Control System	Info	22:13:15	[WEBAGENT] webagent inet addr ex bbs.com fail:ret is -1

To filter the system logs, click the **Filter Options** button to enter the following page, and then select the desired options.

ilter - System	Logs	1	
🗌 Log debuggi	ng events		
Display Option	s		
Info	Varning		
Error	Debug		
Entries Per Page	25	]	
	17		
Filter by Servic			
Select All	Invert Selection		
Control Syst	em		/
SSLVPN			
IP Tunnel			
SMS Center			
CSPROXY			-
√нтр			
Local DNS			
17 11 OCAL UND			
and the second			
Cluster Licer	se		`

### **Viewing Operating Logs**

To view the operation logs, select Operation logs and a date, and the operation logs of the

specified date will be displayed, as shown below:

Username	IP Address	Administrative Role	Time	Module	Result	Details
Admin	200.200.151.236	Admin	22:12:36	Login	Finish	Log in

To filter the operation logs, click the **Filter Options** button to enter the following page, and then select the desired options.

Filter Op				
		operation		
🗹 Log i	failed ope	ration		
ntries Pe	r Page: 25	5		
Filter by	Result			
Succ	eeded ope	eration		
🖌 Faile	d operatio	n		
Filter by	Module			
Syste	em			
VPN				
🗹 Logii	n			
✓ Othe				

## **Backing Up/Restoring Configurations**

Navigate to Maintenance > Backup/Restore to backup or restore the system configurations and SSL VPN configurations on the System Config and SSL VPN Config pages respectively, as shown below:

n al la cartinua		
Back Up Configura	tions	
Back Up:	Download Current Config File	
Restore Backed-u	p Configurations	
From File:	Select a .bcf file	Browse *
	Select the .bcf file previously	/ downloaded
	Restore	
	- Austono	
	a a	
Prompt Backing U	p Configurations	
CURRENT CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR		current settings by hand so that they are still available though se note that this option will not help to back up the settings into a
		he prompt to download and save it to the local PC.
	t logon if backup has not bee	

The following are contents included on the System Config page:

- **Download Current Config File:** To back up the current configurations, click this link to download and save the current configurations to the local computer. The configurations are saved as a .bcf file.
- **Browse:** To restore the configurations previously backed up, click it to select the configuration file from the local computer.
- **Restore:** Click it to restore the configurations from the selected file.
- Prompt admin at logon if backup has not been conducted for some time: Select it and specify Duration, so that the system will prompt the administrator to back up the configurations when he logs into the administrator Web console if configurations have not been backed up for such a long time.

To back up and restore SSL VPN configurations, click **SSL VPN Config** to enter the **SSL VPN Config** page, as shown below:

Back Up Configurat	ions		Fields marked * are required
Back Up:	Download Current Con	fig File	
From File:	Select a .bcf file	Browse *	
	Select the .bcf file pre	viously downloaded	
A CARLES OF CREATER TO SHORE		he system automatically in the last 7 SSL VPN system, use any of these ba	
Below are configuration	d incurs breakdown of		
Below are configuratic file gets damaged an configurations.	d incurs breakdown of		
Below are configuration file gets damaged an configurations. Configuration Backup	d incurs breakdown of s	SSL VPN system, use any of these ba	ackups to restore SSL VPN
Below are configuration file gets damaged an configurations. Configuration Backup File Name	d incurs breakdown of s bcf	SSL VPN system, use any of these ba Backed Up	ockups to restore SSL VPN
Below are configuration file gets damaged an configurations. Configuration Backup File Name	d incurs breakdown of s bcf bcf	SSL VPN system, use any of these ba Backed Up 2014-11-28 04:02:02	Operation Restore Configuration
Below are configuration file gets damaged an configurations. Configuration Backup File Name 20141128-040201 Configuration Backup	d incurs breakdown of s bcf bcf	SSL VPN system, use any of these ba Backed Up 2014-11-28 04:02:02 2014-11-27 04:02:02	Operation

The following are contents included on the SSL VPN Config tab:

- Download Current Config File: Click it to save the configurations to the local computer.
- **Browse:** To restore the configurations previously backed up, click it to select the configuration file from the local computer.
- **Restore:** Click it to restore the configurations from the selected file.
- Auto Backups: Displays configuration files automatically backed up by the system in the past 7 days. Click **Restore** to restore any of them.



The configurations here only indicate the configurations of the SSL VPN module.

### **Restarting/Shutting Down Device or Services**

The **Restart/Shutdown** page allows you to shut down/restart the Sangfor device, restart all the services and stop/start the SSL VPN service.

Navigate to **Maintenance > Restart/Shutdown** to enter the **Restart/Shutdown** page, as shown below:

>> Restart/Shutdown	
() Shut Down Device	Stop all the running services, save the current settings and shut down the SSL VPN device.
C Restart Device	Shut down and restart SSL VPN device.
Sector Services	Terminate all the sessions, release system resources and restart system services.
(1) Stop SSL VPN Service	Stop SSL VPN service.
About SSL VPN	SSL VPN version information and so on.

- Shut Down Device: To stop all the running services, save current configurations and shut down the Sangfor device.
- **Restart Device:** To shut down and restart the Sangfor device.
- **Restart Service:** To terminate all the sessions, release system resources and restart system services.
- Stop SSL VPN Service: To stop the SSL VPN service.
- About SSL VPN: To show SSL VPN version information and configure update options.



### System Automatic Update

The **Update Options** page includes automatic update options. If auto-update is enabled, updates will be automatically downloaded and installed.

Navigate to Maintenance > Restart/Shutdown page and click About SSL VPN to enter the About SSL VPN page and then click on Update Options, the following page appears, as shown below:

Syste	m Auto-Update Options
	Enable auto-update
	Download and install the recommended updates regularly and automatically
	O Disable auto-update
Help	to Improve Product
	Allow sending system error report to SANGFOR to help improve the product. It does not contain any personal
	Allow sending system error report to SANGFOR to help improve the product. It does not contain any personal organization information

- Enable auto-update: Select this option to enable automatic update function. The device will check for updates and download them regularly and automatically.
- If **Disable auto-update** is selected, updates will not be downloaded automatically.
- Help to Improve Product: Select the option below it to allow user to send system error report to SANGFOR to help improve the product. It does not contain any personal or organization information.
- Save: Click this button to make the settings take effect.



The auto-update is only applicable to service pack (SP) installation, but not applicable to upgrade of released version.

# **Chapter 7 Scenarios**

# **Device Deployment**

Sangfor device can work in two modes, **Single-Arm** mode and **Gateway** mode. You can configure device deployment mode under **System** > **Network** > **Deployment**.

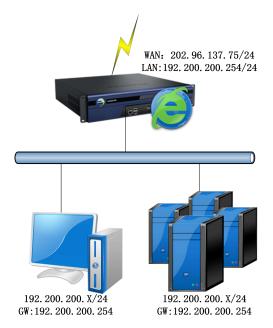
### **Deploying Device in Gateway Mode with Single Line**

#### Background:

- One network segment of a local area network is 192.200.200.0/24
- A Sangfor device is to be deployed in Gateway mode
- External network is an Ethernet network; the IP address assigned by the Internet server operator is 202.96.137.75.

Perform the following steps:

1. Deploy and connect the related devices as shown in the figure below:



 Log into administrator console and navigate to System > Network > Deployment page, and select Gateway as the deployment mode, configure LAN interface, as shown in the figure below:

🗌 Deployment				Fields marked * a	are require
Mode: (	) Single-Arm	) Gateway			
WAN and LAN	interfaces need to	be configured.			
Internal Interfac	es				
Internal Interfac	<b>es</b>		DMZ:		
	es 192.200.200.254	4	DMZ: IP Address:	10.10.2.88	
LAN:		4 *		10.10.2.88	*

3. Configure WAN interface and corresponding line, as shown below:

Edit Line					×
✓ Enable this I	ine				
Line Type: (	Ethernet	) PPPol	Ē		
Ethernet Se	ttings				
Obtain IP	and DNS server usi	ing DH	CP		
• Use the IF	address and DNS	server	below		
IP Address:	202.96.137.75	×	Preferred	202.96.134.133	
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	1	DNS:	202.96.128.166	
Default	202.96.137.1		DNS:		
Gateway:	<u>.</u>		MTU:	1 <mark>500</mark>	
Multi-IP					
Advanced					
Aovanceo					
				Save	ancel

Deployment	Multiline Options	Routes	Hosts	DHCP Lot	cal Subnet	ts	
eployment					Fields n	narked * are re	equired
Mode:	O Single-Arm	) Gatew	ау				
WAN and LA	N interfaces need to	be configu	red.				
nternal Interf	aces						
LAN:				DMZ:			
IP Address:	192.200.200.25	4 *		IP Address	: 10.10.2.	88 4	5
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	*		Netmask:	255.255	.255.0	50
	Multi-IP				4.1		
			and the second se				
xternal Interf	aces (WAN Interfac	es)					
Line	Туре	IP Ad	dress	Netmas	ik I	Default Gatewa	y Status
Line 1	Ethernet	202.96.	107.75	255,255,2	55.0	202.96.137.1	Enabled

 Go to Firewall > NAT > SNAT Rule to enter the SNAT Rule page and click Add to enter Edit SNAT Rule page, as shown below:

Source Subnet	
From Interface:	
Subnet:	192.200.200.0
Netmask:	255.255.255.0
Destination	
To Interface	WAN 🗸
Line:	All lines 🗡
Subnet:	0.0.0.0
Netmask:	0.0.0.0
Prompt:	If IP address and netmask are 0.0.0.0,
	it means all IP addresses.
anslated To	
Interfa	ce IP
O Specifi	ed IP

🛛 🔘 Ad	d						
Statu	Name	From Interface	Source Subnet	To Interface	Destination	Translated T	Operation
5	name	rion interiace	Jource Jubrier	to internace	Destillation	o	operation
Enabl	SNAT	LAN	192.200.200.0/255.255.25	WAN	AILIP	Interface IP	Copy Edit Delete
ed	CONFICT.	0.01	5.0		54.400 ACC	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	copy can below

5. Click Save button to save the settings and restart the Sangfor device.

#### **Deploying Device in Gateway Mode with Multiple Lines**

#### **Background**:

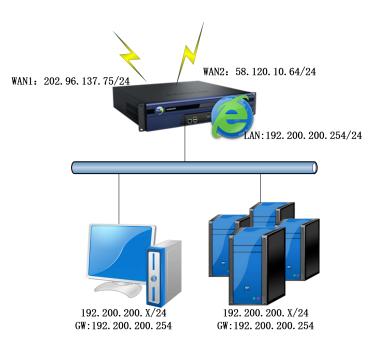
- One network segment of a local area network is 192.200.200.0/24
- A Sangfor device is to be deployed in Gateway mode
- There are two WAN lines: Telecom and Unicom.

#### **Purpose:**

User on business can connect to SSL VPN through the one of the two WAN lines, which has better performance.

Perform the following steps:

1. Deploy and connect the related devices as shown in the figure below:



2. Log into administrator console and navigate to **System > Network > Deployment** page, and select **Gateway** as the deployment mode, configure LAN interface, as shown in the figure

be	lo	w	

Deployment Multi	line Options Rou	tes Hosts	DHCP Local Subr	iets	
Deployment				Fields marked *	are required
Mode:	O Single-Arm	) Gateway			
WAN and LA	N interfaces need to	be configured	ф. 		
Internal Interfa					
275-276-2775			DMZ:		
LAN:	192.200.200.25	54 *	IP Address:	10.10.2.88	*
L <b>AN:</b> IP Address: Netmask:	192.200.200.25	*	IP Address: Netmask:	10.10.2.88	*

3. Configure WAN interface and corresponding line, as shown below:

Enable this			
ine Type:	Ethernet OI	PPPoE	
Ethernet Se	ttings		
Obtain IP	and DNS server using	DHCP	
~			
Use the IF	address and DNS se	erver below	
IP Address:	202.98.137.75	Preferred	202.96.134.133
		DNS:	
	255.255.255.0	Alternate	202.96.128.166
Netmask:		DNS:	
Netmask: Default	202.96.137.1		
	202.96.137.1	MTU:	1500
Default	202.96.137.1	MTU	1500
Default Gateway:	202.96.137.1	MTU	1500
Default Gateway:	202.96.137.1	MTU:	1500

e Type:	🖲 Ethernet 🛛 🔘 🖡	PPoE		
Ethernet Se	ettings			
) Obtain IP	and DNS server using	DHCP		
Use the IF	P address and DNS se	arver below		
<i></i>				
P Address:	58.120.10.64	Preferred DNS:	58.34.66.75	
Vetmask:	255.255.255.0	Alternate	8.8.8.8	
Default Gateway:	58.120.10.1	MTU:	1500	-
Multi-IP				1

) eployment					Fields ma	rked * are
Mode:	O Single-Arm	n 💿 Ga	teway			
WAN and	LAN interfaces ne	ed to be con	figured.			
n <mark>ternal In</mark> te	rfaces					
LAN:				DMZ:		
IP Address	: 192.200.	200.100	*	IP Address	10.254.253.195	*
Netmask:	255.255	252.0	*	Netmask:	255.255.255.0	*
	Multi-IP				-5-F	
xternal Inte	rfaces (WAN Int	erfaces)				
	Type	IP	Address	Netmask	Default Gateway	Status
Line						
Line Line 1	Etherne	t 202	.96.137.75	255.255.255.0	202.96.137.1	Enabled

4. Go to System > Network > Multiline Options page and select the Allow Sangfor VPN to Use Multiple Lines option and add two Internet lines: Telecom and Unicom, as shown in the figure below:

100	w Sangfor VPN to					
1.000		Edit 🔘 Move Up 🔘 Mov		-		
	Line Alias	IP Address	Netmask	Default Gateway	Connection Mode	Status
	Telecom	202.96.137.75	255.255.255.0	202.96.137.1	Directly connect Inte	Not activated
	Unicom	50.120.30.64	255.255.255.0	50.120.10.1	Directly connect Inte	Not activated

Select the Allow SSL VPN to Use Multiple Lines and SSL VPN users connects in directly Options under Multiline Policy of SSL VPN section, as shown below:

Allow SSL VPN	to Use Multiple Lines					
PPTP/L2TP Con	nection;					
SSL VPN use	ers connect in directly	(local device owns pub	lic IP).			
2000 CO.						
SSL VPN use	ers connect in via fron	t-end device (local dev	ice owns no public IP	address)		
SSL VPN us	ers connect in via fron	•	ice owns no public IP ng Direct Connection			
SSL VPN use Line Alias	ers connect in via fron	•			Priority	Advan
		Lines Providi	ng Direct Connectio	on.	Priority High	Advan Settings

5. Navigate to **Firewall > NAT > SNAT Rule** and click **Add** to enter the **Edit SNAT Rule** page and configure required fields according to your need, as shown below:

Source Subnet		
	192.200.200.0	
	255.255.255.0	
Destination		
To Interface	WAN	
Line	All lines 💙	
Subnet		
Netmask:	0.0.0.0	
Prompt	If IP address and netmask are 0.0.0.0,	
	it means all IP addresses.	
ranslated To		
Interfa	ce IP	
🔿 Specifi	ed IP	

🛛 🔘 Ad	d						
Statu	Name	From Interface	Source Subnet	To Interface	Destination	Translated T	Operation
5	Name	From interiace	addree addret	To interface	Destination	o	operation
Enabl	SNAT	LAN	192.200.200.0/255.255.25	WAN	AILIP	Interface IP	Copy Edit Delete
ed	CONVET	0.000	5.0	20250	2501.0	niterid de n	Copy Loit Delete

6. Click **Save** to save all the changes and restart Sangfor device.



The option Allow Sangfor VPN to Use Multiple Lines needs to be selected only when Sangfor device is deployed in gateway mode with multiple lines and connected to Internet directly.

#### **Deploying Device in Single-Arm Mode With Single Line**

#### Background:

• One network segment of a local area network is 192.200.200.0/24

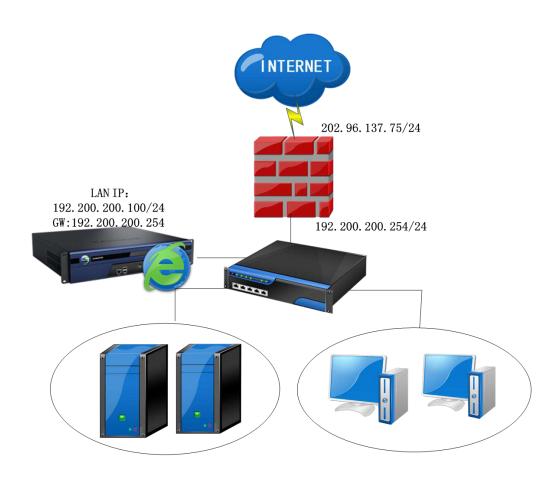
- A Sangfor device is to be deployed in the local area network, in Single-arm mode
- The front-end firewall is connected to external network through an Internet line

#### **Purpose:**

Users on business can access internal resources through SSL VPN.

Perform the following steps:

1. Deploy and connect the related devices, as shown in the figure below:



2. Go to **System** > **Network** > **Deployment** page and select Single-Arm as deployment mode, and configure the network interfaces of the device as well, as shown below:

Deployment				Fields marked * a	are re
Mode: 💿 S	Single-Arm	) Gateway			
The device conne	ects to Internet via	front-end devi	ce.		
nternal Interfaces					
LAN:	11. 11.		DMZ:		
	192.200.200.100	<b>_</b> •/		10.10.2.80	*
LAN:	-		DMZ:		
LAN: IP Address:	192.200.200.100	•	DMZ: IP Address:	10.10.2.80	*
LAN: IP Address: Netmask:	192.200.200.100 255.255.255.0		DMZ: IP Address:	10.10.2.80	

- 3. Click the **Save** button to save the settings and restart the Sangfor device.
- 4. Configure the front-end firewall, and make sure that the corresponding ports (443 by default) of the front-end firewall are mapped to those on the Sangfor device.



- Port 443 is the listening port of Sangfor device by default. It can be modified. If it is modified, corresponding port of the front-end firewall needs to be mapped to the modified listening port.
- LAN interface of Sangfor device in single arm mode should be connected to internal switch.

#### **Deploying Device in Single-Arm Mode With Multiple Lines**

#### **Background:**

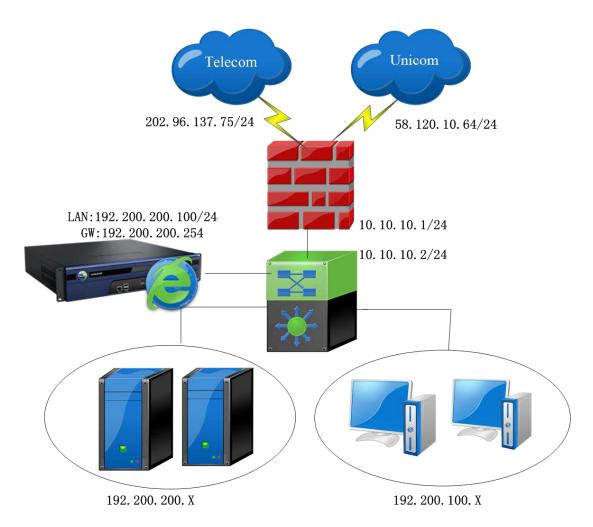
- There are two Internet lines connected to front-end firewall device: Telecom and Unicom
- A Sangfor device is to be deployed in the local area network, in Single-arm mode

#### **Purpose:**

User can connect to SSL VPN by typing into 202.96.137.75 or 58.120.10.64 in Address field on VPN client.

Perform the following steps:

1. Deploy and connect the related devices, as shown in the figure below:



2. Go to **System** > **Network** > **Deployment** page and select Single-Arm as deployment mode, and configure the network interfaces of the device as well, as shown below:

Deployment					rked * are r
Mode: 💽	Single-Arm	) Gateway			
The device conne	ects to Internet via	front-end device.			
Internal Interfaces					
			DMZ.		
LAN: IP Address:	192.200.200.100	*	DMZ: IP Address:	10.10.2.80	*
LAN:	192.200.200.100 255.255.255.0	*		10.10.2.80	*
LAN: IP Address:		-	IP Address:		_
LAN: IP Address: Netmask: Default Gateway:	255.255.255.0 192.200.200.254	*	IP Address:		_
LAN: IP Address: Netmask:	255.255.255.0	*	IP Address:		_

 Go to System > Network > Multiline Options page to select the Allow SSL VPN to use Multiple lines option and add two Internet lines for SSL VPN, as shown below:

Configure lines :	and mappings	of the fr	ont-end d	evice		
Line IP/Domain:	202.96.137.75	6				*
Priority:	High		~			
HTTP port:	80		- 462 			*
HTTPS port:	Line is mappe	ed from i	it to SSL VI	PN HTTP port		i ke

Configure lines a	id mappings of the front-end devi	ice
Line IP/Domain:	58.120.10.64	×*
Priority	High 🗸	
HTTP port:	80	*
	ine is mapped from it to SSL VPN	HTTP port
HTTPS port:	443	*
	ine is mapped from it to SSL VPN	HTTPS port

	tions Routes	Hosts DHCP Local Subne	ets
Multiline Policy of SSL	VPN		
Allow SSL VPN to Use N PPTP/L2TP Connection	11	l device owns public IP).	
• SSL VPN users conr	nect in via <mark>fro</mark> nt-end	d device (local device owns no ;	public IP address)
• SSL VPN users conr	nect in via front-enc	d device (local device owns no ; Lines Of Front-End Device	public IP address)
<ul> <li>SSL VPN users conr</li> <li>Add <a href="mailto:expectation">O Add</a></li> </ul>			public IP address)
			public IP address) Priority
🔇 Add 🥥 Delete 📝	Edit	Lines Of Front-End Device	

4. Configure the front-end firewall again, so that the two ports (TCP 80 and 443) of the public

network IP addresses (of the two Internet lines) can be mapped to the Sangfor device.

5. Click **Save** button to save the changes and restart Sangfor device.



When Sangfor device is deployed in single-arm mode, HTTPS port and HTTP port must be mapped to the Sangfor device; otherwise, multiline selection policy will not work.

# **Configuring System Route**

#### **Background:**

- Two network segments of a local area network are 192.200.200.X and 192.200.254.X. Users in these two subnet communicate through layer 3 switch
- Sangfor device is to be deployed in the local area network, in gateway mode

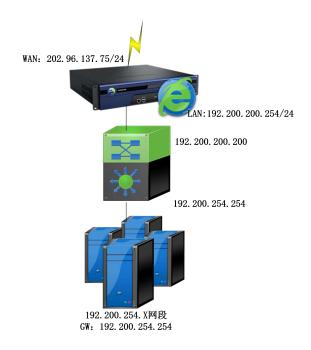
#### **Purpose:**

Users on the subnet 192.200.254.x can access Internet through Sangfor device

As 192.200.254.X and 192.200.200.254 on which LAN interface of Sangfor device resides are not on the same network segment, a system route is required to be configured on Sangfor device.

Perform the following steps:

1. Deploy and connect the related devices, as shown in the figure below:



2. Configure SNAT rule on **Firewall > NAT >SNAT Rul**e page, as shown below:

Source Subnet	
From Interface:	
Subnet:	192.200.200.0
Netmask:	255.255.255.0
Destination	
To Interface	WAN
Line:	All lines 💙
Subnet:	0.0.0
Netmask:	
Prompt:	If IP address and netmask are 0.0.0.0,
	it means all IP addresses.
anslated To	
Interfa	ce IP
🔿 Specifi	ed IP

3. Go to **System > Network > Routes** page to add a route directing to 192.200.254.X, as shown below:

Please fill	in the correct route information.	
Dst IP:	192.200.254.0	*
Netmask:	255.255.255.0	*
Gateway:	192.200.200.200	<b>x</b> *

### **Deploying Clustered Sangfor Devices**

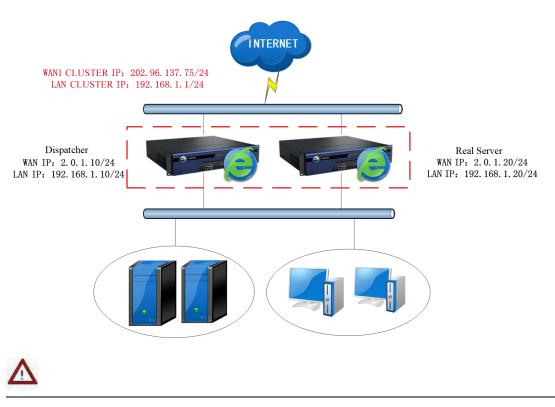
#### **Deploying Clustered Device in Gateway Mode**

#### **Background:**

- Sangfor device is deployed in cluster mode, in order to improve internal system stability.
- Sangfor device is deployed in gateway mode and directly connected to Internet line.
- The IP address of the Internet line is 202.96.137.75, netmask is 255.255.255.0.

For clustered nodes deployed in **Gateway** mode, the configurations of internal and external interfaces are the same as those on an individual Gateway-mode Sangfor device (please refer to the Device Deployment section in this Chapter). One additional configuration is **Cluster IP** Address of LAN interface and WAN interface (under System > SSL VPN Options > Clustering > Cluster Deployment).

Typical network topology of cluster in Gateway mode is as shown in the figure below:

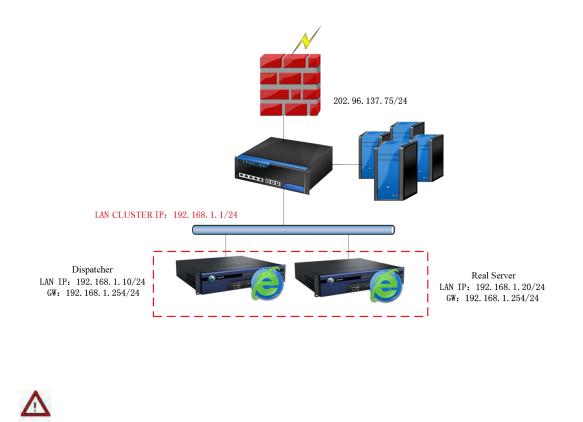


- LAN Cluster IP address on every clustered device should be identical; so is the WAN Cluster IP address.
- WAN interface IP address on every clustered device should be of a same network segment; whereas WAN Cluster IP address and WAN Interface IP address configured on a Sangfor device must NOT be a same network segment.
- Cluster will not work if the Sangfor device works as gateway and dials up to Internet.

#### **Deploying Clustered Device in Single-Arm Mode**

For clustered nodes deployed in **Single-arm** mode, the configurations of internal and external interfaces are the same as those on an individual Single-arm Sangfor device (please refer to the Device Deployment section in this Chapter). One additional configuration is **Cluster IP Address** of **LAN** interface (under **System** > **SSL VPN Options** > **Clustering** > **Cluster Deployment**).

Typical network topology of cluster in **Single-arm** mode is as shown in the figure below:



- LAN Cluster IP address on every clustered device should be identical.
- LAN interface IP address (configured in System > Network > Deployment) and the LAN Cluster IP (configured in System > SSL VPN Options > Clustering > Cluster Deployment) must be of a same network segment.

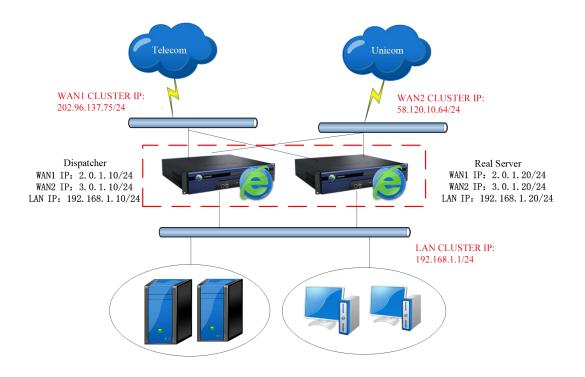
### **Deploying Clustered Device with Multiple Lines**

For clustered nodes deployed with multiple lines, the configurations of internal and external interfaces are the same as those on an individual Sangfor device that has multiple lines (please refer to the Device Deployment section in this Chapter). One additional configuration is Cluster IP Address of LAN interface and WAN interface (under System > SSL VPN Options > Clustering > Cluster Deployment).

LAN Cluster IP address on every clustered device should be identical; so is the WAN Cluster IP address. As a Sangfor device has more than one line, the WAN Cluster IP addresses on every clustered device must be consistent.

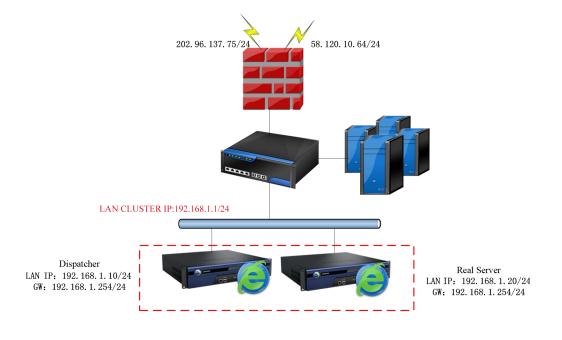
### Gateway-mode Sangfor Device with Multiple Lines

Typical network topology of cluster of **Gateway-mode** devices is as shown in the figure below:



### Single-Arm Sangfor Device with Multiple Lines

Typical network topology of cluster of **Single-arm** devices is as shown in the figure below:





The cluster IP addresses configured on each clustered node (Sangfor device) should be consistent.

# **Adding User**

### Adding User Logging in with Local Password

- Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users sand click Add > User to enter the Add User page.
- 2. Configure Name and Local Password fields.
- 3. Configure Authentication Settings. Select Local password, as shown below:

Name:	www	*	Certificate/USB Key: none					
Description:			Gene	rate Certifi	icate	Import 0	Certificate	Create USB H
Password:			Virtual IP: () Au	itomatic	Osp	ecified	0.0.0	
Confirm:	•••		Expiry Date: 🖲 Ne	ever		ecified	2020-03-2	3
1obile Number:	3		Status: 🖲 En	abled		sabled		
Added To:	7	>>	Offline Access: Offlin	e access	is not	enabled	in policy	set
	Inherit parent group's	200 Y 200 Y 200 Y 200 Y						
Authentication	🛄 Inherit authenticati	on settings						
Authentication	Settings	on settings						
User Type: ()	Inherit authenticati Settings Public user User user	on settings	Secondary Authentic	ation —				
User Type: () Primary Auth	Inherit authenticati Settings Public user User user	on settings	Secondary Authentic					

4. Click the Save button and Apply button to save and apply the settings.

### Adding User Logging in with Certificate

- 1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication to download and install the USB key driver and USB key tool (for importing USB key).
- 2. Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users and click Add > User to add a new user, as

shown in the figure below:

Description: Password: ••• Confirm: •••				Generate Certifi	1			
Password	1			Generate Gentin	icate	Import 0	Certificate	Create U
Confirm: •••			Virtual IP:	Automatic		pecified	0.0.0.0	
	93 1		Expiry Date:	🖲 Never	Osp	pecified	2020-03-2	3 3
Mobile Number:			Status:	• Enabled		isabled		
Added To: /	>>	1	Offline Access:	Offline access	is not	enabled	d in policy	set
	erit parent group's att nherit policy set nherit authentication s							
User Type: O Public (	ser  Private user							

- 3. Configure Name and Local Password fields. Select user type Private user.
- 4. Configure Authentication Settings. Select primary authentication Certificate/USB key.
- 5. Click the **Generate Certificate** button to enter the **Generate Certificate** page and generate certificate for this user, as shown in the figure below:

Country:	CN	Department:	section
State:	GD	Issued To:	support
City:	SZ	E-mail:	angfor@ssl.support. 🗙
Company:	SANGFOR	Valid To:	2024-11-22
Certificate Password:	•		

6. Configure the required fields and click the **Generate** button. If certificate is generated successfully, the following prompt dialog will pop up:



- 7. Click **Download** to save the certificate file **support.p12** to the computer and send it to the end user.
- 8. End user installs the certificate on his/her computer, visit the login page and select Use **Certificate** login method to connect to SSL VPN, as shown in the figure below:

	-					
lsername:						
assword:						
	Log	In				
	Other Logir	Methods:				
	🛄 Use Ce	rtificate	Use	JSB Key	Ĩ	

# **Configuring VPN Resource**

### **Adding Web Application**

#### **Background:**

One DNS server and four servers deployed in the enterprise network are providing services for employees:

- http://oa.123.com: an OA system. Server address is 192.168.1.10. The employees mainly work via this platform.
- http://bbs: a website where employees can communicate online. Server address is 192.168.1.11.
- http://mail.123.com: a mail system of the company. Server address is 192.168.1.12.
- *ftp://ftp.123.com*: a file sharing system of the company. Server address is 192.168.1.13.

#### **Purpose:**

Enable employees to access these resources over SSL VPN, but no add-on needs to be installed.

#### Analysis and solution:

OA system is a JSP-based system. Interactions among units of an OA system are complicated and many scripts and controls need to be invoked. Because of the complexity, defining OA system as Web application is not a wise choice, but TCP application and L3VPN are good choices for it. For the other three resources, they can be defined as Web application because they are static.

To achieve the expected purposes:

- Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources, add a TCP resource named OA System (address is *http://oa.123.com*) and associate it with the with the user accounts of the employees (to configure TCP application, please refer to the Adding/Editing TCP Application section in Chapter 4).
- 2. Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources, add a Web resource named bbs (address is *http://bbs*) and associate it with the employees.
  - a. On the **Resources** page, click **Add** > **Web app** to enter the **Edit Web Application** page, as shown in the figure below:

>> Edit Web App	lication		
🛛 Basic Attril	outes		Fields m
Name:	bbs	*	
Description:	bbs resource		
Type:	HTTP		
Address:	http://bbs	*	
Added To:	Default group	>>	

- b. Choose resource type HTTP, and enter the resource address into the Address field.
- c. Configure other required fields.
- d. Click the **Save** button to save the settings.
- 3. Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources, add a Web resource named mail (address is *http://mail.123.com*) and associate it with the employees.
  - a. On the **Resources** page, click **Add** > **Web app** to enter the **Edit Web Application** page, as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attril					Fields r
Name:	mail			æ	
Description:	mail resource				
Туре:	MAIL	¥			
Address:	192.168.1.12			*	
	SMTP Port:	25	*		
	IMAP Port:	143	*		
	Domain Name:	http://mail.123.com		*	
Added To:	Default group		>>		

- b. Choose resource type **MAIL**, and enter the IP address of the SMTP server into the **Address** field and the domain name into **Domain Name** field.
- c. Configure other required fields.
- d. Click the **Save** button to save the settings.
- 4. Add a Web resource ftp (address is *ftp://ftp.123.com*) and associate it with the employees.
  - a. On the **Resource Management** page, click **Add** > **Web app** to enter the **Edit Web Application** page, as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attr	ibutes	Fields
Name:	ftp	
Description	۶	
Type:	FTP	
Address:	ftp://ftp.123.com *	
	FTP Port: 21 *	
Added To:	Default group	

- e. Choose resource type **FTP**, and enter the resource address into the **Address** field and the port into **FTP Port** field.
- b. Configure other required fields.
- c. Click the **Save** button to save the settings.
- 5. Navigate to SSL VPN > Roles to add a role, assign the role to the employees, and associate it with the resources named **bbs**, **mail** and **ftp**. For detailed procedure of adding or editing a role, please refer to the Roles section in Chapter 4.
- 6. Click the **Apply** button (on the yellow bar at the top of the page) to apply the settings.
- 7. Employees log in to SSL VPN and can visit the resources on the **Resource** page just by clicking on the corresponding resource link, as shown in the figure below:

		Welcome test11
<b>e</b>		http://www.exam
Resource Group	📕 🔔 To avoid data leakage risk, you'd better r	ot save account on public device.
Default group	bbs	Type:HTTP
iestGrp		
IhtGrp	mail	Type:MAIL
🗱 qmx-test-group	ftp	Type:HTTP

### **Masquerading Resource Address**

#### **Purpose:**

Conceal the IP address of the server that provides resource to users. Resource address masquerading only applies to HTTP, HTTPS, MAIL and FTP types of Web resources. Real addresses of FileShare type of Web resources are visible to users.

To achieve the expected purposes:

- 1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources and click Add > Web app to enter the Edit Web Application page.
- 2. Select resource type **HTTP** and enter the resource address (e.g., *http://200.200.72.60*) into **Address** field. Select the **Enable resource address masquerading** option, as shown below:

Name:	Web server	*
Description:		1
Туре:	HTTP ¥	
Address:	http://200.200.72.80	*
Added To:	Default group >>	Í.
Icon:	ICO ·	
	Enable resource	

3. Associate the resource with the user. For detailed guide, refer to the Adding Role section in

Chapter 4.

4. End user logs in to SSL VPN and enters the **Resource** page. The **Resource** page is as shown in the figure below:

		Welcome test11
SANGFOR		http://www.examp
Resource Group	🚺 🛕 To avoid data leakage risk, you'd better not	save account on public device.
Default group	mail	Type:MAIL
testGrp		
IhtGrp	ftp	Type:HTTP
📓 qmx-test-group		
RemoteApp	Web server	Type;HTTP

5. Click the resource link to access the resource **Web server**. As shown in the figure below, the URL address of the visited resource is not the real address (200.200.72.60) but a meaningless character string.



### Adding FileShare Type of Web Application

#### **Purposes:**

- When the employee ssl1 accesses the Web-app-based file sharing server (IP: 200.200.72.169), he or she does not need to install any ActiveX control and can enjoy the speedup of access to the file sharing server.
- Employees can log in to the server automatically, without entering username and password.

To achieve the expected purposes:

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Users and click Add to create a user account, as shown below:

Password:	ificate
	0.0.0
Confirm: 🚥 💮 Specified	20-03-24
Iobile Number: Status:  Enabled  Disabled	
Added To: / Offline Access: Offline access is not enabled in	policy set
✓ Inherit parent group's attributes	

2. Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources and click Add > Web app to add a resource, as shown below:

Add \star 🤤 Delete 📝 Edit	Select 👻	Move SView Association View	All	*	· >>
Web app		Name *	Туре	Description	
ТСР арр		RemoteApp	Resou	Apptest	
L3VPN		IhtGrp	Resou		
Remote Application		🛃 External resources	Resou	Visited via L	.DA
Resource group		💾 Default group	Resou	System prot	ted
De o de la construir de la const		136×p	Termi		

3. On the **Edit Web Application** page, select **FileShare** type of application and configure the other required fields, as shown below:

Basic Attrib	outes		Fields marked * a	re require
Name:	web file sharing	9	*	
Description:				
Туре:	FileShare	~		
Address:	200.200.72.16	9	*	
	Password: Domain:			
Added To:	Default group		55	
Icon:	ICO	•		

4. On the **Role Management** page, click **Add** to add a role, as shown below:

😳 Add 🔻 🤤 Delete 📝 Edit	Select	🔹 🛃 Ge	st Privilege Report	Search by Name
Role		Desc	Assigned to Group	
By using template	pn Oper	Syst		

5. On the Add Role page, select user ssl1 added in Step 1 and the resource Web file sharing to associate the resource with the user.

Basic Attributes		Fields marked * are require
Name:	Web file sharing	*
Description:		
Assigned To:	ssi1	Select User/Group
Security Policy:		Select Role-level Policy
	✔ Enable Role	
Associated Resource		
		Description

 When the employee uses the user account ssl1 to connect to SSL VPN, he/she will see the Web file sharing resource link on Resource page, as shown in the figure below:



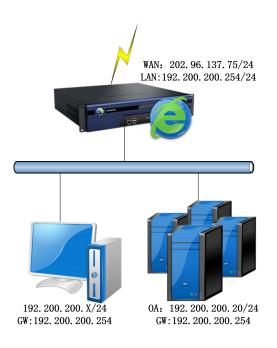
7. Click on the resource link and the contents on the Web file sharing server and the available contents will be displayed, as shown in the figure below:

-	haring	aring								
Refresh	New Folder	Upload	Pack&Download	Remove	Cut	Сору	Paste	Rename		Search
Name									Size	Modified

# Adding Web Application Enabling Site Mapping

### **Background:**

An OA system is JSP-based system and provides service for employees. Interactions among units of an OA system are complicated and many scripts and controls need to be invoked. Sangfor device is deployed in gateway mode. The network topology of custom network is shown in the figure below:



### **Purpose:**

Enable employees to access OA system over SSL VPN easily.

### Analysis and solution:

OA system is a JSP-based system. Interactions among units of an OA system are complicated and many scripts and controls need to be invoked. Except defining OA system as Web application, site mapping feature should be enabled for this Web application.

To achieve the expected purposes:

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources, add a Web resource named OA System (address is 192.200.200.20), as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attrik	nutes		Fields marked * are requi
Name:	OA System	*	
Description			
Туре:	HTTP		
Address:	192.200.200.20	× *	
Added To:	Default group	>>	
Icon:	IED -		
	Enable resource		
	Visible for user		

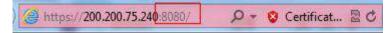
 Click on Site Mapping tab and select Enabled to enable site mapping feature. Select VPN Port as Mode and enter 8080 in Port field. It is recommended to select the Rewrite webpage contents option. If it is selected, the webpage containing lots of scripts can be modified and rewrote.

✓ Enab	led			
Cł	langing mode or	port requires VPN se	ervices to restart.	
Mod	le:	O Domain		
Por				

- 3. Navigate to SSL VPN > Roles to add a role, assign the role to the user Sangfor, and associate it with the resource named OA System. For detailed procedure of adding or editing a role, please refer to the Roles section in Chapter 4.
- 4. Click the Apply button (on the yellow bar at the top of the page) to apply the settings.
- 5. User **Sangfor** logs in to SSL VPN and can visit the resources on the **Resource** page just by clicking on the corresponding resource link, as shown in the figure below:

SANGFOR		Welcome Sangfor   Settings   Log	
Resource Group		Type:HTTP	
Default group	OA System	ivpernire.	

6. Click the resource link to access the resource **OA System**. As shown in the figure below, the URL address of the visited resource is not the real address.



If there is a domain name, obtained from ISP, directing to the Sangfor device, you can also select Domain as **Mode**, and enter the domain name into **Domain name** field in step 2, as shown below:

	Enabled					
	Changing mor	le or port requ	ires VI	DN servires to	restart	
2	changing mot	re or portredu	11 22 11	in services to	restarti	
	Mode:	VPN Port	۲	Domain		
	Domain Name:	www.xxpa.com	1			



- Resource address masquerading and site mapping which is also called Easylink cannot be enabled together.
- The VPN port mapped to Web application cannot be used by other application.
- The domain name mapped to Web application cannot not be used to connect to SSL VPN. User can connect to SSL VPN by typing the IP address of Sangfor device or other domain name. One domain name can only be mapped to one Web application.
- The Easylink resource mapped to VPN port can be accessed by typing corresponding address into the toolbar of IE browser, while the Easylink resource mapped to domain name cannot be accessed through typing domain name into toolbar.
- In case that Sangfor device is deployed in single-arm mode and port mapping is enabled, Web application is mapped to port 8080 of Sangfor device, corresponding port of front-end firewall needs to be mapped to Sangfor device, except mapping port 443, and access through port 8080 needs to be allowed by firewall.

## **Configuring TCP Application**

### Adding TCP Application

#### **Background:**

One DNS server and two servers are deployed in the enterprise network, providing services for the employees:

- http://oa.123.com: an OA system. Server address is 192.168.1.10.
- Accounting system: Server address is 192.168.1.15 and port is 4003, providing services such as pay rolling, payment claiming, etc.

#### **Purposes:**

- Enable employees to access OA system directly (i.e., visit OA system through browser).
- Employees can open the accounting system, and connect to the server over SSL VPN.

#### Analysis and solutions:

Both the OA system and Accounting system can be defined as TCP application. Since OA system is a type of system involving immense interactions and some even need links to a number of servers, we need to use the feature **Smart recursion of resource access** (for more details, please refer section TCP App Resource Options in Chapter 4).

To achieve the expected purposes:

 Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources. Click Add > TCP app to enter Edit TCP Application page and add a TCP application (named OA System, with address *http://oa.123.com*)., as shown below:

Basic Attribute		Fields
Name:	0A system *	
Description:		
Type:	нттр	
Address:	http://oa.123.com/80:80	2 2
Program Path:	Browse	
10.000 <del>0</del> 0.00000000000000	Path could be absolute path and environment va	riable (e.g., %windir%
Added To:	Default group 😕	

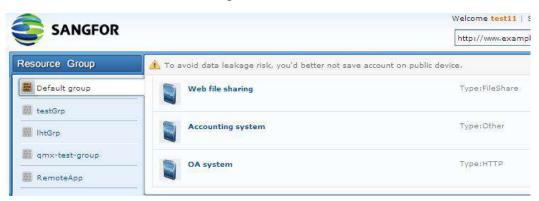
2. Click Add > TCP app to enter the Edit TCP Application page and add a TCP application

Basic Attribute		Fields n
Name:	Accounting system	*
Description:	Accounting system	
Type:	Other	•
Address:	192.168.1.15/4003:4003	
Program Path:		
Added To:	Path could be absolute path and environmen Default group	t variable (e.g., %windir%)
Icon:	Example energy	
	Enable resource	

(named Accounting system, server address: 192.168.1.15 and port is 4003), as shown below:

Choose the application type **Other** and specify the address and port.

- 3. Add or edit a role to associate the two resources (**OA System** and **Accounting system**) with it and assign the role to user (for detailed guide, please refer to the Adding Role section in Chapter 4).
- 4. After logging in to the SSL VPN with the specified SSL VPN account, the employees will see the resource link, as shown in the figure below:



OA system could be accessed when the employee clicks on the resource link, or visiting the server through browser.

The accounting system could be accessed directly by clicking the link if program path is specified in step 2. If it is not specified, employee needs to launch the program manually after clicking resource link.

### **Configuring URL Access Control Feature**

#### **Background:**

A file server (duan.sslt.com) is deployed in the enterprise network, providing services for the employees.

#### **Purposes:**

Only allow the members from Finance department to access this file server, and only the directory duan.sslt.com/frame can be accessed by them, others directory of the file server being inaccessible.

#### Analysis and solution:

URL access control feature can achieve control over the access to the file server.

To achieve the expected purposes:

Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources and add a TCP application (named URL access control, 1. URL: *duan.sslt.com*), as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attributes		Fields marked * are r	
Name:	URL access control	*	
Description:			
Туре:	HTTP	×	
Address:	duan.sslt.com/80:80	0	
		9	

Click the URL Access Control tab, select the option Only allow access to the URLs below 2. and add a new entry (URL: http://duan.sslt.com/frame) into the list, as shown below:





- 3. Create or edit a role and associate the resource with the user account of the employee (for detailed guide, please refer to the Adding Role section in Chapter 4).
- After logging in to the SSL VPN with the specified SSL VPN account, the employees will 4. see the resource link, as shown in the figure below:

		Welcome <b>test11</b> http://www.examp
Resource Group	🔥 To avoid data leakage risk, you'd better not sav	e account on public device.
📕 Default group	Accounting system	Type:Other
🗱 testGrp		4-102120904 <del>-1</del> 1-4
🔣 lhtGrp	OA system	Type:HTTP
🎆 qmx-test-group	URL access control	Type:HTTP
RemoteApp		

5. To access the **frame** directory, the employees needs only to click the **URL access control** link. Access to the upper-level directory will be denied.

## **Adding L3VPN Application**

#### **Background:**

192.168.1.10-192.168.1.15 is a subnet in the enterprise network.

#### **Purposes:**

Enable network administrator to access internal machines on subnet 192.168.1.10-192.168.1.15 over SSL VPN

#### Analysis and solution:

For network administrator, defining the remote computers as L3VPN resource would allow him/her to access these machines remotely.

To achieve the expected purposes:

1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources and click Add > L3VPN to enter Edit L3VPN page, as shown in the figure below:

Basic Attributes		Fields marked * are required
Name:	ping	*
Description:		
Type:	Other Protocol: ICMP	*
Address:	192.168.1.10-192.168.1.15/0:0	0
+		
Program Path:	Bro	wse
	Path could be absolute path and environ	nment variable (e.g., %windir%
Added To:	Default group	
Icon:	ICO ·	
	✓ Enable resource	

Enter resource name (for example, ping), configure other required fields and click the Save

button to save the settings.

- 2. Add or edit a role to associate the resources **ping** with it and assign the role to the network administrator (for detailed guide, refer to the Adding Role section in Chapter 4).
- 3. Click the **Apply** button to apply the settings.
- 4. After network administrator logs in to the SSL VPN, he/she will see associated resources, as shown in the figures below:

		Welcome Sang
Resource Group	OA System	Туре:НТТР
	URL access control	Type:HTTP
	ping	Type:Other

Network administrator can launch CMD.exe on local PC to ping the connectivity of the computers residing in the network segment 192.168.1.10-192.168.1.1.

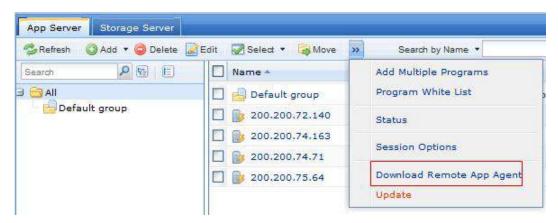
## **Adding Remote Application**

#### **Purposes:**

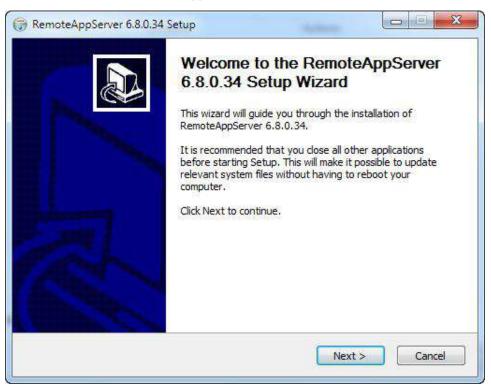
Enable employees to access **WordPad** on the remote application server (IP: 172.16.253.119, port: 7170) and save modified file to private directory or public directory on remote server.

To achieve the expected purpose:

 Install Terminal Service and RemoteAppAgent program. To download RemoteAppAgent program, navigate to SSL VPN > Remote Servers to enter the App Server page and click Download RemoteApp Agent to download the RemoteApp Agent program, as shown below:



2. Double-click the executable file named **SFRemoteAppServerInstall.exe** and follow the instructions to install the RemoteApp Agent, as show in the figure below:



3. Create private folder and public folder on storage server. The file system format should be

Share this folder	
Settings	
Share name:	
Private	•
Add Remove	
Limit the number of simult	aneous users to: 20
Comments:	
Permissions Cao	hing
	a mig
	Cancel Apply
OK	Cancel Apply
Permissions for Private	
hare Permissions	
hare Permissions Group or user names:	Add Remove
hare Permissions Group or user names: & Everyone Permissions for Everyone	Add Remove
hare Permissions Group or user names: & Everyone Permissions for Everyone Full Control	Add Remove Allow Deny
hare Permissions Group or user names: & Everyone Permissions for Everyone Full Control Change	Add Remove Allow Deny
hare Permissions Group or user names: & Everyone Permissions for Everyone Full Control	Add Remove Allow Deny
hare Permissions Group or user names: & Everyone Permissions for Everyone Full Control Change	Add Remove Allow Deny

NTFS. Share this private directory and specify user permission for access to this folder.

4. Navigate to SSL VPN > Remote Servers to enter the App Server page and click Add > Server to add an application server, as shown below:

sic Attributes		narked * are
Server Name:	Remote App server	*
Description:		
Server Address:	172.16.253.119	*
Server Port:	7170	•
Admin Account:	admin	*
Password:	Test Connectiv	ity *
Added To:	Default group	

5. Configure admin account, password, and other required fields and make sure the application server can connect to the Sangfor device. You can click the **Test Connectivity** button to check whether this remote application server can be connected.

If the following prompt appears, the Sangfor device is then connected to the remote application server successfully.

Connect to and verify remote app server successfully

If the following prompt appears, the SSL VPN cannot connect to remote application server. In that case, check whether the remote server is configured properly.

Error			×
8	Connection failure (failed to connect error)	remote server, pos	sibly due to port error or network
		ок	

6. Under **Remote Application Programs**, click **Select from Sever** to select the application program **WordPad**, as shown in the figure below:

Select from Server	Add Manually	Contraction Contraction Contraction	Edit	Select 🔹	Associated Resource
--------------------	--------------	-------------------------------------	------	----------	---------------------

7. The selected programs are seen in the figure below:

emote Application Programs		
Select from Server 🔞 Add Manually 🤤 Delet	e 📓 Edit 🛛 😴 Select 🔹	
Application Program +	Path	Valid?
1 🔲 🛃 WordPad	C:\Program Files\Windows NT\Accessories\wordpad	Yes

- 8. Click the **Save** button on the editing app server page to save the settings.
- 9. Go to SSL VPN > Remote Servers > Storage Server to enter the Storage Server page, click Add to add a storage server and create private directory and public directory for it, as shown below:

Note: File syst	em of storage ser	ver must be NTFS.		
Server Name:	200.200.75.64_sto	rage	*	
Description:				
Server Address:	200.200.75.64 * 7170 *		*	
Server Port:			*	
Admin Account:	administrator		*	
Password:	•••••	Test Connectivity	*	
Status:	● Enabled ◯	Disabled		
Directories				
Directories				
		Path		Туре
🔇 Add 🔻 🥥 Del		(Proven	2	T at

- 10. Navigate to SSL VPN > Policy Sets to enter the Policy Sets page and add a policy set that will associate with the corresponding user (for procedures of configuring policy set, refer to the Adding Policy Set section in Chapter 4). While configuring the Remote Application tab (as shown in the figure below), ensure the following:
  - The user account for logging in to the remote application server is the SSL VPN account or Windows account created as per the SSL VPN account.
  - Directory is specified, so that the data or files in remote application session will be saved in the storage server and available to user for future access. Private directory indicates that a folder will be created in the specified directory automatically when user connects to the remote server, and is solely visible for that user.

Client Account Options	Remote Application Cloud Storage	
Logon to Remote Serv	er	
User Account: Create W	indows account as per SSL VPN account	~
Use ser	ver's own account	access some crucial system
Type:	L VPN account	vilege
	Windows account as per SSL VPN acco	ount
cy Options		
	Remote Application Cloud S	Storage
	Remote Application Cloud S	Storage
Client   Account Options	1	Storage
Client Account Options	1	
Client Account Options Storage Directory Private Directory	\\200.200.75.64\private	
Client Account Options Storage Directory Private Directory	\\200.200.75.64\private \\200.200.75.64\public	

- 11. Associate the policy set with the corresponding user (for detailed guide, refer to the Adding User section in Chapter 4).
- 12. Navigate to **SSL VPN** > **Resources** to add a remote application resource (for detailed guide, refer to the Adding/Editing Remote Application section in Chapter 4), as shown below:

Basic At	ributes	Fields marked * ar	
Name:	Remote application	*	
Description :			
Added To:	Default group >>		
Icon:	ICO -		

13. Click the Select button (next to Program field) to select program WordPad, as shown below:

Ар	plication Programs		x
If th	e desired program is not listed below, go to " <u>Remote Server Management</u> " to add it.	Search	٩
	Application Program	Server	
	👹 Paint	View	Į.
•	📝 WordPad	View	

14. Click the OK button to save the settings and the program name is seen in the Program field.

>> Edit Remote Ap	plication Resource	
Basic Attribute	\$	Fields marked with * are re
Name: Description:	Remote application	
Added To:	Default group 😽	
Icon:	<b>2</b> -	
Program:	VordPad	Select

- 15. In the App Server tab, select an application server to publish WordPad.
- 16. Navigate to **SSL VPN** > **Roles** to associate this remote application resource with the corresponding user (for detailed guide, please refer to the Roles section in chapter 4).
- 17. After the employee logs in to the SSL VPN, he or she will see the **Resource** page with the resource link to that remote application.
- 18. Click on the link to the remote application resource created in Step 12, and a remote application session will be established, as shown in the figure below:

w WordPad - Remote Appli		
Starting remote application		

19. To view the connecting process, click the **Details** button. Progress details will be seen as follows:

WordPad - Remote Application		×
Preparing to retry	_	
	<< Details	Cancel
10:55:45 Querying RemoteApp resource i 10:55:45 Starting session process 10:55:47 Connecting to RemoteApp serve 10:55:57 Starting remote application 10:55:58 Failed to start remote application	a	find the path spec
10:55:58 Preparing to retry		

Once the session is established successfully, **WordPad** will be launched. The employee can edit and save the document to the specified directory on the remote storage server. Next time logging in to SSL VPN, he or she can edit this document again in remote application session

Document - \	WordPad								
Eile Edit View I	Insert Format	Ffelb							
D 🛩 🖬 🔮	) 🖪 🏘	X 🖻 🛍	y 🔊 🖏						
Arial	~	10 🔽	Western	~	В	z	Ц 🔊		Ē
<u> </u>	. 1	• • • 2 •	a ed e a	. 3	1895	• 4	es es	1885	• 5 •
Remote Applic	ation								
Sangfor									
For Help, press F1								N	JM

If the employee wants to save the modified file on client side. There are two methods to achieve that:

#### Method 1:

a. Select **Drives** option on **Remote Application** tab when adding/editing policy set, as shown in the figure below:

User Account:	Create Windows account as per S	SL VPN account
User Account:	create windows account as per c	
	(for users use server's own :	eccount, they have right to access some crucial system program
Type:	🕑 User privilege	O Admin privilege
Deletion:	On removing user from loca	device, remove account and related data from remote server

b. Log in to SSL VPN using VPN client. Right-click on VPN client logo and click on System Settings to enter the System Setting page and click Remote Application tab to enter the following page, as shown below, and select the Local Disk option.

	ences Remote App Resource Path
Tips: u	resource mapping navailable devices and resources may be banned by
adminis	strator Content Content Card Clipboard
Color (	Quality
<b>K</b> i	High Color (16bit)
Remot	te PC Sound
	Play on this computer
Input M	Method Editor(IME)
á	Local Input method
Printer	
(COM)	

Click Save to save the changes. Then you can save file to the local drives.

Method 2: Download the file by the means of file sharing

a. Select **Download** when selecting private directory or public directory on **Cloud Storage** tab, as show in the figure below:

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	olders will be redir
Server Name	Upload	Download
FileShare		
		ĝ.

b. Log in to SSL VPN and right-click on VPN client logo, you will see the following figure:



c. Click **Private Directory** to enter the **File Sharing** page, as shown in the figure below and you can download desired file here:

Re	efresh New Folder Upload Pack&Download Remove Cut Copy	Paste Rename	Search
	Name	Size	Modified
	🛅 Desktop		2015-03-30 18:16:05
	🔤 My Document		2015-03-30 18:16:06
	🚞 My Music		2015-03-30 18:16:06
	🚞 My Pictures		2015-03-30 18:16:06
П	🚞 My Video		2015-03-30 18:16:06

# **Configuring Authentication with External CA**

# Using External CA Root Certificate to Generate Device Certificate

#### **Purpose:**

Import and use the external CA root certificate to generate certificate for the Sangfor device, so that end users can pass certificate based authentication when logging in to the SSL VPN if they own certificates issued by that external CA.

To achieve the expected purpose:

1. Navigate to **System** > **Device Certificate**, as shown in the figure below:

Licensing	Date/Time	Console Options	External Report Center	Device Certificate	SMTP Sys	ilog SNMP
RSA E	ncryption Star	ndard				
Gen	<u>View</u> D	<u>ownload Update</u> ate signing request ( <u>SR</u>	then,O=sangfor,OU=sslvpr CSR) for the device:	n,CN=sslvpn,emailAd	dress=ssl@sang	gfor.com
			R,OU=SSL,CN=sangfor,em	ailAddress=SSL@SAN	GFOR COM	
1005	<u>View</u> D	ownload Update				
Gen	erate a certifica	ate signing request (	CSR) for the device:			
	<u>Create a</u>	CSR for Device				
Certif	icate Authoriti	es(CA)				
		digital certificate. To Based Authentication	generate Certificate Signir 20.	ng Request(CSR) or i	issue certificate	i, go to

2. Click the **Create CSR** button to generate a certificate signing request (CSR) for the Sangfor device. The **Create a CSR for Device** page is as shown in the figure below:

US)	be 2-letter abbreviation (e.g	L, Chi	na-CN, I	U.S.A
Country:	CN		*	
State:	GD		*	
City:	SZ		*	
Company:	SANGFOR		*	
Department:	SUPPORT		*	
Issued To:	www,sangfor.com		*	
E-mail:	support@sangfor.com.cn		*	
Key Size:	1024	*	]	
Encoding:	UTF-8	*	]	

3. Configure the required fields. In this scenario, country is CN (China), state is GD (Guangdong), city is SZ (Shenzhen), company is SANGFOR, department is SUPPORT, email address is support@sangfor.com.cn, and the certificate is issued to the login page (address is 10.111.111.3) to the administrator Web console of Sangfor device.



- Country should be a two-letter abbreviation.
- State name can contain a maximum of 20 characters.
- 4. Click the **OK** button to save the settings.
- 5. Once the CSR is generated, click **Download** to download the request or copy the above request contents into a text file. The contents in the .csr file are as shown below:

----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----MIIBODCCATkCAQAwgY8xCzAJBgNVBAYTAkNOMQswCQYDVQQIEwJHRDELMAkGA1UE BxMCU1oxEDAOBgNVBAoTB1NBTkdGT11xEDAOBgNVBAsTB1NVUFBPUlQxGzAZBgNV BAMTEnd3dy5zYW5nZm9yLmNvbS5jbjE1MCMGCSqGSIb3DQEJARYWc3VwcG9ydEBz YW5nZm9yLmNvbS5jbjCBnzANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOBjQAwgYkCgYEAxLfm14gT VGib8SuYYvy4txDzSN6DrGI031kAZRHRw77tEs8LbEu1HozLwCSfZDVgk3fue0Be K3dkkx7nsZ+QMZ/OiCOLnoJuzH+SXwsb10SN0u3z633wY1h1qS2n04nB51kKPc9I rcohT9sDXHEsf8NZJeh+6u9y2xnTCdjfNxECAwEAAAAAMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUA A4GBAChre1tw+81CkkB6QCKaX71Wih88K0QEUntW5nZCjW+r1TBwKzZA13oxAN8I BX99sSiDKu5Hruh3TN4jk5R+VbCtHW7rPkdJPK0df26Sv1REVuw6p7u1xr/qVJyV 0HCYdmjA8e0mVZMLVYu9mOBjMZe1Udfxaef82xr9ehKpM+K4 ----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----

- 6. Submit the generated CSR to the external CA.
- 7. Get the Sangfor device certificate from the external CA.
- 8. Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication > Certificate/USB Key Based Authentication page, and click Add under External CA section to upload the device certificate you have received from external CA to Sangfor device, as shown below:

Ext	ernal CA			
0	Add			-
	Name	Certificate	Status	Operation
1	External CA	View   Update	1	×

9. Click on the External CA in Name column to enter the External CA page and configure CA **Options**, as shown in the figure below:

Certificate Att	ributes			
Instructions				
Username Attr:	CN	*		
Binding Field:	License Key	~		
CA Encoding:	UTF-8	~		
CA Options				
User Login Per	mission:			
🔵 Trust the	e users who have	e imported cert	ate issued by curre	nt CA

10. Users can log in to SSL VPN with the certificated issued by this external CA.

### Mapping User to Local Group Based on External Certificate

#### **Background:**

Take Microsoft CA for example. As we know, for user accounts stored on LDAP server, the users under different OUs have varied privileges.

Now, the prerequisite is that each user owns a certificate issued by a third party CA already. We are to have these users (under different OUs) automatically granted with different levels of privilege to access the SSL VPN, hoping that they can pass the certificate based authentication with the certificate issued by the third-party CA when they connect to SSL VPN.

Suppose LDAP user test1 is under ou1, and user test1 is under ou2.

#### **Purposes:**

To assign different resources to the two users automatically after they log in to the SSL VPN successfully, but the two users need not be imported into the Sangfor device.

#### Analysis and solution:

Firstly, we need to configure external CA and use the CA to generate certificate, so that users can use third-party certificate to log into the SSL VPN. Secondly, we need to map the certificate users to the user group on Sangfor device, so that they can be granted with the same privilege as the users under the target group.

To achieve the expected purposes:

- 1. Configure external CA (for detailed guide, please refer to Configuring External CA in Chapter 4).
- Navigate to SSL VPN > Users and create two user groups named ou1 and ou2 (for detailed guide, please refer to the Adding User Group section in Chapter 4). Primary authentication Certificate/USB key need not be selected for both users ou1 and ou2.
- 3. Generate certificates for the two users, **test1** and **test2**.



Check the subjects of the two certificates, as shown below.

DN of test1: CN=test1, OU=ou1, DC=zy, DC=sangfor, DC=com

DN of test2: CN=test2, OU=ou2, DC=zy, DC=sangfor, DC=com

4. Configure CA option. Select **Trust all the users who own certificate issued by current CA** option, as shown in the figure below:



5. Click the link **Configure Mapping Rule** to configure two mapping rules, one rule mapping LDAP **ou1** to the local group **ou1**, and the other mapping LDAP **ou2** to the local group **ou2**, as shown in the figures below:

mapping rule b Notes: 1. Certificate is 2. Order should 3. State must b	ave not imported certific o certain local group after elow. Those users have case sensitive. be followed while typing e labeled as ST rather t ame,OU=section,O=com	er successful au the same privile g DN, from user han S.	thenticatio age as the name to co	n as per the group users. ountry.
Certificate DN:	OU=ou1, DC=sangfor,DC=			

mapping rule b Notes: 1. Certificate is 2. Order should	ave not imported certificate into to o certain local group after success elow. Those users have the same case sensitive. I be followed while typing DN, from the labeled as ST rather than S.	ful authenti privilege a: username	cation as s the grou to countr	per the ip users.
Example:CN=n	ame,OU=section,O=company,L=S2	Z,ST=GD,C=	-CNZ	
Example:CN=n:	oU=ou2, DC=sangfor,DC=com	z,st=gd,C=	-CNZ	

- Navigate to SSL VPN > Roles, create two roles and associate the local groups ou1 and ou2 with different resources (for detailed guide, please refer to the Adding Role section in Chapter 4).
- 7. Save the setting and then click the **Apply** button when configuration is completed.

After logging in to the SSL VPN, what **test1** and **test2** will see on the **Resource** page will be the corresponding associated resource.

# **Configuring Resource Enabling SSO**

# Adding TCP Application Enabling SSO

### **Purpose:**

When end users access tech forum of their company, they do not need to enter username and password again, which will be filled in automatically with their SSL VPN accounts.

### Analysis and solution:

Firstly, we need to configure the tech forum as a TCP application. Secondly, enable SSO feature for this resource and choose a login method, which can be **Auto fill in form** or **Set auto-access request**. In this scenario, we take the former as example.

To achieve expected purpose:

- 1. Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users and click Add > User to add a user( for detailed guide, refer to Adding User in Chapter 4)
- 2. Go to **SSL VPN > Resources** page and click **Add > TCP app** to add a TCP resource, as shown below:

lasic Attributes		
Name:	Tech forum	*
Description:		
Туре:	HTTP	~
Address:	192.200.200.44/80:80	
Program Path:		wpe
	Path could be absolute path and environ Default group	nment variable (e.g., %windir%)
Icon:	ICO	
	<ul> <li>✓ Enable resource</li> <li>✓ Visible for user</li> </ul>	
SSO Autho	rized Admin Accounts Binding URL Acc	ess Control Others
C Enable SSO		

Click on SSO tab and select the Enable SSO to enable SSO feature, and choose auto fill in

form as Login Method.

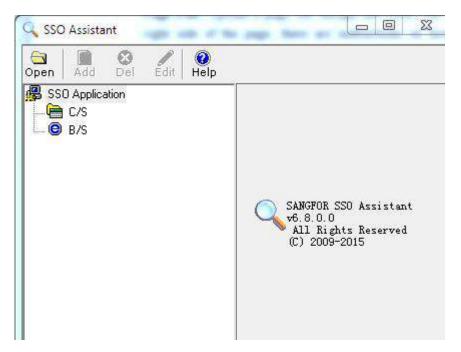
3. Go to **System > SSL VPN Options > General > SSO** page to download SSO assistant and config file, as shown in the figure below:

Login	Client Options	Virtual IP Pool	Local DNS SSO	Resource Options	
SS	D				
	ISO:      Enabled     Allow use Ioad SSO Configu	Disabl			
	Config File:		Browse		Download SSO Assistant
	Uplos				Download SSO Config Fil

4. Install the SSO assistant. After installation completes, a corresponding shortcut will be created for the SSO assistant, as shown below:



5. Double-click on the shortcut to launch SSO assistant, as shown below:



Click **Open** to import SSO config file downloaded in step 3and record SSO information with SSO Assistant. Click on the **Username** under the desired resource and right-click it to click **Edit**, then drag the magnifier on current page to **Username** textbox on the login page of this tech forum and select **Same as VPN Username** in **Input Value** field. Click **Save** to save the changes. The method to record password and login button is similar with that of recording username.

SSO Assistant	
SSO Application C/S B/S tcp_0.17 test Cogin Page Vername Password Login Button	Modify current element     Input Field   Username   Index   Index   ID   Name   Input Value   Same with VPN Username     Type   Username     Image: Same with VPN Username

6. After recording SSO information completes, upload the SSO config file to Sangfor device. Go to System > SSL VPN Options > General > SSO page and click Browse under Upload SSO Config File section to select desired SSO config file, and then click Upload to upload it to the device, as shown below:

Login	Client Options	Virtual IP Pool	Local DNS	SSO	Resource Option:
SS	16				
5	SO: () Enabled	🔿 Disabl	ed		
		r to modify SSO u	ser account		
		r to mouny 550 a	ser account		
Up	load SSO Configu	ration File			
. A contraction					
	Config File: C:\fake	path\ssoconfig1.sso	B	irowse	
	Union	the archived SSC			
	oproat	a file bicilisen and	config file. F	lie nam	e: ssoconfig.sso

- Navigate to SSL VPN > Roles > Role Management to add a role and associate it with the user created in step1 and the resource created in step2(for detailed guide, refer to Adding Role in Chapter 4).
- 8. After user logs in to SSL VPN, he/she can click the resource link to access the tech forum directly without entering username and password.

## Adding Remote Application Enabling SSO

### **Background:**

RXT,a instant messaging tool, is published over SSL VPN. Employee's account for logging in to RTX is not the same as that for logging in to SSL VPN. The username of RTX account is the abbreviation of employee's name, and the password is their work number.

### Purpose:

Enable employees to access RXT directly without need to provide RTX account after they log into SSL VPN.

### Analysis and Solution:

As employee's account for logging in to RTX is different from the account for logging in to SSL VPN, **Allow user to modify SSO user account** option should be selected when configuring SSO.

To achieve expected purpose:

- 1. Configure a remote server(for details, refer to Adding Remote Application in this Chapter)
- Navigate to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users and click Add > User to add a user(named ssl1, password is 123). For detailed guide, refer to Adding User in Chapter 4.
- 3. Go to **SSL VPN > Resources** page and click **Add > Remote app** to add a remote application named RTX, as shown below:

Basic Att	ributes	Fields marked * are required
Name:	RTX	*
Description:		
Added To:	RemoteApp >>	
Icon:	-	
Program:	Enable resource  RTX Sele	at
Working		
Directory: Command Line Argument:		
1	✓ Maximize window after program is lau	unched
	Single instance is allowed (for an app allow user to run a second instance of the	anna dheann a' sunna ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann
App Server	SSO License Authorized Admin	

Click on SSO License tab to select the Enable SSO option.

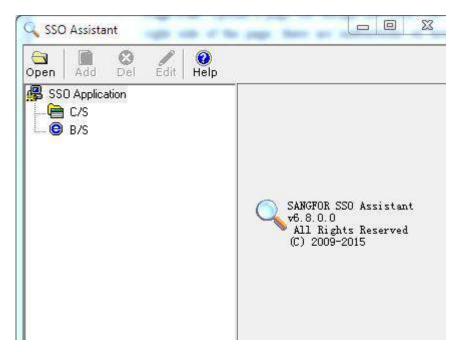
4. Go to System > SSL VPN Options > General > SSO page, select the Allow user to modify SSO user account option, and download SSO assistant and config file, as shown in the figure below:

gin	Client Options	Virtual IP Pool	Local DNS S	SO Resourc	e Options	
55	776					
s	SSO: ) Enabled	🔿 Disabl	ed			
	Allow use	r to modify SSO u	ser account			
	load SSO Configu	u - El-				
(	Config File:		Brow	se	-	Download SSO Assista
	Upload	I the archived SSC	) config file. File	name: ssoconf	ig.sso (	Download SSO Confid
	Uplos	ad			~	Download 350 Conne

5. Install the SSO assistant. After installation completes, a corresponding shortcut will be created for the SSO assistant, as shown below:



6. Double-click on the shortcut to launch SSO assistant, as shown below:



Click **Open** to import SSO config file and record SSO information with SSO Assistant. Click on the **Username** under the desired resource and right-click it to select **Edit**, then drag the magnifier on current page to **Username** textbox on RTX login page and select

Same as VPN Username in Input Value field.

Click **Save** to save the changes.

7. After recording SSO information completes, upload the SSO config file to Sangfor device. Go to System > SSL VPN Options > General > SSO page and click Browse under Upload SSO Config File section to select desired SSO config file, and then click Upload to upload it to the device, as shown below:

55	Client Options	Virtual IP Pool	Local DNS	SSO	Resource Opt
1	5SO: ) Enabled	🔘 Disab			
	Allow use	er to modify SSO u	ser account		
- 25					
110	oload SSO Configu	ration File			
		epath/ssoconfig1.sso	E	irowse	
1000	Config File: C.\fake	epath'ssoconfig1.sso d the archived SSC	) config file. F	irowse	

- Navigate to SSL VPN > Roles > Role Management to add a role and associate it with the user ssl1 created in step2 and the resource RXT created in step3(for detailed guide, refer to Adding Role in Chapter 4).
- 9. After user **ssl1** logs in to SSL VPN, click **Settings** on the upper right of the page to modify the RTX account(for example, modify username to your real name xxl1, password to your work number).

> User Account	💉 Edit		
SSO Options	Reso	urce	Account
i.	RTX		Sangfor
	Account(1 res	source(s) selected)	×
	Username:	xxl1	
	Username: Password:	xxl1	

User Account	Edit	
550 Options	Resource	Account
	RTX	xxl1

10. Back to **Resource** page and click on the resource link, then user can log in RTX automatically.

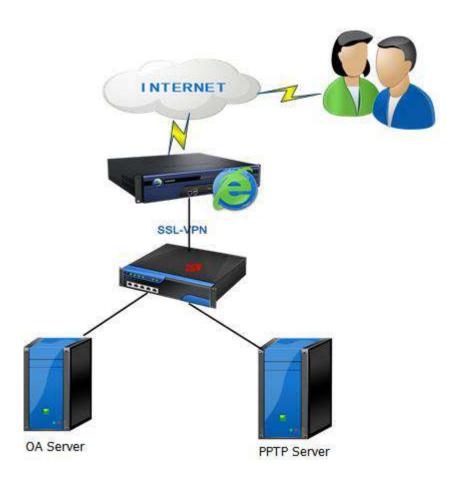


- SSO feature has two login methods: Auto fill in form and Set auto-access request. The SSO feature with Auto fill in form as login method applies to web app, TCP app, all B/S-based and C/S-based L3VPN app, while SSO feature with Set auto-access request as login method supports web app, TCP app, HTTP-based and HTTPS-based L3VPN app.
- Remote application only supports the SSO feature with Auto fill in form as login method

### **Configuration Case of Accessing SSL VPN through PPTP**

One customer wants to access internal network through SSL VPN by using browser of their own iPhone, iPad or Android mobile phones, that is, realize mobile office by using mobile phones.

Since internal BBS system of the customer is written by JSP, systems are rather complex, a lot of scripts and controls are used, therefore WEB application is not applicable, L3VPN is a better choice.



**Configurations are as follows:** 

### **Configurations of SSL**

Step 1: Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Login, select Permit PPTP incoming connection, as shown below:

Login Port			
Login Port			
HTTPS Port:	443	Edit	
HTTP Port:	80		
PPTP/L2TP Cor	nection Options		
PPTP/L2TP Cor	nection: 🔿 prohibit	PPTP/LZTP incoming connection	
	Permit P	PTP incoming connection	
L.	ξ.		

Step 2: Navigate to SSL VPN > Policy Sets, click Add to add policy set and to enter the Add

Policy Set page. Select Permit PPTP/L2TP incoming connection, as shown below:

Client Account Option	Remote Application	Cloud Storage	EMM	
Delete the following	g contents on user's e	cit:		
Temporary Inte	rnet files 📃 Cook	ies 🖉 Brows	ing history	E Form data
Bandwidth/Sessions	sessions limit Maxim h limit Outbo		10-500) Bps, Inbound:	128 <b>KBps</b> (0 indicates no limit. Minimum is 32KBps)
				r resources except those accessible over SSL VPN)

Step 3: Navigate to SSL VPN > Users, Click Add > Group to enter the Add User Group Page. Associate policy sets in Attribute of use/user group which get connected through PPTP.

	Name:			
	Description:			
	Added To: /		55	
Max Concu	ment Users: 0	(0)	oficates no limit)	
	Status: O Enabled	Disabled 🔘 🔘	: tes	
	V Inherit	authentication sett	ings	
		assigned roles		
uthenticat	ion Settings			
Group Type:	Public group      Prive	ste group		
IVDES	<ul> <li>Konsc Blobb</li> <li>Kuka</li> </ul>	BRE REPART		
Primary Au	thentication	are Block	Secondary Authentication	1
Primary Au		are group	Secondary Authentication	
Primary Au	thentication	are direch.	the second se	
Primary Au	thentication password	ine group	Hardware ID SMS password Dynamic TadU81	*
Primary Au	thentication pessivori icote/USB key		Hardware ID	*
Primary Au	thentication pessivori icote/USB key	×.	Herdware ID     SMS pessword     Dynamic     Tedlus1     Dotsen     Both     C Ether	*
Primary Au	thentication pessivont icete/USB key nal LDAP/RADIUS (radius)	×.	Herdware ID     SMS pessword     Dynamic     Tedlus1     Dotsen     Both     C Ether	
Primary Au	thentication pessivont icete/USB key nal LDAP/RADIUS (radius)	×.	Herdware ID     SMS pessword     Dynamic     Tedlus1     Dotsen     Both     C Ether	
Primary Au	thentication pessword icate/USB key mel LDAP/RADIUS is users/subgroups to inher	nt the authentication	Herdware ID     SMS pessword     Dynamic     Tedlus1     Dotsen     Both     C Ether	

Step 4: Navigate to SSL VPN > Resources, click Add > L3VPN to enter the Edit L3VPN page. Add resources to be accessed by using PPTP.

Name:       *         Description:       *         Type:       HTTP       Protocol:         Address:       *         Address:       *         Program Path:       *         Path could be absolute path and environment variable (e.g., %windir%b)         Added To:       Default group         Icon:       *         Icon:       *         Visible resource       *         Visible for user       *					
Type: HTTP Protocol: TCP Address: Address: Program Path: Browse Path could be absolute path and environment variable (e.g., %wwindir%b) Added To: Default group ** Icon: Icon:	ne:[]	•			
Address: Program Path: Path could be absolute path and environment variable (e.g., %windir%) Added To: Default group Icon: Icon: Con	on:				
Program Path:	PE: HTTP	Y Protocol: TCP Y			
Program Path: Path could be absolute path and environment variable (e.g., %windir%b) Added To: Default group ** Icon: Icon: Enable resource Visible for user	:55:	0			
Path could be absolute path and environment variable (e.g., %wwindir%b) Added To: Default group ** Icon: Icon: Icon: Icon * Icon: Visible resource Visible for user		2			
Path could be absolute path and environment variable (e.g., %wwindir%b) Added To: Default group ** Icon: Icon: Icon: Icon * Icon: Visible resource Visible for user	1				
Added To: Default group ** Icon: Icon: Icon * Icon: Visible resource Visible for user		and and an an an			
Icon: Icon + Icon: Icon + Icon + Ic	Contraction of the second s		ble (e.g., %windir%)		
Enable resource	To: Default group	35			
Enable resource					
Visible for user	on: ICO *				
Visible for user					
	and the second se	irce		10.	
SSO Authorized Admin Accounts Binding URL Access Control	Visible for us	er		3	
	uthorized Admin Acc	counts Binding URL Access Control			
Enable SSO					
C - Chaple SSU					
Login Method: Auto fill Inform 👻 Adjanced	SS0	Nike with the			

Step 5: Navigate to SSL VPN > Roles. On the Role Management page, click Add > Role to enter the Add Role page, and associate user/user group and resources.

Name:	*		
Description:			
Associated User:		Select User/Group	
Security Policy:		Select Role-level Policy	
Sociated Resources			
sociated Resources			er et et er et et et e
sociated Resources		Description	

### **PPTP Client Access Configuration:**

Here is an example of one user who uses iphone to configure PPTP access resources:

Log in to SSL VPN through browser of the iphone, as shown below:

E Resource List	
test [Settings Log Out]	
Resources marked with should be a	accessed by using <u>PPTP</u>
Anesuros adémetes:	
Default Group	
·L3VPN主网资源(或服务)回	
'icmp_testo	

Note: Resources marked with 💷 is L3VPN and should be accessed by using PPTP.

1. Click Access **SSLVPN Through PPTP**. Access tips pop up. Install description file to mobile phone.

Cancel	Install Profile	Install		Profile Installed	Done
ELOCIE	<b>SSLVPN PPTP连接</b> shenzhen sangfor		EE 80	SSLVPN PPTP连接 shenzhen sangfor	
Signed by	Not Signed		Signed by	Not Signed	
Description	通过PPTP方式接入SSLVPN, 的应用	支持更多	1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 -	通过PPTP方式接入SSLVPN, 的应用	支持更多
Contains	VPN Settings		Contains		
More Det	ails	>	More Det	ails	>

2. Set PPTP VPN login. Go back to iphone homepage, and go to **Settings** as follows:

无 SIM 今 19:23	< Settings	General			IRGIN 3	G	4:20 PM	1		0
28 🚰 🧰	Restrictions	Off	>	- 1923	201		密码		Ļ	完成
Line of Berger Line Constraint				密	码					
	Date & Time		>							
IRAL IS A Game Genter Mail	Keyboard		>							
	Language &	Region	>							
天 <sup>4</sup> 股市 Tunes App Store	iTunes Wi-Fi	Sync	>	1	2 3	4	56	7	8 9	0
	VPN	Not Connected	>		7.		75		80	,,,
计算器 指南针 语音备忘录 通讯录	Profile	SSLVPN PPTP连接	>							
						,	?	!		< x
	Reset		>	A	вс		space		ret	turn

- 3. VPN switch turns green after connection. A small icon **VPN** shows on the upper left. Then you can access internal network applications through browser or application program.
- 4. When you want to exit PPTP VPN, switch off **VPN** option. Next time you can directly get connected to PPTP VPN to access resources.

atti VIRGIN 3G	4:20 PM	<u> </u>
	设置	
🕑 飞行模式	:	
🛜 无线局域	网	Tenda >
VPN VPN		
🧕 通知		打开>
声音		>
一 亮度		>
🔛 墙纸		>

5. Remember PPTP login password. Go to **General** > **Network** > **VPN** and click the blue arrow, as shown below:



Enter password in **Password** and click **Save**. You do not have to enter password again for later connections.

PPTP configuration is completed. You can use your mobile phone to access BBS.

When SSL device is deployed in single-arm mode, the following is required: (1) TCP 80 and Port 443 connected by SSL users should be mapped, TCP 1723 port should also be mapped. (2) PPTP data package can penetrate front-end device, and also protocol 47 can penetrate front-end device.

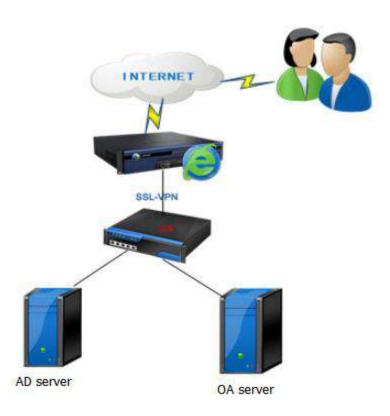
Applications accessed through PPTP should be added as L3VPN resources. If the application can be accessed through WEB, then the application can directly get connected to SSL VPN without building PPTP connections.

Telecom operators in some districts (For example, Beijing Unicom) will block PPTP of 3G network. If, after deployment, you can get accessed through wifi , but not through 3G, it is probable that operators have blocked.

When PPTP fails to get connected, make sure whether devices from local network to SSL support PPTP penetration. For example, TP-link supports 32 PPTP penetrations, D-Link does not support PPTP penetration, and Tenda supports PPTP penetration.

### Configuration Case of Accessing SSL VPN through L2TP

Internal network in headquarter has DNS. One customer wants to access SSL through L2TP on mobile endpoints, access internal network with domain account, and realize mobile office on mobile endpoints.



**Configurations are as follows:** 

### **Configuration of SSL:**

Step 1: Navigate to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Login, select Permit L2TP incoming connection and set L2TP Shared Secret, as shown below:

jin	Client Optio	ns Virtual IP Pool	Local DNS	550	Resource Options
Lo	gin Port				
	HTTPS Port:	443	Edit		
I	HTTP Port:	80			
" PP	TP/L2TP Co	nnection Options			
			L2TP incoming c hared Secret: •		ction (standard IPSec VPN will be unavailable. Shared key can not contain quotation m
	1. With PPTP L3VPN resou		d, user can use	the bu	uilt-in PPTP VPN/L2TP VPN of iPhone, iPad or Android to visit
		W			authenticated against MS Active Directory(AD) server. Steps: (AD) server against which connecting users are authenticated by
	the SSL VPN		inimed to doma	in uh-	ere the Active Directory server resides in, could connecting
					ere the Active Directory server resides in, Could connecting
		henticated against th	e domain serve	14	

Step 2: Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication. Click Settings after LDAP. On LDAP Server

Server Name:	*
Description:	
Server Address:	
	ŏ
	<u> </u>
Admin DN:	
Password:	
Base DN:	53
Subtree included	also verify the users in subtrees)
Authentication Timeout: 15 * second	

page click **Add** to add LDAP server, as shown below:

**Other Attributes** > **Group Mapping**. Add group mapping as below:

Group Mapping	Role Mapping	LDAP Extensions	Password Encryption
	ad local user gr		al device, the system will map the specified-OU users on this server t e been authenticated successfully, according to the mapping rule
🔘 Add 🥥 Dele	ete 🗟 Edit Auto	matic Mapping	
Ο ου			Sub-OU in Map to Local Group

Step 3: Navigate to SSL VPN > Authentication, click Settings after Client-Side Domain SSO, and add SSL device to AD domain. Configuration page is shown as below:

After this device is joined to domain, add a c	orresponding DNS rule. <u>View Configuration Method</u>	
Client-Side Domain SSO: 📃 Enabled		
Status: Invalid		
Device Name: sangfor9701b3b1		
Domain Name:	*	
Short Domain Name:	*	
Domain Controller Name:		
Domain Controller IP:	*	
Admin Username:	*	
Admin Password:		

Step 4: Navigate to SSL VPN > Policy Sets. On the Policy Set Management page, click Add > Policy set to enter the Add Policy Set page, and select Permit PPTP/L2TP incoming connection, as shown below:

Privacy Protection Delete the following contents o		owsing history 🖉 Form	n dətə
Bandwidth/Sessions Restrictions			
Enable TCP app sessions lim		(10-500)	
🗖 Enable bandwidth limit	Outbound: 128	KBps, Inbound: 128	KBps (O indicates no limit. Minimum is 32KBps)
Preferred to enable byte cad	he		
Permit PPTP/L2TP incoming con	nection		
		cannot access other resc	surces except those accessible over SSL VPN)
Each user may own multiple hards			

Step 5: Navigate to SSL VPN > Users to enter the Local Users page. Associate policy sets in Attribute of use/user group which get connected through L2TP.

	Name:	1		4	ň.		
	Description:	TOP_GROUP					
Max Concu	rrent Users:	ent Users: 0 (O indicates no limit)					
Authenticati		🖲 Enabled 🛛 🔘	Disabled				
Group Type: (	D Public grou	p 🧕 Private gro	oup				
Primary Au	uthentication password cate/USB key			Secondary Authors Hardware IC	1		
Extern	ıal	radius1	Y	Dynamic	radius 1	*	
LDAP/RA Require:	DIUS			token Both	Either		
Enforce it Policy Set	s users/subgr	oups to inherit t	he authent	ication settings		Ş	
Policy Set:	Default policy	r set	>>	O Create + Assoc	ate		
Enforce it		roups to inherit t	he policy s	set			
Roles:			**	🔇 <u>Create + Assoc</u>	ate		

Step 6: Navigate to **SSL VPN** > **Resources** and click **Add** > **L3VPN** to add resources accessed by using L2TP.

Step 7: Navigate to SSL VPN > Roles and click Add > Roles to associate user/user group and resources.

### **L2TP Client Access Configuration**

Here is an example of one user who uses iphone to configure L2TP access resources:

Go to Settings > General > VPN, click Add VPN Configuration, as shown below:

•••• 中国联通 1	<b>?</b> 15:39	<b>9</b> 90%
< VPN	总部北京	
类型		L2TP
描述	总部北京	
服务器	61.50.189.53	
帐户	test	
RSA Secur	ID	$\bigcirc$
密码	•••••	
密钥	•••••	
发送所有流	量	
代理		
关闭	手动	自动

**Description**: Enter name of VPN connection.

Server: Enter public network address of SSL.

Account: Enter username to access SSL. If it is AD domain authentication, then enter domain username.

Password: Enter password to access SSL.

+

Secret: The same as L2TP shared secret of SSL.

When SSL device is deployed in single-arm mode, the following is required: (1) TCP 80 and Port 443 connected by SSL users should be mapped, UDP 500, UDP 4500 and UDP1701 should also be mapped. (2) L2TP data package can penetrate front-end device.

Applications accessed through L2TP should be added as L3VPN resources. If the application can be accessed through WEB, then the application can directly get connected to SSL VPN without building PPTP connection.

Telecom operators in some districts (For example, Beijing Unicom) will block L2TP of 3G network. If, after deployment, you can get accessed through wifi , but not through 3G, it is probable that operators have blocked.

L2TP connection service is enabled, standard IPSec VPN service of SSL can not be used, but SANGFOR VPN still works.

# Mobile Users Accessing SSL VPN

Remote desktop and remote application are accessible over SSL VPN on mobile device, such as iPhone, iPad and Android devices. Taking Android mobile device as example, this section introduces how to use EasyConnect to login and access remote resources.

- 1. Download EasyConnect from Google Store and install it. Launch it, and you will see the figure as shown in Figure 1.
- 2. Enter URL to the Sangfor device and click **Connect** button. Then you need to be authenticated before logging in to VPN, as shown in Figure 2. You can click on **Account** tab to provide username and password, or click on **Certificate** tab to use certificate to log in to SSL VPN.
- 3. After logging in to SSL VPN, if user is associated with L3VPN resource, a prompt dialog appears, as shown in Figure 3. Check I trust this application option and VPN connection will be established. To view connection status, click the EasyConnet logo shown at system status toolbar, as shown in Figure 4.

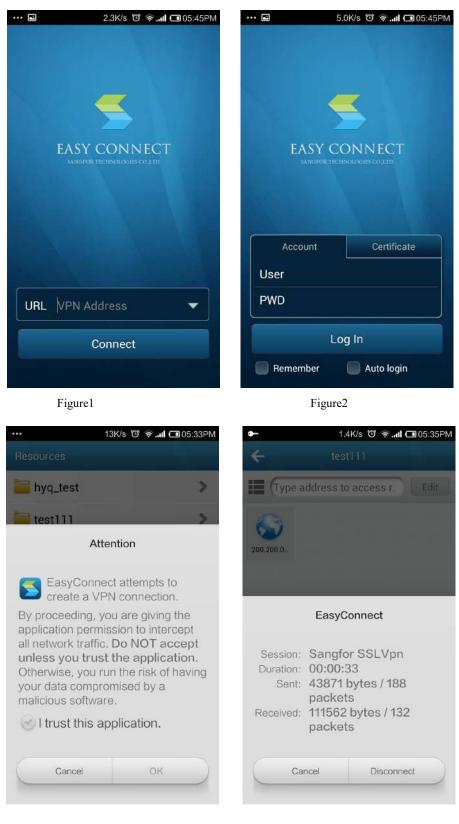


Figure 3

Figure 4

After VPN connection is set up, user can access L3VPN resource using other programs. If he/she does not set up VPN connection, L3VPN resource cannot be accessed, while Web app, TCP pp and remote app are accessible.

Authorized resources will be shown on the right pane of the **Resource** page. Click on the icon **H** to change the method to display the resources, as shown in Figure 5, Figure 6.



Figure 5 Icon Mode

Figure 6 List Mode

To add the desired resource into **Favorites**, click **Edit** to enter the following page, as shown in Figure 7. Click on the golden star icon next to that resource and click **Finish** to exit editing page. Then the corresponding resource will be added into **Favorites** list, as shown in Figure 8.

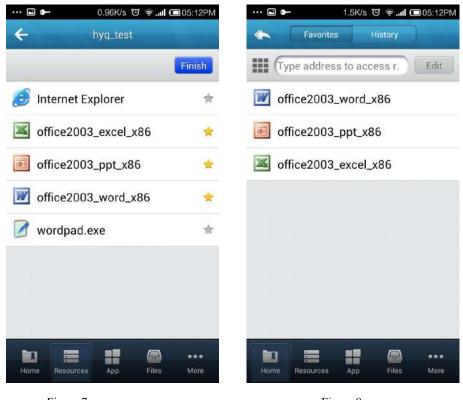


Figure 7

Figure 8

To view accessible personal cloud, public cloud and local storage of mobile device, click **Files** to enter the **Files** page, as shown in Figure 9.



To operate a desired file, for example, Personal Cloud, click the arrow icon next to that file

to enter the Personal Cloud page as shown in Figure 10.

To open the selected file remotely, click **Open** to open that file using the application program on remote application server.

To download and open a specified file, click **Down &Open** to download that file onto mobile device and open it with default application program installed on mobile device.

To download the selected file, click **Down** to download it to mobile device and that file will be saved into local directory. You can also see that file by clicking **Local** in Figure 9. To remove a specific file, click **Delete**.

To operate multiple files simultaneously, click **Edit** on the upper right. You will see the page, as shown in Figure 12.

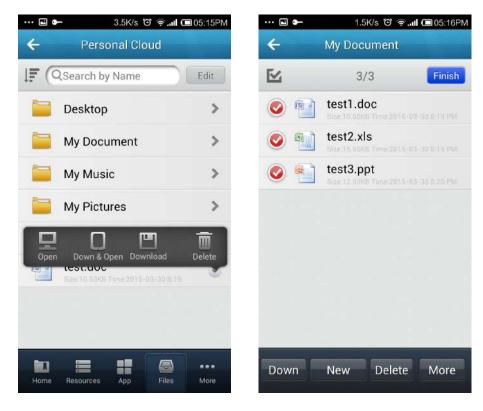


Figure 11

Figure 12

Take the remote application **office2003\_Word\_x86** shown in Figure 7 as example. Open it and you will see a floating toolbar. Tool icons are listed on the toolbar, namely, cursor, magnifier, keyboard, navigation, program list, menu and a button to hide toolbar. Private directory and public directory, as well as local storage are available to this remote application. Camera installed on mobile device can be invoked in this remote application. The new photos can be uploaded to remote application. You can choose image quality when uploading image, as shown in Figure 13. You can also share it on EasyConnect through the built-in sharing feature of mobile device. After clicking on **Share**, you need to specify a directory on remote storage server to save the image. Then you can insert that image into the previously-opened Word document.

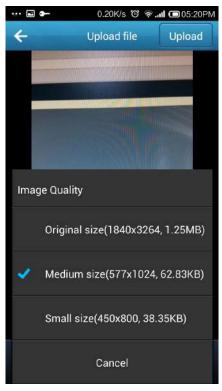


Figure 13

# **Application for IOS MDM Certificate**

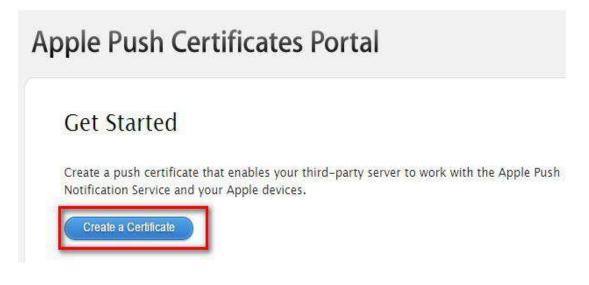
A .pem **file** and a .p12 file should be imported. The .p12 certificate can be provided by Sangfor, but the .pem file should be applied for it.

### Application for .Pem file:

Step 1: Log in to <a href="https://identity.apple.com/pushcert/">https://identity.apple.com/pushcert/</a> with Apple ID, as shown below:

Sig	n In.		
Apple	ID		Ĩ
Forgo	your Apple ID?		
1			

Step 2: To cerate a certificate application, click Create a Certificate, as shown below:



# **Apple Push Certificates Portal**

Te	erms of Use
BEI	EASE READ THE FOLLOWING LICENSE AGREEMENT TERMS AND CONDITIONS CAREFULLY FORE DOWNLOADING OR USING THE APPLE CERTIFICATES. THESE TERMS AND CONDITIONS NSTITUTE A LEGAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN YOUR COMPANY/ORGANIZATION AND APPLE.
	M Certificate Ag <mark>reement</mark> companies deploying mobile device management for iOS and/or OS X products}
You belo dev iOS grai	rpose ir company, organization or educational institution would like to use the MDM Certificates (as defined bw) to enable You to either deploy a third-party commercial, enterprise server software product for mobile ice management of iOS and/or OS X products, or deploy Your own internal mobile device management to and/or OSX products within Your company, organization or educational institution. Apple is willing to nt You a limited license to use the MDM Certificates as permitted herein on the terms and conditions set
	h in this Agreement. Accepting this Agreement: Definitions
in o You	Acceptance rder to use the MDM Certificates and related services, You must first agree to this License Agreement. If a do not or cannot agree to this License Agreement, You are not permitted to use the MDM Certificates or ted services. Do not download or use the MDM Certificates or any related services in that case.
You	accept and agree to the terms of this License Agreement on Your company's, organization's, education
	I have read and agree to these terms and conditions.
	Printable Version >

Step 3: Upload your **Certificate Signing Request**. Upload **sangfor\_signed\_csr** file (Contact Sangfor Customer Service), and click **Upload** as shown below:

# Apple Push Certificates Portal

	r Certificate Si reate a new pi			your third-par	ty server	
Notes						
Vendor-Sig	ned Certificate	e Signing Rec	quest			
选择文件	sangfor_signed					

.

Step 4: MDM push certificate is applied successfully after Certificate Signing Request is uploaded. Click **Download** to complete MDM certificate application.

Apple Push Certific	cates Portal
Confirmation 🥑	
You have successfully created a n	new push certificate with the following information:
Service	Mobile Device Management
Vendor	Sangfor Technologies Company Limited
Expiration Date	Apr 13, 2016
Manage Certi	ificates Download

Step 5: Navigate to SSL VPN > EMM > Mobile Devices to enter the Mobile Devices page. Click Settings > Import MDM Certificate to import MDM certificate, as shown below:

Administrator Console	In Mobile Devices						
) Status	Statesh 😥 Select	• Delver Hog 🕼 Nog Delvery Hulton	🚽 🎯 Operation + 🛄 Mark +	💼 Settinge   🎞 Linifold All	El Show abn	ormal devices only Sewith by Name	• Beards
> System		19 E Davice Name	Associated Use	ira Madul	Oparating Sys Ad	det Since - Statue	
* SSL VPN	a ultit	Settings				×	
+ Users	着 SS年度 日本の単 合 定意保计 日 Default Group	Mobile Device Hanagement(	MDM)				
• Resources		図 Enabled					
Roles				100 102			
Authentication		VPN Address: https://	Import NDM Certificate	)	×		
Policy Sets		Check for App Usage Eve	pern File: Sylect pern file	21	Browse		
Remote Servers		🗄 IOS MDM Certificate	p12 File: Select p12 file		Browse *		
# EMM	•		Password:		(Diowodae)		
) MDM Policy		Import MOM Centificate	Passwuru:		-1.		
Mobile Devices		NUM certificate must be		04	Cancel		
Published Apps					Calical		
App Wrapping							
<ul> <li>Endpoint Security</li> <li>Rules</li> </ul>							
Policies							
1 Built-in Rules Update:							
) Firewall						Save Close	
Maintenance			1 2 Show 7	300			0 entr
r rannenante		Page 1 g	11 C Show Vo	i / page			0 entr

1. MDM certificate remains valid for one year.

2. When MDM certificate expires, it should be renewed. Use Apple ID to log in to https://identity.apple.com/pushcert/ and you can view previously applied certificate. Click Renew, contact SANGFOR technical support to obtain a new sangfor\_signed\_csr file, and follow the above steps to apply for a new .pem file.

## **EMM Configuration Case**

EMM of SSL functions to register mobile devices, manage and deliver messages, strengthen password security for mobile devices, notify admin to lock and erase data when mobile devices are lost, and protect resources security.

#### The configurations are as follows:

Step1: Navigate to System > System > Licensing. Click Modify to enable EMM License, as shown below:

sso:	SQKCFG8EANB4W9C9		Modify
MS Authentication:	F43E9703C805013A	1	Modify
yte Cache:	A424447GCD427731	2 🖌	Modify
Cluster:	M3GYGF9W7D6FRKP2	v.	Modify
ecure Desktop:	FEC1997C5FGGD67D	<ul> <li></li> </ul>	Modify
ne-Way Acceleration:	DEDEF9A165FDGAF5	4	Modify
emote Application:	F640310F17A5C4EA	1	Modify
lax Remote App Users:	20		
pplication Wrapping License:	BDBE59CB4AFE9G8E	<b>v</b>	Modify
MM License:	B9D435FF1BFE9DD5	1	Modify

Step 2: Navigate to SSL VPN > EMM > MDM Policy to enter the MDM Policy page. Add Android or iOS MDM Policy or edit default ones, as shown below:

🕲 Add 🔹 🤤 Delete 📓 Edit 🛛 📝 Select 🔹			Search by Name * Search
Policy Name 🔺	05	Description	Policy Set
🔲 🚺 Default policy for Android device	Android	System protected, unable to be deleted	Default policy set
🔲 📳 Default policy for iOS device	IOS	System protected, unable to be deleted	Default policy set

Step 3: Navigate to SSL VPN > EMM > Mobile Devices to enter the Mobile Devices page. Click Settings to select Enabled, enter VPN address, and click Import MDM Certificate to import IOS MDM Certificate, as shown below:

Enabled		
VPN Address: https:// 10.111.111.2	: 441 🕔	
Check for App Usage Every: 30 (1-1440) m	inutes 📵	
MDM Certificate		
Import MDM Certificate		
MDM certificate must be uploaded, or else iOS	device cannot register.	
ß		
0.5		

**1.** If SSL is deployed in internal network, then port 441 should be mapped to SSL on public network devices.

2. IOS MDM certificate must be imported, otherwise IOS device can not be registered successfully.

Step 4: Navigate to SSL VPN > Policy Sets to enter the Policy Set Management page. Click Add > Policy Set to enter the Add Policy Set page. Click EMM, select Allow mobile device to register, and select default policy for Android device or for iOS device correspondingly, as shown below.

Name:			*				
Description:			]				
olicy Option	16						
οιεγ οριιοι	15						
	count Options	Remote Application	Cloud Storage	EMN			
	mobile device	U (16) (1	Cloud Storage	EMN			
MDM Polic	mobile device	U (16) (1		EMN			
MDM Polic	mobile device cy MDM Policy:	to register	id device		3		
MDM Polic Android	mobile device cy MDM Policy:	to register Default policy for Andro	id device	51	3		

Step 5: Navigate to SSL VPN > Users to enter the Local Users page. Click Add > Group to enter the Add User Group page. Associate policy sets for user or user group under Policy Set, as

shown below:

Policy Set:	Default policy set	>>

Step 6: When you use mobile endpoints to log in to SSL through EC, your registration information will be submitted automatically and you will get logged in.

# **Configuring Firewall Rule**

### **Configuring LAN<->VPN Filter Rules**

### Background:

- The branch (172.16.1.0/24) has established VPN connection with the Headquarters.
- There is a server (192.168.10.20) located at Headquarters, providing Web service and SQL SERVER service.

#### **Purpose:**

- Only the IP range 172.16.1.100-172.16.1.200 on the LAN subnet of the branch can access the Web service provided by the server 192.168.10.20.
- IP range 172.16.1.100-172.16.1.200 cannot access the SQL Server service provided by the same server 192.168.10.20.

To achieve the expected purposes:

1. Navigate to **Firewall > Services** to define the SQL Server service.

Name:	SQL			•Tips
	ТСР	UDP	ICMP	Others
	1433			
Protocol:				
	@ Port	Port:	1433	Add

2. Navigate to **Firewall > IP Group** to define two IP groups, as shown below:

		•Tips
Name:	Branch IP	
IP Group:	172.16.1.100-172.16.1.200	
	C IP Start IP: 172.16.1.100	

Name:	Server IP	
IP Group:	192.168.10.20	
		Add
	☞ IP IP: 192.168.10.20 ○ IP Range	Add

3. Configure the filter rule for Web service, as shown below:

Rule Name:	Web	
	allow access to Web service	-
Description:		
Direction:	• VPN->LAN C LAN->VPN	*
Action:	Allow     C Deny	
Service:	http	
Src IP:	Branch IP	
Dst IP:	Server IP	* *
Valid Time:	All week	
	☞ Enable rule   「 Archive logs	

4. Configure the filter rule for SQL Server service, as shown below:

Rule Name:	SQL	
	deny access to SQL	3
Description:		
Direction:	🖲 VPN->LAN 🔷 LAN->VPN	
Action:	C Allow 🗭 Deny	
Service:	SQL	
Src IP:	Branch IP	
Dst IP:	Server IP	
Valid Time:	All week	
	🔽 Enable rule 🛛 🔽 Archive logs	



To implement control over HQ employees' access to other services provided by the branch or over branch employees' Internet access through HQ, configure the corresponding filter rules to filter data sent between two interfaces.

## **Adding SNAT Rule**

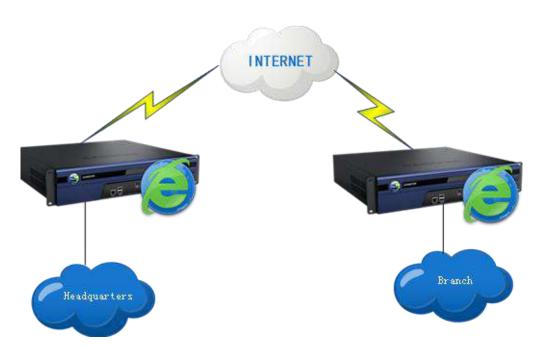
### **Background:**

- The Sangfor device located at Headquarters is deployed in Route mode.
- The branch has established VPN connection with the Headquarters.

#### **Purpose:**

Configure a SNAT rule on the Sangfor device located at headquarters, so that users from branch (172.16.10.0/24) can access Internet after connecting to Headquarters through VPN connection.

### Network Topology:



To achieve the expected purpose:

1. Navigate to Firewall > NAT > SNAT Rule, and click Add to enter the Edit DNAT Rule page, as shown below:

Source	No.		
From Interface:	and the second sec		
Subnet:	172.16.10.0		
Netmask:	255.255.255.0		
Destination			
Interface	WAN		
Line:	All lines 🗸		
Subnet:	0.0.0	×	
Netmask:	0.0.0		
Prompt:	0.0.0.0		
	means any IP a	ddress	
Translate Src To			
Interface	e IP		
O Specifie			
		1	

## **Adding DNAT Rule**

### **Background:**

There is a LAN server (IP address: 192.168.10.20) providing Web service through the port 80.

#### Purpose:

Configure a DNAT rule to publish the Web service to the Internet on port 80, so that Internet users can access the Web service.

To achieve the expected purpose:

1. Click Add to enter the Edit DNAT Rule page, as shown below:

Source	33	-22		
Interface	WAN 🔽	3		
Line;	Line 1 🗸	•		
Subnet:	0.0.0.0			
Netmask:	0.0.0.0		1	
Prompt:				
	means a	ny IP ad	dress	
Protocol:	tcp 💊	2		
Destination IP:	58.251.13	.8		
Destination Port:	80			
Translated Dat	a Packet			
I	nterface:	LAN	-	
	ation IP:	Co.C.832	10.20	1
Destina	tion Port:	80	×	
EnabledFire	wall will le	et matchi	ng packet	s pass
Destina	tion Port:	80	×	2

- 2. Configure the DNAT rule as shown in the figure above.
- 3. Click the **Save** buttons to save the settings.

After the above configurations are saved, Internet users can access the Web service by accessing the WAN interface of the Sangfor device.



To have the LAN server accessed by Internet users through configuring DNAT rules on the Sangfor device, the Sangfor device must act as gateway of the LAN computers or router to external network; otherwise, the DNAT rule will not work.

# **Typical Case Study**

### **Required Environment**

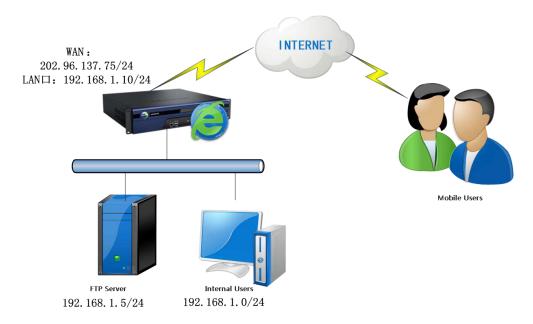
#### **Background:**

Sangfor device is deployed in Gateway mode and connected to Internet directly.

#### **Purpose:**

Mobile employees can access internal FTP server over SSL VPN and log in to SSL VPN automatically after their mobile device starts up.

#### **Network Topology**:



Configuration steps:

- 1. Deploy and connect related device as shown in the above network topology.
- 2. Create SSL VPN user and the resource which will be accessed by mobile users
- 3. Configure Sangfor device to enable user to log in SSL VPN automatically after mobile device starts up

# **Configuring Sangfor Device**

1. Turn on the PC and Sangfor device. Use Ethernet cable to connect LAN interface (ETH0) of the device to the internal network(LAN). Add an IP address on the PC, an IP address that

resides in the network segment **10.254.254.X** (for instance, 10.254.254.100) with subnet mask **255.255.255.0**, as shown below:

eneral	
	ed automatically if your network supports need to ask your network administrator
🔘 Obtain an IP address auto	omatically
Output See the following IP address of the second secon	255:
IP address:	102 . 254 . 254 . 253
Subnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:	ar 24 14
Obtain DNS server addres	ss automatically
O Use the following DNS ser	ver addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	15 32° 4
🕅 Validate settings upon ex	it Advanced

 Open the IE browser and enter the SSL VPN address and HTTPS port (<u>https://10.254.254.254.254.4430</u>) into the address bar. Press Enter key to visit the login page to SSL VPN administrator Web console, as shown below:

	③ 中文   English
Giobal Service Centre: +60 12711 7129 (7511) Malaysia: 1700 817 071  SSLVPN Rapid, Secure & Simple & Simple  https://www.youtube.com/Sargfor/Technologias	Username Password
Follow us on Facebook Get more information about Sampfor events, products, etc https://www.facebook.com/Sampfor	Log In Version

3. Navigate to **System > Network > Deployment**, select Gateway as **Deployment Mode** and configure LAN interface, as shown below:

Deployment					marked * are require
Mode: (	) Single-Arm (	🖲 Gateway			
WAN and LAN	interfaces need to be	e configured.			
Internal Interfac					
			DMZ:		
			2	10.10.2.88	
LAN:		*	DMZ:		

Internet line will be displayed under **External Interfaces** section and click corresponding line to configure it, as shown in the figure below:

ine Type:	Ethernet (	) PPPo	E)		
Ethernet Se	ettings				
Obtain IP	and DNS server us	ing DH	CP		
2					
• Use the IF	P address and DNS	server	below		
	10			1	
IP Address:	202.96.137.75		Preferred DNS:	202.96.134.133	
	255.255.255.0	-	NAME OF TAXABLE	1222222322	
Netmask:			Alternate DNS:	202.96.128.166	
Netmask:				Traca.	_
Default	202.96.137.1	×	MTUL		
	202.96.137.1	×	MTU:	1500	
Default	202.96.137.1	x	MTU:	1500	
Default Gateway:	202.96.137.1	×	MTU:	1500	

4. Add a SNAT rule on the **Firewall > NAT > SNAT Rule** page, as shown below:

Source	1.441		
From Interface:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Subnet:	192.168.1.0		
Netmask:	255.255.255.0		
Destination			
Interface	WAN 🗸		
Line:	All lines 🗸		
Subnet:	0.0.0.0		
Netmask:	0.0.0.0		
Prompt:	0.0.0.0		
	means any I	P address	
Franslate Src To			
Interface	e IP		
O Specifie	d IP		
-			

5. Go to System > SSL VPN Options > General > Login page to specify HTTP port and HTTPS port and configure WebAgent, as shown below:

Login	Client Optio	ns Virtual IP Pool	Local DNS	SSO	Resource Opt	tions
	gin Port					
	HTTPS Port:	5443	Edit	]		
	🖌 нттр	80				
	PPTP/ Connec	L2TP O Prohibit PPTF tion:	P/L2TP incom	iing conne	ction	
		O Permit PPTP	incoming cor	nection		
		Permit L2TP connection	incoming		d IPSec VPN w uotation mark	rill be unavailable. Shared key can not k)
		L2TP Shared	Secret: ****	••	Ŷ	

V Enable \	VebAgent for dynamic I	P support		
🔾 Add	🤤 Delete 📓 Edit 🔌	Fest Connectivity 📓	vlodify PWD ổ Ref	resh
U w	bAgent			

- Port 443 is default HTTPS port. If it is modified, you need to append it following the URL of Sangfor device when accessing SSL login page. Do not modify it unless necessary.
- If Sangfor device has no fixed public IP address, you can use WebAgent to discover IP address.
- 6. Go to **System > SSL VPN Options > General > Client Options** page to configure related options for this scenario, as shown in the figure below:

Login	Client Options	Virtual IP Pool Local DNS SSO Resource Options
l' d	ient Options	
	🗌 Enable system tr	ау
	✓ Password can be	remembered
	Allow automatic l	ogin
	Allow being online always	<ul> <li>(once disconnected, it will attempt to reconnect again and again; suitable for endpoint watched by no one)</li> </ul>
	✔ Auto install TCP :	and L3VPN components
	Show host addres	ss for TCP/L3VPN resource
		s the moment user logs in using SSL VPN Client
	If Client Software In:	staller is not installed, or user fails to pass user-level endpoint security check,
	Web service i	
	Install Client Softwar	re Installer when required
	Automatically	Č.
	() Manually	
	Floating toolbar of W	
	O Show up	*

7. Go to SSL VPN > Users > Local Users and click Add > User to add a user named test1, as shown below:

Basic Attributes	•			F	Fields marked * a	re required
Name:	test1	*	Certificate/USB Key:	none		
Description:		1		Generate Cert	Import Certificate	Create USB K
ocal Password:		1	Virtual IP Assignment:	Automatic	O Specified	0.0.0
Confirm:	•••••	74	Expire	Never	On date	20-03-26
lobile Number:		1	Status	🖲 Enabled	Olisabled	
Added To:	/ 9	1	Offline Access	Offline access	is not enabled in	policy set
	☐ Inherit parent group's a ☐ Inherit policy set ☐ Inherit authenticatio					
Authentication	Settings					
User Type: 🔿	Public user  Private user					
- Primary Auth	entication		Secondary Authentica	ation	14 A 2	

8. Add a TCP app, named FTP, on **SSL VPN > Resources** page, as shown below:

Basic Attributes		101101101101101101101101101101101101101	Fields marked * are require
Name:	FTP	*	
Description:			
Type:	FTP (port/pasv mode)	*	
Address:	192.168.1.5/21:21	0	
		(100)	
Program Path:		Browse	
	Path could be absolute path ar	nd environment va	riable (e.g., %windir%)
Added To:			
Icon:	ICO		
	Contraction of the		
	✓ Enable resource		

- 9. Go to SSL VPN > Roles > Role Management page to create a role and associate it with the user test1 created in step 7 and the TCP resource created in step 8(for detailed guide, refer to Adding Role in Chapter 4).
- 10. Click Save to save all the changes and click **Apply** button to apply the settings.
- 11. After user test1 logs in to SSL VPN, he/she will see the following resource page:

<b>e</b>	1 P	[test1] <u>Settings Log O</u>
Resource Group List	Default group	
Default group 🕨	• <u>FIP</u>	

To access FTP server, click on the FTP link.

12. Right-click on VPN client logo and click **System Settings** and select related options, as shown below:

Preferences Start	Resource Path	
	Use USB key to log in	
Log in	Remember password	
	Resource page does not pop up upon lo	igin
Proxy Opt	ions I Use IE proxy settings	
	Username:	
	Password:	
Other		
14	Create desktop shortcut	

13. Click **Save** to save the changes.

# **Appendix A: End Users Accessing SSL VPN**

This section introduces how end users configure browser and log in to SSL VPN.

# **Required Environment**

- End user's computer can connect to the Internet.
- No security assistant software is installed on the computer, because this kind of software may influence the use of SSL VPN.
- Any mainstream browser is installed on the computer, such as, Internet Explorer (IE), Opera, Firefox, Sarafi, Chrome, etc.



- Operating systems should be 32bit/64bit Windows XP/2003/Vista/Win7, 32bit Linux Ubuntu 11.04/RedHat 5.2/RedFlag/Fedora 13/SUSE 11.2, or Mac OS X Leopard(10.5)/Snow Leopard(10.6)/Lion(10.7).
- SSL VPN client is available on iPhone and Android mobile phones.

# **Configuring Browser and Accessing SSL VPN**

## **Configuring Browser**

The following configuration takes Windows XP IE browser for example. Screenshots may vary with different operating systems.

1. Launch the IE browser and go to **Tools** > **Internet Options** to configure the IE browser, as shown in the figure below:

<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites	Tools <u>H</u> elp		
🚖 Favorites 🛛 🍰 🚺 Sugges	Delete Browsing History InPrivate Browsing Reopen Last Browsing Session	Ctrl+Shift+Del Ctrl+Shift+P	
- 	InPrivate Filtering InPrivate Filtering <u>S</u> ettings	Ctrl+Shift+F	
	Pop-up Blocker		N
	Smar <u>t</u> Screen Filter Manage <u>A</u> dd-ons		
	Compatibility <u>V</u> iew Compati <u>bi</u> lity View Settings		
	Subscribe to this <u>F</u> eed F <u>e</u> ed Discovery Windows <u>U</u> pdate		È;
	Developer Tools	F12	
	Internet Options		

2. Click Advanced tab. Find the Security item and select the checkboxes next to Use SSL 2.0, and Use TLS 1.0, as shown in the figure below:

General	Security	Privacy	Content	Connections	Programs	Advance
Setting	s					
4	Empty Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Enable Use S Use S Use T Use T Use T Use T	r Tempora = DOM Sto = Integrat = memory = native X = SmartSc = Strict P3 SL 2.0 SL 2.0 SL 3.0 LS 1.0 LS 1.1 LS 1.2	ry Internet orage ed Window protection MLHTTP su reen Filter P Validation		on* e online atta	20.53
*Ta	kes effect	after you	restart you	r computer		
Reset I	nternet Ex	plorer set	tings	Restore	advanced s	ettings
cond	lition.		1996 - 1997 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 - 1998 -	to their default vser is in an un	( Kesi	)

3. Enter the SSL VPN address into the address bar of the browser and visit the login page to SSL VPN.

4. When you visit the login page, a security alert may appear, requiring installation of security certificate, as shown in the figure below:



5. Click the **View Certificate** button to complete installing the root certificate if this is the first time you log in to SSL VPN administrator Web console. The information of the root certificate is as shown below:

lertifica	te		? 🛛
General	Details	Certification Path	
inst	CA Roo	îcate Information t certificate is not trusted. To en etificate in the Trusted Root Ce	
		to: asf	
		<b>by:</b> asf	
	¥alid fr	om 10/16/2011 to 10/11/2031	
,		Install Certificate	Issuer Statement
			ОК

6. Click the **Install Certificate** button and use the **Certificate Import Wizard** to import the root certificate, as shown in the figure below:

ificate Import Wizard	
ertificate Store Certificate stores are system area	s where certificates are kept.
Windows can automatically select (	a certificate store, or you can specify a location for
O Automatically select the cert	tificate store based on the type of certificate
💽 Place all certificates in the fo	ollowing store
Certificate store:	
	Browse
	<pre> &lt; Back Next &gt; Can</pre>

7. Select a directory to store the certificate and click the **Next** button. After confirming the settings and clicking the **Finish** button, another warning pops up asking whether to install the certificate, as shown in the figure below:

Security	Warning
⚠	You are about to install a certificate from a certification authority (CA) daming to represent: as!
	Wholows cannot validate that the certificate is actually from "asf". You should confirm its origin by contacting "asf". The following number will assist you in this process: Thumbprint (sha1): 1647E7F3 1897C141 D004861F 009D92E7 2E480982
	Warning: If you instal this root certificate, Windows will automatically trust any certificate issued by this CA. Installing a certificate with an unconfirmed thumbprint is a security risk. If you click "Yes" you advowledge this risk.
	Do you want to install this certificate?

8. Click the **Yes** button to ignore the warning and the root certificate will be installed, as shown in the figure below:



Generally, root certificate is required to be installed when you logs in to the SSL VPN for the first time. Once root certificate is installed, you need only click the **Yes** button next time when logging in and see the security alert.

## Using Account to Log In to SSL VPN

If root certificate has been installed, user can visit the login page to the SSL VPN. The login page is as shown in the figure below:

SL VPN		
	t NZq	
Other Login Methods:	Use USB Key	
		Log In Other Login Methods:

- 1. Enter and submit the required credentials through the login page. The following are the contents included on the login page:
  - Username, Password: Enter the username and password of the SSL VPN account to connecting to the SSL VPN.
  - Verification: Enter the word on the picture. Word verification feature adds security to SSL VPN access and could be enabled by administrator manually, or activated automatically when brute-force login attempt is detected.
  - Use Certificate: A login method that enables user to use certificate to go through the user authentication. The certificate should have been imported to the IE browser manually.
  - Use USB Key: A login method that enables user to use USB key to go through the user authentication. There are two types of USB keys, one type has driver and the other type is driver free.



User using USB key to get authenticated may need to install the USB key driver. For detailed guide, please refer to the SSL VPN Users section in Chapter 4.

2. Once user passes the required primary and secondary authentications, he/she will enter the **Resource** page, as shown in the figure below:

SANGFOR		http://www.example.com.cn	Go I
Resource Group	🔥 To avoid data leakage risk, you'd better not sav	e account on public device.	
Default group	All subnet L3VPN resources		
TestGrp			
IntGrp	test_sso_res	Туре:НТТР	
📕 qmx-test-group	-		
RemoteApp	Financial System	Type:HTTP	
	OA Office System	Туре:Нттр	

3. All the resources or groups associated with the connecting user will be displayed on the **Resource** page. Click on any of the links to access the corresponding resource.

For Web application resources, user can access them simply by clicking on the resource link.

For C/S applications that cannot be accessed through browser, user can start the SSL VPN Client program (under **Start > Programs > SSL VPN Client**) and access the application by entering IP address of the server, as if user's PC resides in the enterprise network.

4. TCP and L3VPN components will be installed automatically when user accesses associated TCP resource or L3VPN resource.

	Wekome a   Settings   Optimization   Log Out
web17	Туренттр
tcp20	Тура:НПР
Lavpn	Тура:НТТР
le	Type:REMOTEAPD

- 5. To log out of the SSL VPN, click **Log Out** at the upper right of the page. Once user logs out, he/she cannot access the internal resources any more.
- 6. To modify password of the SSL VPN account, click **Settings** at the upper right of the page to enter the **User Account** page, as shown in the figure below:

Password: ***** [Modify] Description: [Modify]	Jser Account	Username: si	
Description: [Modify]		Password: *****	[Modify]
		Description:	[Modify]

As shown above, the current password is followed by **Modify**. Click it to enter the **Modify Password** page, as shown below:

Current:		
New:		
Confirm:		



- If user keeps inactive for a long time during SSL VPN access, without performing any
  operation or accessing any resource, user will be disconnected and log out automatically.
- The contents shown in **Settings** are related with SSL VPN configurations. Those contents will be taken valid.

## Using USB Key to Log In to SSL VPN

User login using USB key is a bit different from that using account.

Main differences are the login process and login page. User should perform the following:

- 1. Launch the browser and visit the login page to the SSL VPN.
- 2. Insert the USB key into the USB port of the computer.
- 3. Select other login method **Use USB Key** to enter the next page that asks for PIN of the USB key.
- 4. Enter PIN of the USB key and login process completes.
- 5. To modify PIN of the USB key, click **Settings** at the upper right of the **Resource** page to enter **User Account** page, as shown below:

Welcome <b>sangfor</b>	User Account		
User Account	Username:	sangfor	
	Password;	****	[Modify]
Login Options	Description:		[Modify]
	PIN:	****	[Modify]

Click **Modify** to enter the **Edit USB Key PIN** page, enter the current PIN and the new PIN and click the **Save** button, as shown below:

Current PIN:		
New PIN:		
	(case-sensitive,4-16 characters)	
Confirm PIN:		
	Save Cancel	

### Using VPN Client to Log In SSL VPN

SSL VPN client components will be installed automatically when user logs in SSL VPN through IE browser. On System > SSL VPN Options > Client Options page, you can enable client software installer to be installed automatically or manually when required. If Manually corresponding to the Install Client Software Installer when required option is selected on the Sangfor device, the following page will pop up when user logs in VPN, as shown below:

Favoritation and a stand Sites The Standard Sites	
tiveX	
to install the following add-on	
Install This Add-on for A	-
What's the Risk?	
Information Bar Help	
TO SILA THEX CONTROLS	
InstantiveA controls	-

Click **Download Add-on**, a dialog appears, as shown below:

Do	you want to run or save install.exe (13.5 MB) from 200.200.75.240?				×	1
۲	This type of file could harm your computer.	Run	Save	•	Cancel	ĺ

To install it, click Run. You will see the following installation page.

Extract: SuperExeInstaller.exe	
Show details	

After software installer is installed, navigate to **Start** > **Programs** and you will see the following directory, as shown below:



# Ö

Please terminate firewall and antivirus software when installing client software installer; otherwise, the client will fail to be installed.

1. Click **Start EasyConnect** to open the SSL VPN client window, as shown below:

Easy Connect	
Address:	· •
Proxy Settings	Connect Cancel

2. Enter the address of SSL VPN and click **Connect**, the following dialog appears.

2	isy Connect	
Account Certifi	cate USB-KEY	
Address:	https://200.200.75.240	
Username:	1	
Password:		
	🔲 Remember me 🔲 Auto login	

• For authentication based on username and password, select Account. The Account tab is as

shown in the figure below:

EasyConnect		
🥌 Ea	sy Connect	
Account Certifi	cate USB-KEY	
Address:	https://200.200.75.240	
Username:	1	
Password:		
	🕅 Remember me 🔲 Auto logi	n
	50 S.C.	
	Anonymous Log In	Log In Back

User can select **Remember me** and **Auto login** options if required, then he/she does not need to enter these information upon next login. The two options are available only when they are enabled on the device(for details, refer to Client Options in Chapter 3).

• For authentication based on certificate, select **Certificate**. The **Certificate** tab is as shown in the figure below:

📕 EasyConnect	1		
🧲 Ea	isy Connect		
Account Certifi	cate USB-KEY		
Address:	https://200.200.75.240		Import
Cert User:	[Auto login		impon
		Log In	Back

• For authentication based on USB key, select USB Key. The USB-KEY tab is as shown below:

Account Cer	tificate USB-KEY
Address:	https://200.200.75.240
PIN:	
	Please insert a valid USB key
	Download USB Key Driver

To create SSL VPN user, refer to Adding User in Chapter 4.

3. Select an authentication method as per your case. After logging in, a prompt dialog appears, as shown below:



If system tray is enabled when configuring Client Options on Sangfor device, the VPN client logo will be shown on the lower-right corner of the desktop. Put the cursor on it, you can see the connection status and VPN flow speed, as shown below:



To view VPN connection status and configure VPN-related settings , right-click on the **System Tray** icon and you will see the following floating window, as shown below

	Connection History Message
Z	Personal Setup System Settings
	Show Resource
ŝ	Exit

# **Appendix B: Sangfor Firmware Updater 6.0**

Sangfor Firmware Updater 6.0 is intended to update version and restore configurations of any Sangfor device, IAM, SSL VPN, WANO, AD. Compared to the previous version 5.0, Firmware Updater v6.0 is improved on the following:

1. Simplified update process

Firmware Updater v6.0 works as an update wizard, support **online update** feature that helps search for updates and analyze versions of available updates for the connected Sangfor device in the local area network.

Using online update method to update Sangfor device, network administrators need not handle some troubles such as preparing Sangfor device, checking current version of their Sangfor device, downloading update package, etc., but only choose an available version and click buttons.

In addition to online update, administrators can browse and upload an existing package from the computer to update the Sangfor device manually or restore the configurations if the configuration is backed up previously.

2. The program file that can launch **Sangfor Firmware Updater** is included in a compressed file and available once the compressed file is decompressed, without being installed on the computer.

## **Updating Your Sangfor Device**

- 1. Download the SANGFOR-Updater6.0.zip file from the Sangfor official website.
- 2. Double-click the executive file **SANGFOR Firmware Updater.exe**, and then specify or search for the Sangfor device that you want to connect to and update, as shown below:

	ware Updater - Device Disconnected	
IP Address: Password:	10.111.111.2 	▼ <u>S</u> earch
Options		Connect

The following are the contents included on the above page:

- **IP Address:** Enter the LAN interface IP address of the Sangfor device that you want to connect to and update. IP:Port format is supported.
- Password: Enter the password for connecting to the Sangfor device specified above. The default password is dlanrecover (case-sensitive), or password of the default administrator account (Admin or admin) for connecting to the administrator console.
- Remember password: Select this option to remember the password so that the password need not be entered once again when you connect to this device via Sangfor Firmware Updater next time.
- Search: Click this button to search for Sangfor devices in the local area network. If any Sangfor device is found, it will be displayed on Select Device page, as shown below:

No.	IP Address	
1	10.111.111.5	
1 2	10.111.111.8	-
3 4	10.111.111.14	
4	10.252.252.252	
5	200.200.151.2	
Refres	h	8 device(s)
		K Cancel

3. Click the **Options** button to configure **Package Deletion** option and network related settings, as shown below:

View	baded package(s) for future use
Vetwork Options	
Update Server:	Auto-Select
the second second second	ng the HTTP proxy server below
IP Address:	
Port:	
🔽 Require auth	ientication
Username:	

The following are the contents included on the **Options** page:

 Preserve downloaded package(s) for future use: Select this option and the previously downloaded packages (in Download folder) will be preserved and can be used for future update or configuration restoring.

To open **Download** folder and view the downloaded package(s), click the **View** button.

To delete all the downloaded packages in **Download** folder, click the **Clear** button.

- Update Server: Select an update server, Shenzhen or Shanghai, which will always be used to get updates, or select Auto-Select to have the system select update server every time. This option only works when update method is online update.
- Get updates using the HTTP proxy server below: To specify a HTTP proxy server to get updates for the connected Sangfor device, select this option and enter the IP address and port of the HTTP proxy server in the IP Address and Port fields respectively.
- **Require authentication:** To have the HTTP proxy server require authentication, select this option and enter the username and password into the **Username** and **Password** fields respectively.
- 4. Click the **Connect** button to connect to the specified Sangfor device and select **Online update** method or **Load package from Disk**, as shown in the figure below:

Sangfor Firmware Updater - 10.111.111.2	
Current Device	
Version: M6.8	
IP Address: 10.111.111.2	
Update Method	
© Load package from Disk	Browse
Disconnect	[ <u>N</u> ext

Under **Current Device** are the version information (e.g., **M5.2** of SSL VPN) and IP address (e.g., **10.111.111.2**) of the currently connected Sangfor device.

Under Update Method are two options, Online update and Load package from Disk. The former is the previously mentioned feature that can automatically get updates for the connected Sangfor device, and the latter enables administrator to choose a package to update the current device or restore the configurations on the current Sangfor device with those contained in the chosen package.



Currently, online update only supports update of version SSL M5.0 and above. For update of lower versions and other series of Sangfor devices, please select the update method Load package from Disk.

- 5. Search for newer version and download update package, or load package.
  - Select new version and download package. It happens when method is **Online update**.
    - a. Click the **Select** button and the firmware updater will check for updates. After updates checking and analyzing, the available and updatable version(s) are displayed on the **Select Version** page, as shown in the figure below:

Version	Released	Size	Download	Updat	Why Not Allow
M5.2	2011-11-02	23.86 MB	No	Yes	0
<					j j
ips: The o atest. To u		test version, c	omplete this upo		1 newer version ons which may not b version above and

- b. Select the checkbox next to a version and click the **OK** button to close this page.
- c. Click the **Next** button to download package of the selected version. The download process is as shown in the figure below:

Sangfor Firm	ware Updater - 10.111.111.2	
🤤 SAI	NGFOR	
Current Device		
Version:	M5.2	
IP Address:	10.111.111.2	
Package Downlo	ad	
Version:	M5.2	
State:	Downloading	
Progress:	Downloaded 9.74 MB of 23.86 MB, Speed: 6.72 MB/s.	
	Pause	
	ĺ	<u>C</u> ancel

To stop downloading the package, click the **Pause** button which will then turn to a **Resume** button.

To cancel downloading the package, click the Cancel button.

d. While package download is completed, click the **Next** button to confirm version information and update the current device, as shown in the figure below:

Current Device	
Version:	M5.2
IP Address:	10.111.111.2
Package Downl	oad
Version:	M5.2
State:	Completed
Progress:	Completed. Time taken: 4 seconds

Load update package. It happens when update method is Load package from Disk. Browse a package from local PC, click the **Open** button and **Next** button, as shown below:

Sangfor Firmware Updat	Open			2
CANCERD .	Look in: 🙆	) package	- O 🕈	12
	CLUSTER1.4_FOR_SSLM5.3EN(20120223).ssu DLAN4.32_for_M5.3(20111219).ssu			
Current Device Version: M5.2 IP Address: 10,111,111	SSL5.3(20111202).ssu     SSL5.3EN_(20120225 B).ssu     SSL5.35_(20120222).ssu			
Update Method	File pame:	SSL5.3EN_(20120225 B).ssu	1	Open
Select.	Files of type: Sangfor UpdatePackage Files (".ssu;".cssu)			Cancel
Load package from Disk		Open as read-only		
		Browse		
Disconnect			a 📄	

6. Confirm the update information and click the **Update** button to update the current Sangfor device, as shown in the figure below:

Confirm Upda	e		δ
From Version:			
M5.2			
To Version:			
M5.3EN			
Update Tips:			
Software u Package r	h this package requires de ograde license must be va leased: 2012-02-25 date from official version M	slid.	e default cor
<			>
		Update	Cancel



- For online update, it is required that the computer connected to Sangfor device can access Internet.
- Please DO NOT cancel updating during the update process. Otherwise, the current device will meet unexpected error.
- Sangfor device can only be updated to a newer version from lower version. Cross-version update is not supported.
- Update operation has potential risk for misoperation will damage the device. Do not perform update by yourself. If necessary, contact Custom Service.